ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

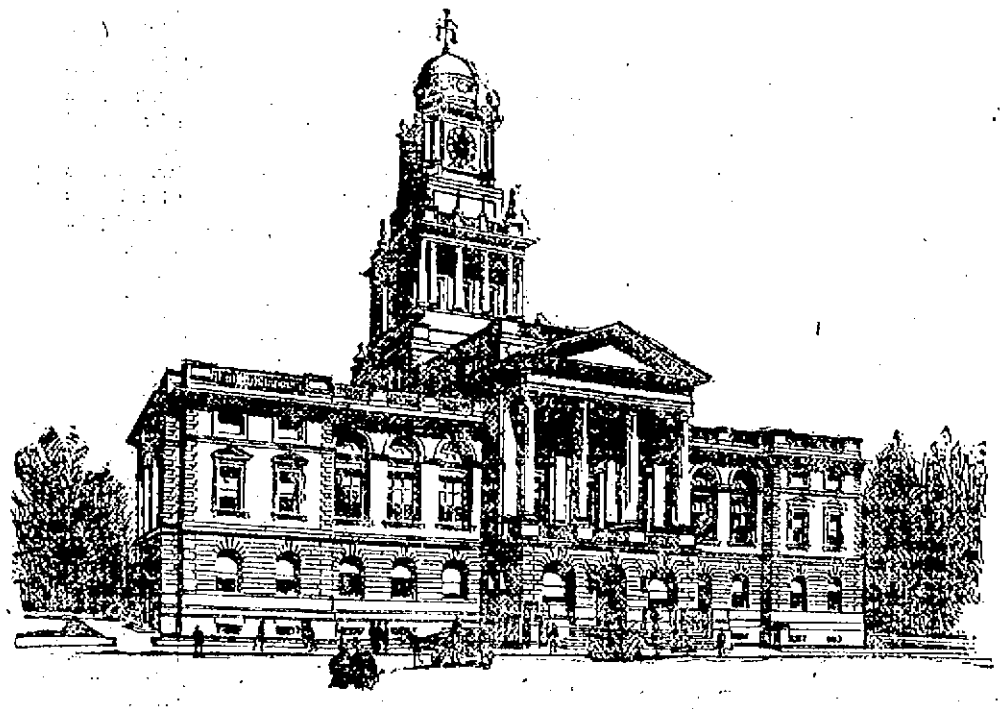
The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT



THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE FORMALLY DEDICATED YESTERDAY.

RELIEF ARRIVES

With 250 Sick Soldiers at Boston.

PRIVATE MARSHAL OF THE NINTH ABOARD,

But Cillow and McNulty Are Not There.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 13.—The hospital ship Relief with about 250 sick soldiers arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning from Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point. The vessel docked at Lewis' wharf.

The journey from Montauk to the Hub was without incident and the staff is which is composed of Surgeon-in-Chief Charles with eight assistants and a hospital corps of 25, in charge of Steward Jackson Maraden and McKee, had an easy time.

There was no typhoid fever case on board and only ten cases where the men had to be carried to land in stretchers. The men are all recovering from typhoid malarial and other camp life ailments in a tropical climate.

The following are the Massachusetts men:

Walter Bryan, Co. I, Ninth Infantry; Guy T. Lawson, Second Regiment; Martin Phillips, Co. K, Ninth; Michael A. Driscoll, Co. H., Ninth; C. H. Baker, Co. F, Second; Charles Holroyd, Co. F, Ninth; W. H. Marshall, Ninth.

Owing to the Relief not stopping at quarantine there was considerable confusion and delay. Arrangements had been made whereby the volunteer aid society whose headquarters are in this city, should be notified by the quarantine officials, but as the vessel arrived several hours before it was expected and did not touch at quarantine, the state authorities were not notified until the ship was tied up at the wharf. The work of debarkation was not commenced until 9.40 o'clock.

Gov. Wolcott, accompanied by Adjutant General Dalton, arrived shortly after 10 o'clock.

The following men were taken from the vessel on stretchers and sent in ambulances to the city hospital:

Arthur Messenger, Company C, Third Infantry; Frank Macomber, Sixth Cavalry; Jacob Weizer, Company E, Seventh regiment; Thomas Jones, Company A, First regiment, D. C.; W. D. Ingleman, Troop H, Ninth Cavalry; H. A. Cantrell, Twentysecond Infantry Chas. H. Baker, Company F, Second Mass; Andrew Kirkpatrick, Twentieth Infantry; J. H. Marshall, Ninth Mass.

The hospital ship Relief is a three-decker and has five hospital wards with an aggregate number of cots amounting to 200.

The work of debarkation when begun was carried on swiftly and was viewed only by those directly interested and a number of reporters. At the head of the wharf, a platoon of 25 policemen under command of Sergeant Sheehan kept the thousands of spectators clear of the wharf.

Miss Cora Partridge of Melrose Highlands who has been the guest of her friend, Miss Viola Wilson of 628 School street, this city, has returned home.

FELL DISASTER

Follows the Gold Hunters of Yukon.

MANY PROSPECTORS WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN

While Wrecked Vessels Lie on Beach.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Washn., Sept. 13.—W. C. Strong, who has arrived here from St. Michael's on the steamer Garronne, says that the Garronne sighted considerable wreckage west of Unamik Pass. The wreckage appeared to be that of a schooner, but no marks of identification were found. Mr. Strong says Kotzebue Sound has proven to be another source of disappointment. Misfortune has been the lot of a large number of prospectors who were lured to that section by stories of its golden wealth. Parties just from there report a most distressing condition of affairs. Not one dollar's worth of gold has been found and hundreds of men are on the beach waiting an opportunity to get away. Nearly as many more are working their way to the beach to secure transportation out. Four thousand dollars worth of supplies are piled on the beach and offered for sale, but purchasers cannot be found. There are several small schooners in the sound which will soon sail, bringing all they can accommodate. It is thought that gold exists at the headwaters of the stream emptying into Kotzebue South, but these streams are not navigable for canoes and the mountains are almost impassable. One or two expeditions are organized to reach the headwaters of the streams, but will go up the Kokukuk river and cross the dividing snow this winter. Among the arrivals from St. Michael's is a party consisting of W. H. Buckingham, J. F. Benson, E. E. Melkley of Canton, Ohio. This party took a forty foot steamlaunch to St. Michael's, to be used in the transportation of their supplies up the Yukon and also in prospecting various streams.

On August 18, just before they were to start up the river, a severe storm visited St. Michael's wrecking the craft which together with their outfit, went to the bottom, compelling the party to return. The same storm wrecked several other small craft and a huge wave carried a large sternwheel steamer belonging to a Pacific company high and dry on the beach.

STEAMER JESSIE LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—E. B. Wishar, who arrived here today from St. Michael's, Alaska, brings confirmation of the previously published report of the loss of the steamer Jessie at the mouth of the Kuskowill river in July with 18 lives. The news was brought to St. Michael's by a trader named Ling who said that only one Indian survived. The bodies of Captain Murphy and Rev. Fr. Welsh had been washed ashore.

The passengers of the Jessie were members of the Columbia Exploration company. Rev. Fr. Welsh had been taken aboard to pilot the party up the Kuskowill. The Jessie had in tow the barge Minerva, which was washed ashore.

TRIAL OF CASES

Begun in Superior Court This Morning.

JUDGE SHERMAN PRESIDES OVER THE SESSION.

Cowley-O'Connell Case Was Continued.

At the opening of court this morning Judge Sherman of Lawrence was on the bench. Quite a large gathering of attorneys and spectators was present and more expressions of disappointment were heard. The acoustic properties of the court room are miserable.

At the opening, Lawyers Cowley and Courtney began the arguments in Lawyer Cowley's motion to strike the case of Cowley vs. O'Connell from the list this term. This is a libel case that has been in the court for some time. Mr. O'Connell instructed his counsel to request trial at once. Judge Sherman suggested that the several Cowley vs. O'Connell cases might be tried together but he struck the first case from the calendar and reserved his ruling in the other.

The first jury was impanelled this morning as follows: John Addun, assessor, Reading, foreman; John J. Morse, cooper, Townsend; Bowman G. Gale, painter, Groton; Jacob L. Burtt, farmer, Tewksbury; William R. Fowle, poultry dealer, Chelmsford; Horace B. Lang, carpenter, Lowell; Hiram E. Gates, farmer, Acton; Fred E. Pollard, carpenter, Dracut; Patrick B. Monahan, teamster, Lowell; Merrick A. Stone, retired, Reading; Reuben A. Sherburne, farmer, Tyngsboro.

The first case was an action of tort to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been received by a dog bite.

The plaintiff in the case is one Lewis who sues in behalf of his son, Henry L. Lewis, who was bitten in the face, it is alleged, by a vicious dog owned by Michael Mulkerin, the defendant. Thirteen witnesses for the plaintiff were sworn, a majority of them, including the plaintiff, colored persons, and the case promises to take up the entire day's session. All parties in the case are from Somerville.

THE ECONOMICAL

SHOE BUYER

Is the one that sees to it

First—that the shoes are of good quality.

Second—that they are fairly priced.

That the shoes we sell are of good quality, knowing ones will not doubt; that they are fairly priced, even competitors will admit.

YOUTHS' SCHOOL SHOES.

69c. for Little Gents' Spring Heel, satin calf bal., sizes 8 to 13 1-2.

75c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bals, sizes 11 to 2.

99c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bal, warranted extra solid, sizes 11 to 2.

$1.23 for Youths' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.23 for Youths' Box Calf, heels and spring heels.

$1.49 for Youths' Box Calf, London and bull dog toe.

$1.49 for Youths' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

89c. for Boys' Tap Sole Bal.

99c. for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and opera toe.

$1.23 for Boys' Double Sole Bal, warranted solid.

$1.23 for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Never Rip Double Sole Grain Bal.

$1.73 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

$1.98 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles, extra heavy.

$1.73, $1.98 and $2.50 for Boys' Genuine Box Calf, three soles, bal.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET.

MANY ARE SICK

Co. M. Men Now Yielding to the Fever.

SOME OF THE CASES ARE SERIOUS.

Soldiers Should Have Gone to the Hospital.

The fever is striking the boys of the Ninth who have returned to this city. Dr. Harrington who is attending many of them, made the following report last night:

Henry W. Whitney, feverish, but doing well at his home, 38 Albion street; Anson G. Thurston, B street, very sick with malarial fever; Private McKenna, Court street, high fever; Ralph E. Black, 18 Rock street, symptoms of typhoid fever; Private Patterson Woodbury street, better last night; Richard Yarnold, B street, very sick with typhoid fever; Frank Yarnold, much improved.

Perhaps the most serious case of all is that of Duncan V. Bowers, Lawrence street. Dr. E. J. Welch, who is attending him, says that Bowers is suffering from typhoid fever and may not be out for weeks.

Anson G. Thurston was apparently a well man when he returned home last week, but a few days ago he was seized with a chill and the doctor says that now he is in bad shape. Private McKenna of Court street is also very ill.

James Brennan, Bridge street, and William Coleman, 213 Middlesex street, are able to be out and about. Coleman reached home on Labor Day, accompanied by his mother, who had gone on to Montauk to nurse him back to health. He has lost between 30 and 40 pounds but says he is feeling much improved.

Corp. Laing, who has been on the streets too much for his own good, went to Boston yesterday and got the overcoat sent with others from Camp Alger to the East armory. It will not be surprising to hear of Laing having a relapse if he is not more prudent. Leon Sarre is doing finely.

Corp. Blakeley has at last given in to sickness and yesterday could not see visitors | His illness is not at all serious.

"Bob" Meers of Tewksbury Centre has returned to his home after having seen some tough service in Porto Rico with the hospital corps. "Bob" is suffering with rheumatism and malaria, while as an additional souvenir of his trip to Porto Rico he carries a scar made by a Mauser bullet.

Private Elmer E. Crowell of the Ninth Mass., is one of the patients at the hospital. He belongs in Lowell, Mass., and is a member of Wamesit lodge, K. of P. in that city. His lodge has kept good watch over him and the attention of the local lodges has been called to his case, so that he may receive the care and attention which is his due. He is very sick, but has a private room and skillful nursing. He said last night that he felt much better than when he arrived.—Bridgeport (Conn.) Evening Post.

LATEST DEATHS.

OF NEW ENGLAND SOLDIERS AS REPORTED.

Following are latest deaths of New England soldiers:

Bakke, Jacob, Co. B, 8th U. S. Infantry, at City hospital, Boston.

Cook, George O., Co. D, 8th Massachusetts, at home, Dorchester.

Foley, Patrick J., Co. E, 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Gleason, George W., Co. L, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Gottford, Bernard, Co. G, 16th U. S. Infantry, at Rhode Island hospital, Providence.

Hanphy, James, Co. L, 1st Maine, at Eye and Ear Infirmary, Portland.

Hosmer, Ralph P., corporal, Co. I, 9th Massachusetts at Utuado, Porto Rico.

John, Ralph S., Torrey's Rough Riders, at Regimental hospital, Jacksonville, Fla.

Kelly, James H., Co. D, 9th Massachusetts, at St. Peter's hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.

McTiernan, James F., Co. G, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Montgomery, William J., Co. H., 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Stewart, Peter L., Co. D, 1st Rhode Island at St. Joseph's hospital, Lancaster, Penn.

HISTORY OF SIXTH REGIMENT.

Dennis J. Nawn of the Union Market has received a letter from Private Albert F. Nealey of Co. C, Sixth Regiment. It is dated at Utuado, Porto Rico, Aug 28, and from it the following extracts are taken:

I have been promoted to second cook and Eddie Young is head cook, so there is no fear of starving. Tomorrow all of the sick will be sent home and we will soon follow after them.

Yesterday one of the fellows in the Sixth Illinois shot himself in the head, the bullet tearing half his head off. He was despondent.

Here is the history of the Sixth Regiment up to date:

Camp Dewey, May 6 to May 20.
Camp Alger, May 23 to July 5.
Charleston, S. C., July 7 and 8
On board U. S. S Yale, July 8 to 25
Landed at Guanica, July 25.
First battle at Yauco, 4 a. m., July 26.
Twelve mile march from Yauco to Talabora, July 30.

DANGEROUS RUNAWAY.

A horse belonging to a light wagon, standing at the corner of Palmer and Market streets, became frightened this morning and ran away. Turning into Palmer street from Market street the wagon tipped and both shafts were broken. Two sticks of dynamite which were in the team were thrown to the pavement. The animal's career was checked by the overturning of the wagon. The outfit belongs to J. F. Robarge of Chelmsford.

PRES. McKINLEY

Congratulates Otis Allen of This City

UPON THE OBSERVANCE OF HIS 90TH. BIRTHDAY.

Our Esteemed Fellow Citizen Highly Honored.

Many friends called at the home of venerable Otis Allen, 945 Middlesex street, yesterday to tender him their congratulations on the occasion of his 90th birthday. Mr. Allen was assisted in receiving by his son, Major Thomas O. Allen, his wife, their son, Otis Allen, 2nd, and a niece, Miss Louise Allen of West Chelmsford, Miss Jennie Allen, and Miss Louise, daughter of Hon. Charles H. Allen, another son, who assisted in the dining room where the Page company served a delightful spread. Mrs. Jacob Nichols, sister of the late Mrs. Allen, was also present.

Assistant Secretary Allen was unable to be present, but sent a filial letter of regret.

A feature of the occasion was the receipt from President McKinley of a kind note of congratulation which read as follows:

Executive Mansion,
Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.

Mr. Otis Allen:

Dear Sir—I heartily congratulate you on having reached your 90th birthday. I wish you all good things.

Wm. McKinley.

Another feature was the appearance of two other other nonagenarians to greet Mr. Allen in the persons of Isaac Cooper, aged 92, and James S. Russell, 91.

Among others who called during the reception hours were: Mayor James W. Bennett, ex-Mayor Sewall G. Mack, a veteran in years himself; Dr. Thos. G. Gerrish, J. W. B. Shaw, Stephen C. Davis, Sidney Davis, J. U. Gage, A. D. Putter and wife, S. G. Parker and daughter, Miss Lera Parker, Rev. Dr. J. M. Greene of the Eliot Congregational church (Mr Allen's pastor), and daughter, Solon W. Stevens, Esq., J. Tyler Stevens, and wife, Frank S. Pevey and wife, Mrs. Wm. Nichols, Miss Beard of the city library, Major G. Perkins, Deacon Wm. Benner, Chas. E. Adams, Capt. J. G. Hill, Treasurer Wm. A. Eastman of the Lowell Hosiery and wife, Mr Holden, Jacob Baron, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wheelock, Albert Wheeler, ex-Councilman Frank Gray, W. H. Worcester, Mr. and Mrs Lorenzo Phelps and Miss Lizzie Morrison.

Among those from the large box shop were J. Barlow Thomas, the business manager; J. G. Merchant, the engineer for many years, and Messrs. Johnson and Peterson, one of whom has been in the employ of Mr. Allen about 30 years.

NEW CHARTER.

WANTED BY THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 13.—The city council has adopted a resolution providing for a commission of nine members to prepare an entirely new form of government for the city of Chicago. It is the initial step for a consolidation of the town, city and county governments. The resolution after reciting the evils growing out of the present justice system, makes a general complaint of the present charter of Chicago as being behind the needs of the city. Six of the members of the commission are to be appointed by the mayor and the other three by the county commissioners.

MISS HARD'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

Is thoroughly up to date. Reporting style taught as soon as rudiments are acquired. Isaac Pitman system. All-finger method of typewriting. All machines used. Hildreth Building.

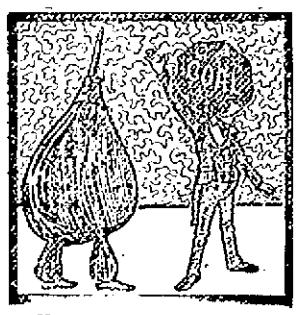
FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 4 qt. Porcelain Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. cl, 624-2.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.
C. J. Gilldden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier



You Won't Need Bellows

To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.

D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

OTIS ALLEN, Who Observed His 90th Birthday Yesterday.

ANARCAY IS RIFE

Manifesto Issued in Milan by the Leaders.

PRISONER SHOUTED DEATH TO THE KING.

Riots Feared as Result of Episode.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rome, Sept. 13.—An anarchistic manifesto, signed by "the revolutionary committee" has been distributed in Milan during the past few days. The police yesterday arrested an Italian who was engaged in distributing the manifesto. The prisoner, who had just arrived from Switzerland, when he was seized, shouted "Long live anarchy. Death to the King." Some of the people in the crowd present at the time of the arrest interfered with the police officers who made the arrest and several persons were injured on both sides before the anarchist was lodged in the police depot.

The newspapers here remark that the recent riots at Milan commenced in a similar manner.

TRUNK MYSTERY

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 13.—The trunk, the missing portion of the dismembered body of the supposed murdered woman, found on the Mud flats here last night, was found this morning at the same place the other parts of the body were discovered at.

SINGER BURIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 3.—The remains of the Marchesa D'Alligri (Blanche Roosevelt) the American singer and novelist, whose death was announced on Saturday last, were buried this morning in Bromley cemetery. Burial was private.

Putnam & Son

MOST MEN

Who wear good clothes will find our new suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. as satisfactory as those from the merchant tailor.

Like the tailor, we make these suits to fit, when alterations are necessary.

Fall suits from Rogers, Peet & Co., patterns that you'll not find in any other "ready made," stock, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00.

Fall Top Coats.

Dark colors in medium length.

Light colors in Coverts and Venetians, $4.00, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 up to $20.00.

BLACK AND BLUE

SERGE SUITS

Single and double breasted, rough faced and smooth. Coats silk faced or plain, $8.00, $10.00 up to $22.00 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

An Important Fact

We forgot to mention in connection with this sale, is that there is a large quantity of goods bought before the dissolution of the firm for the fall trade, which are now coming in every day.

ALL OF IT TO BE SACRIFICED LIKE THE REST.

See the fine Golden Oak Chamber Set, just come in. The regular price would have been $60.00; sale price $42.50.

A fine Mahogany finished Set, regular $47.50, sale price $35.00.

A solid Oak Set, regular $35.00, sale price $25.00. And a good Hard Wood Set for $12.50 at the Great Dissolution of Partnership Sale.

A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s

16 Merrimack Street?

THE STREET WORK

Committee Disposes of Considerable Business.

IT WAS VOTED TO PAVE BRIDGE STREET.

No Walk for the Parker Driveway.

There was a meeting of the street committee last night, at which considerable business was disposed of.

Alderman Derby's motion that the superintendent be instructed to lay out a gravel driveway in the J. M. G. Parker estate to take the place of the concrete walk destroyed by the extension of Beech street was defeated.

It was voted to recommend a sidewalk in Powell street. Hastings street having been covered with gravel and rolled, petitioners for macadam were given leave to withdraw.

A communication was received from Daniel Gage, calling attention to the condition of a part of Pawtucket street. Attention has been called to it for several years and there has always been a remonstrance to paving. Referred to Councilman Kennedy.

A petition for the paving or macadamizing of Mammoth road was read and Mr. Howe moved that smooth paving be used from Fourth to Eighth avenue. A motion that such a recommendation be made to the city council caused Mr. Peirce to inquire where the money was coming from.

Mr. Howe did not know, but he said that he wanted something done for the street if possible.

Mr. Kennedy did not think that the department could afford to do the work.

Upon motion of Mr. Derby the matter was referred to Supt. Cheney for an estimate. Several petitions were laid upon the table including one to pave with smooth paving a portion of Market street.

The old petition for the paving of Pollard, Kirk, and Geranium avenues was left without action. The avenues are private passageways.

Mr. Howe asked to have New Moody street macadamized as had been voted early in the year. It was stated that Supt. Cheney intended to do the work at an early date.

Messrs. Kennefly and Beaulieu were appointed a committee to look into a claim of James G. Donovan in Wilder street.

The request of Councilman Fagan for a crossing somewhere was referred to Supt. Cheney.

Mr. Howe moved that any surplus earth that might come from the extension of Beech street be dumped upon the J. M. G. Parker estate.

This reopened the question of building a new driveway concerning which, said Mr. Derby, action had once been taken, though nobody remembered it.

Mr. Howe's motion was lost.

Mr. Derby moved that the superintendent be instructed to repave Bridge street from the square to Central bridge. He said that he understood that there would be a petition for the removal of some more of the trees in the street. The motion was passed.

The hearings were voted for Sept. 26.

A HANDKERCHIEF SALE.

J. V. Keyes & Co. are having their annual handkerchief sale. Some special bargains in all linen at 10 and 12½ cents for both ladies and gents. Also a nice line for the little ones at 5 cents each. —J. V. Keyes and Co.

RAILROAD EMPLOYES

ARE ENJOYING AN OUTING TODAY.

The employes of the Lynn & Boston electric road came to this city on a special electric car this morning. They had a bugler with them and as they passed through the Square they cheered loudly. They went to Mountain Rock grove where they will play ball. Then they had a dinner at noon and afterwards boarded their car and went to Glen Forest. They will return to this city and if they get back in time will go for a sail up the Merrimack.

About fifty employes of the Lowell & Suburban road went on an outing to Salisbury beach this morning. They had a special car, gaily decorated.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.
{SEAL.} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BEAUTY IS ONLY SKIN DEEP.

But a beautiful skin cannot exist unless the blood be pure. Every woman can bring to her cheeks the rosy and delicate hues of youth by taking Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow color. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25 cents.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

TUXEDO
Washing Powder
comes in the only
Full
pound packages
(16 ozs. not 12)
on the market
for 5 Cts.

THE DREYFUS CASE

Precipitates a Row in French Cabinet.

PROBABILITY THAT CERTAIN MEMBERS WILL RESIGN.

More Trouble Before the Matter Is Settled.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The Rappel and the Matin today say that at yesterday's cabinet council the minister for war, Gen. Zurlinden, explained his reasons for opposing a revision of the Dreyfus case. Premier Brisson and Minister of Education Bourgeois, these papers add, urged Gen. Zurlinden to change his determination but the president, M. Faure sided with the minister of war. An excited discussion followed and the council was adjourned until the afternoon, when calmness was restored. M. Bourgeois then pointed out the consequences of the crisis and further discussion of the matter was adjourned until Saturday next.

The newspapers here are unanimous in expressing the opinion that the situation is serious. They say that temporizing will only delay the decision which, if favorable, to a revision of the case, will cause the resignation of Gen. Zurlinden and which, if hostile, will lead to a withdrawal from the cabinet of M. Brisson and will result in a general crisis.

It is rumored that in view of the possible resignation of Gen. Zurlinden M. Brisson has sounded Gen. Brugere, who, it is said, is disposed to accept the portfolio.

DEATHS.

BENSON—Annie May Benson, daughter of Andrew and Isabella Benson, died Sunday in Billerica, aged 19 years.

CROWLEY—Mary Crowley, a former resident of this city, died Sunday at her home, 138 Chelsea street, Charlestown. The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

LITTLE—Mrs. Helen H. Little, aged 63 years, died Sunday at St. John's hospital. Deceased was the wife of George W. Little of Plymouth, N. H., to which place the remains will be sent for burial.

MARRIOTT—Mrs. John Marriott of this city died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Wall, South Boston. The remains will be forwarded to this city for burial.

JAMESON—John Jameson, infant son of William Jameson of Chicopee Falls, died yesterday at he residence of David Campbell, 1320 Gorham street.

ARMSLEY—Mary L. Armsley, died Sunday at her home in Dracut, aged 43 years.

COURSER—Mrs. Mary Courser, aged 86 years, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her nephew, William Fury, 4 Forest View avenue. Funeral will be held tomorrow morning. Mass will be celebrated at St. Michael's church.

FUNERALS.

COGGINS—The funeral of Miss Martha Coggins took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home in Tewksbury. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Mr. Whiting officiating. Appropriate musical selections were rendered effectively by a quartette. Interment was in the Tewksbury cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. Bert. Marshall, J. K. Knowlton, P. Fairgraves and H. P. Dinsmore.

There were many floral pieces, among which were: Sickle and a wreath from the Tewksbury grange; lyre from Y.P.S.C.E. of the Congregational church, anchor from the church, anchor from Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Tingley, basket from the primary department of the Congregational Sunday school, spray of roses from Mr. and Mrs. Lee, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Leonard, wreath from Congregational Sunday school, basket from Spaulding family, spray of flowers from Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Chandler, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Dinsmore.

NEWSPAPER BOAT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 3.—The Norwegian steamer Albis, of the Munson Line, has just arrived from Nuevitas, en route to Galveston. She brings the crew and correspondents from the newspaper despatch boat Panapaha, which was totally wrecked off Nuevitas on September 5. All on board the despatch boat were saved.

Hood's Pills
Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organism in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

YELLOW FEVER

Has Been Discovered in Ponce.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Ponce, Island of Porto Rico, Sept. 11 (Delayed in transmission)—The U. S. army surgeons here believe there has been a general case of yellow fever at this camp. Charles Miner, a private of the Nineteenth Infantry, died on Friday and the symptoms pointed to yellow fever, but it was not until the autopsy was held yesterday that the surgeons pronounced it yellow fever. They are so confident that they are correct that Brigadier General Henry reported the case to General Brooke at San Juan.

The Spanish steamer Alfonso XIII, which arrived here this morning from Barcelona with mail and passengers, and which brought instructions to the Spanish commanders here, also had on board instructions for the Spanish Cuban Evacuation Commission. She proceeded to Havana this afternoon.

The report of a hurricane at the island of Barbadoes has delayed the sailing of the Spanish warships for Spain. All our ships on this station are safe in the harbors. The monitors are at Guanica and the Cincinnati and New Orleans are here.

General Henry's report made to Gen. Brooke yesterday on the condition of the troops on the south side of the island shows that there are 1,553 sick out of a total of 11,000, the highest percentage yet recorded. Gen. Ernst's brigade, consisting of the First Kentucky, the Third Wisconsin and the Sixteenth Pennsylvania, average 27 per cent. But half of the six hundred cases are diarrhoea and 58 are cases of typhoid fever. In Gen. Swan's brigade there are 180 sick; the First Volunteer Engineers have 49 sick; Gen. Grant's brigade, 130 sick; Battery M of the Seventeenth Artillery, 28 sick; Battery A of the Sixth Artillery, 59; Troop C of the Second Cavalry, 11 sick. There is almost no sickness in Battery B of the Fifth Artillery, Battery C of the First Artillery and the First Battalion of Engineers.

Although the percentage of sick is high, a large proportion of the cases are not serious and the death rate is low. Typhoid fever is decreasing and there is no occasion for alarm.

MOB LYNCHED HIM

Old "Ben" Jones Assaulted a Young Girl.

CROWD BROKE INTO THE COUNTY JAIL.

Took Jones Out and Hanged Him.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Liberty, Mo., Sept. 12.—Benjamin Jones, a gray haired man 68 years old, has been taken from the Clay county jail by a mob of about 75 men and lynched. Jones committed an assault on Annie Montgomery, an 11-year-old girl, and confessed his guilt just as he was hanged. On Sunday Jones got Mrs. John Montgomery's permission to take her little girl to the local fair. They spent the day there, starting home in a buggy at 7.30 in the evening. The assault was made on the way home. When the child arrived home, she told her parents of the brute's deed. Physicians who were called reported her condition such that she could not live.

The father spread the news and Constable C. Roberts soon located Jones near his home. An angry crowd gathered quickly and it was with difficulty that Roberts managed to get Jones to jail.

Much indignation was expressed all day yesterday and there were rumors that Jones would be lynched.

All day long crowds of horsemen came in from all directions and at a late hour last night the command was given to surround the court house. This was done and the main body of the crowd pushed into the yard, through the hall and to a cell in the northwest wing of the building. Part of the mob had already gathered there.

It was quick work, however, to get the doors open and there was a rush in the jail.

The lynchers soon came out with a rope about the old man's neck. He was begging for his life, but no heed was paid to his appeals. He was led out in the hallway to the front entrance.

"Hang him right here," shouted one of the masked men.

A few minutes was spent deciding the matted, but the end of the rope had already gone over an iron beam of the porch. The old man stood trembling and groaning. "Have you anything to say?" were the gruff words of the leader. "I was drunk when I did it, oh, I was drunk," came the reply. The command to swing him up was given. There was a quick jerk on the one half of the rope and the body was given a swing out into the air from the top step. The job was finished and the crowd melted away quietly. Jones had served a term of two years in the Missouri penitentiary for forgery. He has been travelling lately in Kansas and Oklahoma selling medicines.

GREAT TREASURE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 12.—The steamer Rosalie has arrived here from Skaguay, Alaska, with sixty passengers from Dawson, who brought about half a million dollars in gold dust and drafts. Wm. Stanley of this city had about $1600 in drafts. The eight hundred pounds of gold upon which they were issued, was shipped down the river to St. Michael's.

FORMER LOWELL MAN.

WEDS A PHILADELPHIA LADY.

Mr. John J. Kennedy, cashier of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, of Norristown, Pa., and Miss Lily Payne Stone of Philadelphia, were married in that city Wednesday afternoon at the church of the Nativity, B.V.M., at 5 o'clock by Rev. Fr. McDevitt. Miss Marie Gannon acted as bridesmaid and Mr. C. J. Murphy was best man. Mr. Kennedy was a former resident of Lowell where he attended the Immaculate Conception school during the years 1880 '83.

A SOLDIER BURIED

Private Charles H. McAleer Laid at Rest.

BUGLER OF THE NINTH SOUNDED "TAPS."

A Volley Fired Over the Grave.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newton, Mass., Sept. 12.—The funeral of Private Charles H. McAleer, Company C, Ninth Mass. regiment, who died Friday at the Boston City hospital, a few days after the return from Montauk on the ill-fated steamer Lewiston, took place this morning from the church of Our Lady.

McAleer served with his regiment through the Santiago campaign, only to return home to die of fever.

Solemn high requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Gilfeather.

The interment was at the Waverly cemetery, Watertown. The bugler of the Ninth, who has followed the regiment throughout the service sounded "Taps" over the open grave, and a detail from the Ninth fired a volley over the last resting place of the soldier.

McAleer's is the first death to be recorded among those who enlisted from this city.

STEAMER FOUNDERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 12—A big steamer in all probabilities an iron ore carrier, has foundered in Lake Superior off the Apostle Islands in the recent gale.

The captain of the steamer, Robert L. Fryer, reports having passed through considerable wreckage when two miles below Outer Island and on the straight course between Eagle Island and Double Island Sunday. The wreckage consisted of hatch covers, of which there were 21 in sight, and much other light woodwork, all parts of a steamer. There were no marks on the wreckage to identify it.

Those terrible dizzy spells to which women are subject are due nine times in ten to some weakness or unhealthy condition of the distinctly feminine organism. The average doctor in general practice does not half realize this. He prescribes some superficial treatment for headache or dyspepsia or liver trouble without suspecting the real cause of the difficulty.

A woman usually understands what is the trouble but is loath to undergo the mortifying and generally useless "examinations" and "local applications" on which the local practitioner is almost sure to insist. But there is a far more sensible alternative: Any woman, afflicted with a delicate weakness of this nature should seek the aid of that marvelous "Favorite Prescription" invented by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y.

In any case so obstinate as not to be promptly cured by this great "Prescription" special advice for inexpensive home-treatment adapted to the individual case, will be sent by Dr. Pierce to any one who will address him by mail. All letters are treated with the strictest privacy and never printed except by the writer's special request. Cases intrusted to his care are in the hands of one who has a lifetime's experience and who stands among the most eminent of living specialists in this particular field of practice.

Every woman should possess a copy of Dr. Pierce's famous thousand-page illustrated volume, the Common Sense Medical Adviser which has had a larger sale than any medical book in any language. A paper-bound copy will be sent *absolutely free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps *to pay the cost of mailing only*. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., or send 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy. A whole medical library in one 1000-page volume.

SHOT THEM BOTH

Charles Hamilton Fired on Two Young Society People

BOTH OF THEM WERE SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Posse Searching for the Would-be Murderer.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buckner, Mo., Sept. 12.—Charles Hamilton, a prominent young man of Buckner, rode up behind Mary Charlton and John Martin, young society people of that town, as they were returning home on a country road at midnight and without apparent reason shot and wounded both. The first bullet struck Miss Charlton in the back, causing her to fall to the ground. A second bullet hit Martin in the shoulder and caused him to drop the reins. The horses took fright and galloped off, Hamilton sending a few stray bullets after it. The wounds received by Miss Charlton and Martin are not considered dangerous. Hamilton was arrested but soon released by his uncle who is a constable. When the affair became known, considerable feeling was aroused and a posse is searching for the would-be murderer. No motive for the shooting is known. Miss Charlton is the daughter of a wealthy farmer and Martin is the son of Postmaster Martin of Buckner.

MURDERED BY THIEVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Niles, Mich., Sept. 12.—Joseph and Morton H. Marshall of Otsego, who went to Alaska last February, have been murdered by thieves. A letter received from a friend of the men states that their bodies were found in their mining shanty on Copper river.

SHOT AN IMMUNE.

By Associated Press to The Su

Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.—Edward A. Callahan a private in the First U. S. Volunteers (immunes) was shot and killed last night, and his companion, Jack Elliott, a civilian, was wounded in the abdomen by Harry Owens, a supernumerary policeman, who gave himself up. Owens says he attempted to arrest the men, who were beating a little boy. The immunes were paid off yesterday and most of them were down town celebrating.

FORTY-SEVEN SICK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manchester, N. H., Sept. 2.—Forty-seven sick New Hampshire soldiers remain in the hospitals of Manchester, four having been discharged since Sunday afternoon. Those discharged this morning were Privates W. E. Clark of Keene and Leander Guernsey of Lincoln. All the remainder are regarded out of immediate danger.

JUDGE COOLEY DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 12.—Judge Thomas M. Cooley, an authority on legislative law and former member of the interstate commission, died early today at his home. Three months ago he returned from a private sanitarium at Flint, Mich., where he had been treated chiefly for mental weakness. He was then so much improved in mental health that he was able to recognize acquaintances. He realized his weak physical condition and his failing mental abilities and often expressed a wish that death would come. Several weeks ago he relapsed into a comatose condition. His demise has been expected for weeks past.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Greenfield, Mass., Sept. 12.—On a formal complaint made by deputy sheriff Smead before Judge Lyman in the police court here today, Melville N. Hamilton, was charged with the murder of Patrick Toomey last Sunday night. The hearing was postponed until Friday morning. The complaint of murder was made in order that it might be sufficiently broad to cover all the points in the case.

Toomeys death resulted from a pistol wound inflicted during a quarrel.

NO MEETING HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Sept. 12.—The U. S. Cuban Evacuation commissioners will not hold a meeting today. At 8 o'clock this morning, General Butler, two members of his staff, and a doctor landed at Machina wharf and went for a carriage ride through the streets of Havana taking photos of public buildings, etc.

At 9.40, Col. Clous, accompanied by Col. Hart, the interpreter, visited Senor Montera, the secretary of the treasury bearing a sealed document referring to the next meeting of the commissioners and other details. For the present the communications between the commissioners are exchanged in writing.

ANOTHER NINTH MAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

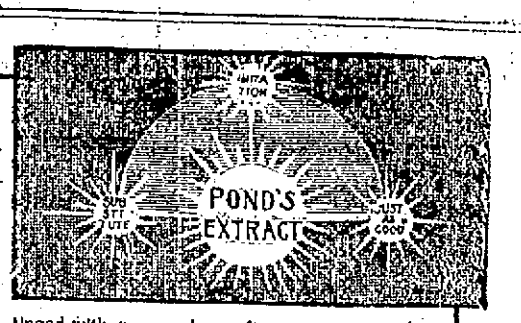
South Framingham, Mass., Sept. 12.—Word was received here this morning that Corporal George Gleason, Company L, Ninth Mass. regiment, U. S. V., had died in the hospital at Montauk, shortly after midnight. Gleason was a prominent amateur athlete and was one of the principal men in the Framingham High school football team last year. He was 20 years old.

PROBABLY A MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 12.—The arm and hand of a woman who was probably not over 25 years old, has been found in Lake Merritt by two girls who were strolling along the shore at Eighth street, and taken in connection with the recent discovery by some boys of the woman's head floating in the bay near Berkeley, this ghastly find strongly points to the committing of a murder as yet undetected. The head was not recovered but the arm is now in possession of the coroner who will make a searching investigation. The arm was broken off at the elbow apparently by violence.

Mock Suns



Bright lights, tinged with many colors, often appear near the sun. But these mock suns are never mistaken for the real article. When a substitute for POND'S EXTRACT is offered you, kindly remember the application. Pond's Extract is manufactured and bottled solely by the POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, at their own factory. It relieves all pain. It cures Sunburn, Chafing, Mosquito Bites, and Bruises.

THE FIFTH BODY

Was Taken From the Ruins This Morning.

THE REMAINS WERE VERY BADLY CHARRED.

Other People Are Reported Missing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—Five persons are known to have lost their lives as a result of the gasoline explosion which occurred last night at Fifteenth and South streets. The fifth body, that of a woman supposed to be Rebecca Schattenstein, aged 19 years, a daughter of the proprietor of the store where the explosion occurred, was taken from the ruins at 10 o'clock this morning. The remains were so badly charred that identification was practically impossible. It is believed that at least half a dozen bodies are yet in the ruins. Three children who were playing in the yard of the building where the explosion occurred, are thought to have been killed. There has been no report of missing persons to the police department, but this is accounted for by the fact that the destroyed buildings were tenemented mainly by foreigners who are ignorant of police arrangements in such cases.

COL. WHITNEY INJURED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 12.—Private Wm. J. Mull, Company D, 201st New York regiment, died suddenly today of heart disease; he came to camp last night with his regiment.

Col. Glenn today assumed command of the brigade composed of the 11th Pennsylvania, Third Connecticut, and 202nd New York.

The 202nd New York and the Fifth Mass. regiments arrived in camp today. Col. Whitney, of the Fifth Mass. fell from his horse today and broke a bone in his foot.

Col. Richards of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania battalion, has been ordered to move his command to New York tomorrow to take the boat on Wednesday for Porto Rico.

IMPROVEMENTS AT WIKOFF

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Surgeon-General Sternberg has received a telegram from Col. Forwood, in charge of the medical commission at Camp Wikoff, Montauk, respecting the improvements being made at that place, which says that the few patients remaining there temporarily under treatment will be perfectly comfortable in the altered wards now being prepared. These wards will accommodate 60 patients each and four will be more than enough. The Shinnecock took away about three hundred patients Sunday, the Relief will take 300 today and the Shinnecock will be ready for 300 more on Tuesday.

FIFTH MASS REGT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 12.—The Fifth Mass. Volunteers left Jersey City this morning in four sections over the Pennsylvania railroad for Camp Meade at Middletown, Pa. They arrived from Mott Haven on ferry boats at 2 a. m. The first section got away in about half an hour and the last left at 6 a. m. There were 1,220 men and 42 officers. All were well. The regiment expects to form part of the army of occupation in Cuba.

HELD IN $10,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bristol, R. I., Sept. 12.—In the fifth district court this morning before Judge O. L. Bosworth, Wm. Connery was charged with killing Antonio Ricoso, August 31, with a stone. Connery pleaded not guilty and was held in $10,000 for trial next Monday. Bail was furnished by James Tobin and A. P. Neronx.

IN POLICE COURT

Earle Gets a Heavy Sentence for Highway Robbery.

WILLIAM LEMAY HELD ON CHARGE OF ASSAULT.

Several Sentences Imposed for Drunkenness.

The cool weather had but little good effect and the number of drunks in the dock this morning was as large as at the usual Monday session. There were 27 all told. Nine were women and not one escaped without either a payment of a fine or a sentence.

Not a lawyer was inside the rail on account of the dedication exercises of the new court house.

Ten $5 fines and several $1 fines were imposed for drunkenness. Three were Sunday offenders.

The case of William Earle and Thomas Dever, charged with larceny of a watch from the person of John Carey, occupied a large portion of the session. The plaintiff identified the defendants as the men who had robbed him of his watch, stating that one put his hand over his (Carey's) mouth while the other broke the chain in taking the watch from his pocket. Both made off with the stolen article and a pawnbroker testified that he advanced Earle $1 on it later in the same day. In reviewing the case, Judge Hadley read the list of crimes of which Earle had been found guilty and sentenced him to one year in jail. In 1880 Earle started his criminal career as a stubborn child and since then he has been in for various crimes and was repeatedly sentenced. Dever was continued until tomorrow.

The case of Amizo R. Wade for vagrancy was a particularly sad one. Wade was born in Lowell, but because of the times he could find no work and in consequence he was forced to live like a wild man in the woods in the suburbs of the city and to beg from door to door for food. In sentencing him to the workhouse for a term of eight months, the court remarked that it would be a home for him which he was sadly in need of.

William Scanlon, while drunk, assaulted an unknown. He was fined $5 for each offence. Frank Lyons being guilty of drunkenness and assault and battery was also fined $5 for each count.

William Lemay, who, it is alleged, feloniously assaulted a respectable French woman on Dutton street, was held in $400 for the superior court. For his first offence against the drunk law he was fined $1. Officers "Red" Welch, Curran and Gadley were called to the block on Dutton street at the corner of Hayden by the cries of the plaintiff who then charged Lemay with entering her room. The officers immediately took Lemay into custody. It appears that the defendant and plaintiff reside in the same block and the former has made several proposals at different times to the latter, which were refused. Lemay is a married man and the plaintiff is a widow.

The sentences for intoxication were distributed as follows: Hiram Gove, 6 months, workhouse; Rose E. Wall, 2 months, jail; Henry Monahan, 4 months, workhouse; Ann Meloy, 3 months, workhouse; Patrick Ledwick, 3 months, jail.

John Farley, larceny, three months in jail.

POST MORTEM EXAMINATION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 12.—The post mortem examination of the remains of the late Empress of Austria who was assassinated on Saturday last by an Italian anarchist, whose name has been variously given as Luccheni, Luchesi, and Luigini, has revealed the fact that the weapon completely transfixed the heart, penetrating three and one-third inches and making a wound one sixth of an inch wide. The fact that Her Majesty walked fifty yards is ascribed to her remarkable will power and natural energy.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Every Mother should have it in the house for colds, coughs, colic, croup, cholera morbus. For bites, burns, bruises, sprains or strains this is the sovereign cure. All who use it are amazed at its power and praise it ever after. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every muscular soreness everywhere, whether internal or external, and in nine cases in ten speedily relieves and cures. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment was originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned Family Physician, to cure all ailments accompanied with irritation and inflammation.

The Real Danger from every known ailment of mankind is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you have conquered the disease in each case. Inflammation is manifested outwardly by redness, swelling and heat; inwardly by congestion of the blood vessels, growth of unsound tissue, fever, pain and disease. The vital organs form one complete plan mutually dependent; therefore inflammation anywhere is felt more or less everywhere, and impairs the general good health of any person.

INFLAMMATION
External inflammation accompanies bruises, bites, stings, burns, scalds, chaps, cracks, strains, sprains, fractures, &c., and is the chief danger therefrom. Internal inflammation frequently causes outward swellings; as instances familiar to all we mention pimples, toothache, stiff joints and rheumatism. Yet the great majority of internal inflammations make no outside show, for which reason they are often more dangerous; as for example: pneumonia, peritonitis, appendicitis, etc. For full information about all inflammatory diseases, send for our book INFLAMMATION and Care of Sick Room, sent free by mail. J. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A LOST OPPORTUNITY.

SPAIN:—O, if I'd only stood in with you Alger;
YOU could annihilate your whole army!

SERGEANT ASPIN

Returned With Co. M. Recruits Last Saturday.

HIS INTERESTING STORY OF THEIR EXPERIENCE.

He Tells About the Long March.

Sergt. Aspin, who was with the Company M recruits down South, returned home Saturday night and tells the following interesting story:

The sergeant says: "We marched all the way from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap just for exercise. Of course, we might have had train accommodations, but marching was thought to be conducive to our health so the entire division turned out for the long tramp. The first day was fearfully hot and when we got to the place of pitching tents, one of the Michigan men fell dead. He was a big strapping fellow.

"In this march Lieut. Henley of Company K, Clinton, who was in this city as a recruiting officer two months ago, was prostrated by the heat. He did not get a furlough until we reached Middleton.

"From Burke station we walked to Bull Run, a distance of 12 miles. Here everybody turned out to hunt for relics, of which there were many. Capt. Ducas of the 22d Kansas dug into the grave of a confederate soldier and was caught and court-martialled. Five years was his sentence, I heard later.

"Manassas was our next station, 12 miles away and from there we went to Thoroughfare Gap, where we remained a couple of weeks. There were many moonshiners in this vicinity and the boys went out looking for them. The whiskey manufactured by the moonshiners was of a very poor quality and many of the fellows couldn't drink it.

"On the march from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap considerable foraging was done. At night the boys would turn out and rob orchards, kill cows and clean out farm houses. It was all done on the quiet so that no arrests were made.

"At Thoroughfare Gap, a board of survey was organized for the purpose of going back over the road and ascertaining the amount of damage done to farmers by the soldiers. When they have completed their work a report will be sent into the war department and the farmers will be reimbursed.

"From Thoroughfare Gap we took the train to Camp Meade, Middleton. We found it an excellent site for a camp but there is none like Camp Dalton, our final objective point. I have no complaint to make of the food 'we got.'"

Sergt. Aspin did not come back with all of his men. Fred Harrington of Lowell was left in the hospital at Thoroughfare Gap, suffering from typhoid fever. Andre Perrin is sick with fever at a hospital in Middleton. John J. McMillan of Nashua is in the same hospital with the same illness. Those who have returned are:

George Morris, John Murray, Richard J. O'Malley, Marston M. Richards, Thomas Roach, Charles Saxon, Napoleon Soucl, Frederick Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Wm. J. Taylor, Edward J. Winn, John Winn of Lawrence, Henry Magee, Mark P. Barrett of Lawrence, Geo. H. Brown, Jos. Brown, John J. Donahue, Thomas Earl, Dennis Flaherty, John Fryer, Peter Gaudette, John J. Hickey, Thos. Joncas, Chas. Lennon, Pat Lynch, Michael McCarty, Owen McPartland, Luke Merrick.

FROM THEIR BOY.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McKenzie of 27 West Fourth street have received the following letter from their son, James, a member of Company C, Sixth regiment:

Utuado, Aug. 22, 1898.

Dear Father and Mother: I write to let you know that I am still in the land of the living and in the best of health, hoping to hear the same of everybody at home. I think my Lowell friends must have forgotten me as I haven't received a letter since I left Camp Alger and I feel very lonely. You have no idea how a letter cheers us up.

We are all waiting for the word to take transports home as we are at present lying in two feet of mud and have to root around like pigs to find a dry spot. We reached here just in time for the rainy season and have had rain every day, more or less, ever since.

The scenery of Porto Rico is beautiful. Nothing can be seen but mountains in this section and they are a perfect picture. There is fruit in profusion. We got oranges, bananas, cocoanuts, mangoes and lemons very cheap. Cigars are free and two cents apiece and we swap a hard tack for a cigar.

Since we landed we have done a great deal of walking over mountains and it has been no easy thing. We have marched about 90 miles in all. Many were prostrated by the heat. Among them was McGlynn, who was laid up for more than a week. We had to carry our beds, tents, rifles, haversacks, so that the boys were played out.

At the foot of our company street runs a large stream and we swim in it and get water for cooking from it. McGlynn sends his best regards. We may be home in a month or six weeks perhaps sooner.

I have signed over my state pay, $7 a month, to you, so that you can draw it every month. Let me know if you get it or not.

No more at present from your soldier boy, James McKenzie.

"BE PROUD OF HIM."

A letter has been received from New York by the mother of Chester F. Cummings, Co. M, 9th regiment. It states that he is in St. Francis' hospital, New York city, and is rapidly improving and hopes to reach home in a week or ten days. He has splendid care. The letter closes with the statement that "He is a nice boy and his country ought to be proud of him." It is signed "A Friend."

TEWKSBURY FISHERMEN.

Unusually good luck was experienced by a fishing party of Tewksbury men who went out from Marblehead Friday morning under the guidance of George Flint. About 1500 pounds of fish, mostly pollock, with a few cod, were pulled on to the deck of the Flying Cloud, Capt. Trefry, on which vessel so many parties have gone from Lowell and its vicinity this summer. The party went down Thursday afternoon and returned Friday night. There was very little wind in the morning, but they finally got out about 9 o'clock and later a good breeze sprang up. The first prize for the biggest fish was captured by Mr. Hibbard. Other members of the party were John B. Bailey, E. W. Bailey, W. J. Hardy, James Flint, Fred Hardy, John Maddox, Andrew Conley, Nathan Bailey, Elliot French, Messrs Lovell Anderson, Bogan, Wood, Hibbard, Carter, Brunswick, Webb, Ed. Toye, Jason Fuller, and Albert Hardy.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Cramp, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

GOLDEN WEDDING

Celebrated by Two Former Lowell Residents.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES METCALF OF ANDOVER.

Passed Fifty Years of Married Life.

Mr. and Mrs. James Adams Metcalf of Andover celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home in that town yesterday. Both are enjoying fairly good health and were able to recieve the many relatives and friends who called to congratulate them. Guests were present from Boston, Walpole, Lowell, Lawrence and Salem, as well as many neighbors and friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Metcalf are among the town's best known citizens. Mr. Metcalf was born in Winthrop, Me., in 1824. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and in 1844 went to Lowell where he learned his trade as a machinist.

Later he removed to Lawrence where he worked at his trade in the corporations of that city. For some time he held the position as steward at the Lawrence jail under the administration of Sheriff (now Keeper) Herrick.

His next move was to Salem, where he was employed as foreman in machine shops. He went to Andover with his family about four years ago.

In 1861 Mr. Metcalf enlisted in the 1st New Jersey volunteers and in 1864 reenlisted in the 4th Massachusetts heavy artillery and served until 1865 when he was discharged at the end of the war. He enlisted the second time as corporal. He passed through the famous peninsular campaign under McClellan and contracted malaria, which has affected his health ever since. He has not been an invalid, but has not been able to do much work on account of weakness. Mr. Metcalf is a member of Needham Post, 39, G.A.R., of Lawrence.

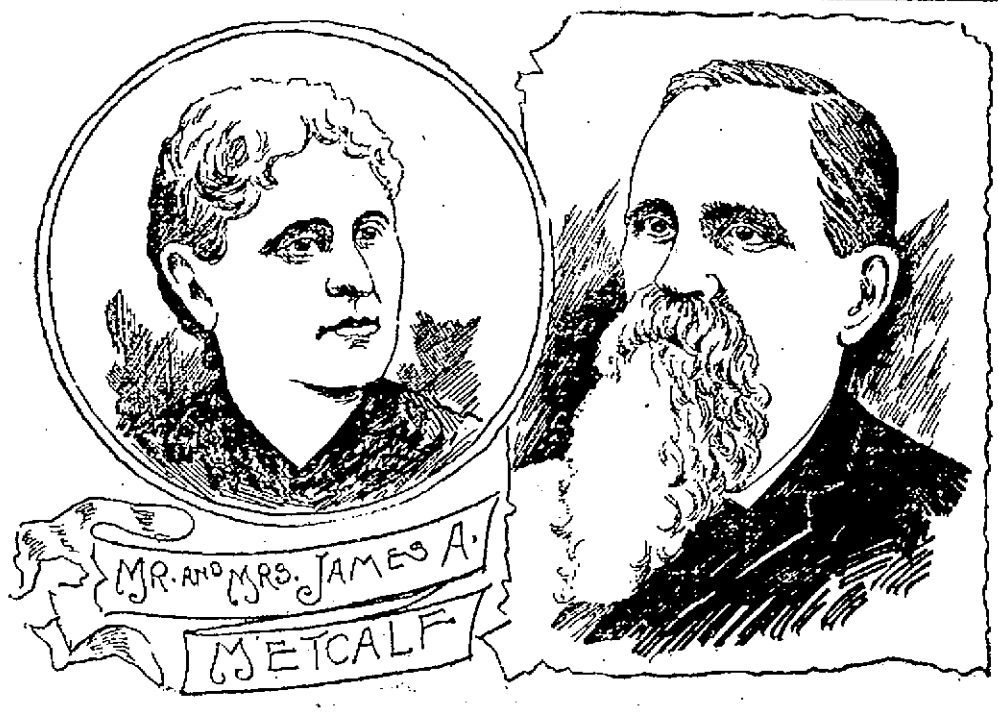
Mr. Metcalf was married in Lowell. Mrs. Metcalf's maiden name was Lucinda B. Hutchins. She was born in Rumford, Me., in 1828.

They have had three children. Only one is living, a daughter Miss S. Isabel Metcalf, who lives with her parents.

Mr. Metcalf and Mrs. W. W. Allen of Walpole, his sister, are all who are left of a family of seven. Their mother, Mrs. Chloe F. Metcalf, died only a year ago at the advanced age of 100 years and six months. She retained her vigor to a remarkable degree and attended church regularly until within a few weeks of her death in Walpole.

To a reporter, Mrs. Metcalf said that she had not realized the awful loss of life in the civil war as in the recent conflict, for in the days of the rebellion news was not gathered and printed so quickly as nowadays.

Miss Amelia Tellier of Nashua has returned from a visit spent with friends in Lowell.



WHO CELEBRATED THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING YESTERDAY.

Royal Worcester Corsets
Absolutely the Best in all that goes to make up the perfect corset. In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Made in great variety of styles, and in all lengths, colors and sizes.
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust. Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

United Order of Independent Odd Fellows initiated one candidate and worked the degree on three at the regular meeting held in Post 120 G.A.R. hall last night. A committee has been elected to attend the government meeting in Boston.

Wamesit lodge, K. of P, at its regular meeting in K. of P. hall last night initiated two candidates and received propositions.

Concord lodge, American Order Fraternal Helpers, held its regular meeting last night in Post 185 hall and received three applications for membership.

At the regular meeting of the American Benefit society in Union hall last night two propositions were received.

MUSIC HALL.

Rose Sanger's Royal Stars—This company, under the management of Frank Forrester, entertained an audience at Music Hall last night with a program whose chief fault was brevity and this will be remedied in the subsequent performances this and tomorrow evenings and tomorrow afternoon. The opening "vocal jubilee" had songs by Misses Gertrude Warren, Nellie Franklyn, and Messrs. Crowley and Lyons. The olio had Vernell, who juggled in funny fashion as a "Rube;" the Carlisle sisters, Tillie and May, who sang "Won't Somebody Give me a Kiss?" and "A Bunch of Roses on Her Hat," and ended with a dance; Ellis and Raymond in an Irish and Dutch act; Miss Gertrude Warren, who sang "Break the News to Mother" and "The Little Pumpkin Colored Coons;" Tom Crowley and Toby Lyons in a dialogue; and Miss Nellie Franklyn in a trio of songs. They were "Paris, Paris" "The Brooklyn Handicap," and "Roguish Mary," closing with a dance. Miss Franklyn is a great favorite and her songs made, as usual, a decided hit. The bill closed with "Miss Columbia's Review" in which Miss Franklyn sang "Tommy Atkins" with spirit. Mamie Lamb led in a march and May Blanchard made a striking figure as "Lieut. Rush."

For the balance of the engagement the cast will be strengthened by new features, several additional artists having been secured.

Rose Sanger Company—On Wednesday evening in addition to the regular performance of the Rose Sanger company the audience will have an opportunity to hear a few remarks by Corporal David Blakeley of Co. M, Ninth regiment, he being the only perfectly well man in this city who returned from the battle of Santiago. Manager Boody has cordially invited all soldiers who have seen active service at the front to attend the performance in uniform and they will occupy seats reserved for them free of charge.

COLORED QUARTETTE.

A quartette of colored men from the Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga., gave an excellent musical entertainment at the Highland Congregational church last night. They were accompanied by the son of the founder of the university, who is their business manager. The young men are exceedingly bright and have the rich, mellow voices so characteristic of their race. They are also excellent guitar and mandolin players and the instrumental selections gave special pleasure to the audience.

Miss Ida Sunnsore is registered at the Atlantic House, Salisbury.

MR. MOTT'S SENTENCES.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 11.—Chairman Mott of the L.A.W. racing board today issued the following bulletin:

Dr. W. R. Gwinn, Fall River, Mass., is placed upon the list of those to whom sanction will be refused for failing to award prizes.

Division 4, A.O.H., Boston; Immaculate Conception church, Everett; St. Mary's church, Revere; Cambridge Typographical union (Massachusetts), are suspended from the sanction privileges for promoting unsanctioned races.

Professional record accepted.

One-half mile against time, unpaced, made by William Martin at Newby Oval, Indianapolis, Aug. 24, 1898 time, 55 3-5s.

Transferred to the professional class: Robert J. and Charles J. Nugent, Rockport, Mass.; James T. Flynn, Gloucester, Mass.; clause D vote of board.

Registered: No. 1072, R. J. Lawenson, Providence, R. I.

Suspended: S. J. Johnson, No. 16, and J. J. Casey, No. 2137, Worcester, Mass., are fined $10 and suspended until fine is paid for not riding to win in a handicap race; O. Stover, Boston, Mass.; M. Galvin and T. Shinley, Everett, Mass.; A. Olyen, Revere, Mass.; E. Phillips, Cambridge, Mass., and E. McDonald, Cambridge, Mass., to Oct. 6, 1898, unsanctioned races.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK and GLASGOW, Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, West 51st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $47.63 to $60 single, $86.75 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $28.50; prepaid, $31.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway: Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 99 State street, Boston, or
Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

DON'T YOU WITCH
you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 389 Central St.

Perfection!
A large word, but the only one to fittingly apply to our
Sunlight $3 Shoe
Made expressly for us by W. L. Douglas Co., who are the largest manufacturers of Men's Shoes in the world.

Made for us only, sold by us only. We stand by every pair of Sunlight Shoes. Keep in the front by wearing the famous
SUNLIGHT SHOES
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.
101 Central St., Opp. Market.

THE BEST TEST
of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the pesky things every time. 389 Central Street.

Turn your back on him

and leave the store, if he offers to sell you something "just as good as"
Ivorine Washing Powder
You're the one who will suffer if you get the wrong kind—not the clerk.
A cake of fine, white Glycerine Toilet Soap is given free with every package of "Ivorine."
You pay for the washing powder—not the soap.
THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.

A Few Refrigerators
Left to close out at less than cost. We also have a few
Baby Carriages
That we will dispose of at a bargain. If you are in need, be sure and call.
Bear in Mind
That we repair all kinds of Stoves and Ranges. We carry a Stove Lining that will fit any stove, and you may have it for 25c.
A good Broom for 10c.
Folding Stool for 15c.
Iron Bed, brass trimmed, with all iron spring, for $5.00. Look our stock over and you will find something you want.
GAYNOR & CO.
35 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

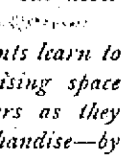
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

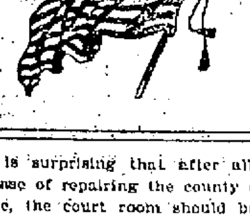
CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get, what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.





It is surprising that after all the expense of repairing the county court house, the court room should be too small.

AS TO A GREAT MILL STRIKE.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—As a reader of your paper, who knows your sympathies go with the laboring people, I would like to ask if you would favor a great mill strike at the present time.

Yours, etc,

J. A. G.

In reply to the above query, we would not favor a strike large or small except as a last resort and only after united and systematic agitation of the demands by other means. Under no conditions would we favor or endorse a great mill strike at the present time, because it would injure only the strikers. From all appearances the mills would hesitate but little in shutting down for a couple of months. Some of them claim to be running at a loss. The mills of Fall River are curtailing production in order to help a bad market and they are no worse off than the Lowell mills. That being so, it would probably be useless to make any general demand for an increase of wages at the present time.

BOLTING REPUBLICANS OUT AGAINST GOV. WOLCOTT.

The East Hampton Republican club has resolved not to support Gov. Wolcott for a renomination, mainly because he reappointed Warren E. Lock as commissioner of savings banks. The club has sent out the following manifesto which fully justifies its opposition. It seems that the people who have their earnings in savings banks should resent such an appointment, just as has the East Hampton Republican club. If there is any office to which an honest official should be appointed, it is that of savings bank commissioner. The manifesto follows:

"It is with regret that we place ourselves in antagonism to the plans, however vaguely formed, of any members of the republican party who look with favor upon the candidacy of his excellency, Roger Wolcott, but we believe that our duty as citizens of this commonwealth compels us to do so, and we make this announcement of our purpose to the end that we may receive the aid of all those who think with us.

"Our action in this matter is founded upon the belief that the governor of Massachusetts should execute the duties of his high office with wisdom, and with naught in view but the interests of the commonwealth and this we think his excellency, Roger Wolcott, has in some cases failed to do.

"We bear in mind many matters which have given rise to criticisms of the governor and reflections upon the commonwealth, but the cause which more than any other, leads us to our determination is the recent re-appointment of Warren E. Locke as a commissioner of savings banks.

"We believe that the honor of our commonwealth and the feeling of security among the people demand that everyone having authority in our savings banks should be of sufficient competence and of undoubted reliability. The Hampshire Savings bank of Northampton was plundered in such a way as to convict Savings Bank Commissioner Locke of gross incompetence or unpardonable negligence, for it at once clearly appeared that had he been faithful in the discharge of his official duty, the misappropriation of funds would have been detected.

"In spite of this fact and after his attention had been expressly called to it by a dignified and weighty remonstrance, the governor re-appointed the commissioner, and thereby, as we suggest, so openly violated his duty as to render him unworthy of continuance in an office which requires him to appoint the guardians of the people's savings. The result has been to cause the belief that the political power of our commonwealth has been abused, and to destroy the confidence of the people in our political officials.

"We believe that the republican party means to stand for what is right; we believe that it means to see that our laws are properly executed, that our political officials are the servants and not the rulers of the people, that personal ambition of individuals must yield to the welfare of the state, and we call upon the republican party to be true to its purposes by nominating as its candidate for the coming year a man who will use his public power wholly for the public good."

The bath committee appointed some time ago by the city council has been discharged because we presume that the time for doing anything is past. If ever a committee had a right to be dishonorably discharged, it was that committee. Nothing could be more needed in Lowell than public baths but so far as we can learn this committee never made any attempt to secure them. There may have been obstacles in the way, but if so the committee had a right in self-defence to let the public know just why they could not accomplish the object for which they were appointed.

The tax bills for the year are being distributed and the people are realizing for the first time the meaning of the business administration which Mayor Bennett was elected to manage. The tax rate has been advanced and the amount of increase in each case is seen by a comparison with the bills of last year. Already the tax payers are vowing vengeance against the business administration and resolving to have one of a different kind next year.

Otis Allen is to be congratulated as a citizen of Lowell upon his long business and official career and upon having a son, Hon. Charles H. Allen, assistant secretary of the navy. Otis Allen observed his 90th birthday yesterday and looks as hale and hearty as most men twenty years younger.

NINTH'S HISTORY.

BRIEF REVIEW OF THE REGIMENT'S SERVICE SINCE MAY.

Following is the record of the Ninth Massachusetts United States volunteers in the war:

May 3.—Responding to the president's call, the order mustering the Massachusetts militia, including the Ninth regiment at Camp Dewey, Framingham, was promulgated.

May 4.—The Ninth regiment on the way to camp at South Framingham, is reviewed by the governor at the state house. The Ninth reaches camp.

May 8.—The Ninth being mustered in at South Framingham. Plenty of recruits.

May 13.—Ninth ordered to join the Sixth at Camp Alger. (Dunn Loring.)

May 29.—Irish societies visit camp Dewey and present the Ninth with a splendid stand of colors.

May 31.—The Ninth starts for Camp Alger under Col. Fred B. Bogan.

June 7.—A detail of officers of the Ninth ordered to return to Boston to recruit the companies to full war strength.

June 20.—Preliminary marching orders received. Destination thought to be Cuba.

June 26.—United States ship Harvard sails from Newport News with the Ninth regiment on board, bound for Santiago.

July 1.—Ninth arrives at Altares and the men are immediately march on to the fighting line.

July 30.—Death of Maj. P. J. Grady of the Ninth.

Aug. 9.—Col. Fred. B. Bogan of the Ninth dies at his home in Charlestown.

Aug. 13.—Col. Bogan's funeral. Whole Fifth regiment attends as escort.

Aug. 25-26.—Transports sail from Santiago with the Ninth bound for Montauk Point.

Aug. 31.—Ninth arrives at Montauk preparatory to being mustered out.

Sept. 8.—Ninth leaves Montauk for home.

DR. WILLIAMS'

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.

GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF

ZYNO

The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.

Goodale's Drug Store.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

AN INHERITANCE TAX.

EVIDENCE THAT SUCH A MEASURE WOULD BE GOOD PUBLIC POLICY.

The Dangers That Lie In Vast Individual Fortunes — How England Has Left Us Far Behind — Inequalities of Our Present System of Taxation.

Thieves are imprisoned not for revenge, but because it is not good public policy to allow thieves to run at large. Murderers are not executed for revenge, but because it is considered good public policy. So we might go through the entire list, and we would always find that society claims the right to do whatever is considered necessary or desirable for the public good.

The rapid amassing of immense fortunes is a comparatively recent thing. The discoveries of science and mechanical invention have brought new forces into play, increasing the production of wealth to a phenomenal degree. Steamboats, railroads and the telegraph favor the concentration of wealth. A few have controlled these forces in such a way that those few have become extremely wealthy, while many in the lower ranks have been robbed of the opportunity to make an honest living. As the few immense private fortunes have grown in size the list of the unemployed, tramps and paupers, has also grown. The public good demands that taxation should be equal, or if any exception is made it should be the homes of the poor, for the home of the toiler is the cornerstone of our national existence. But we all know that corporations pay far less than their due proportion of taxes and that the extremely wealthy find ways to make their taxation far less than their due proportion as compared with the poor householder.

Our national taxes are paid indirectly on consumption—duty on clothes, sugar, etc., and internal revenue on tobacco, etc. Many of the extremely wealthy escape this taxation by living abroad. There is one way that these inequalities could be in a manner corrected, and that is by a national inheritance tax. Many states are adopting this kind of taxation, but it is not properly a state function, for those whom it touches get out of it by simply moving to another state. For this reason George Gould bought or built a house in New Jersey and lives there a part of the time in order to claim that as his residence in order to escape the inheritance tax of New York. It can easily be seen that this tax should be uniform in every part of the country regardless of state lines. It should apply only to large fortunes and be progressively heavier on larger fortunes. Would it not be good public policy to not allow a single heir to inherit more than $1,000,000? Then the multimillionaires would disappear with the present generation, and everybody would be benefited, even the millionaires themselves, and the public good would be greatly promoted.

In the new war tax law there is an inheritance tax feature. I will watch the operation of this with great interest. We should prepare to increase this soon, for our need of such a tax is greater than that of any other country, for wealth concentration has progressed much more rapidly here than in any other part of the world, yet other countries have had such a tax for many years, and our tax just passed as a part of the war revenue law is comparatively light. Look out for it being declared unconstitutional by the supreme court, for our present court is very accommodating to wealth. Other countries have no written constitution by the inflexibility of which and an accommodating court laws distasteful to wealth can be set aside. Our constitution is patterned after the English government of 1776, and being written it is inflexible and unchangeable, except by amendments, which are very difficult to make.

Thus we have tied ourselves to the English model of 1776, while England, unhampered by a written constitution, has gone on, and in many ways the government is much nearer the people and the people are more free than here. It is predicted that the recent amendments to the English inheritance tax law will finally break up the large estates in that country, and such a result is contemplated with satisfaction by the patriotic and unselfish there. We would like to have some of that kind of patriotism here. It would do more good than the jingo kind of patriotism.

Good public policy demands that immense fortunes be divided in a way that no single heir shall inherit more than $1,000,000 until we can find a way to secure a more just distribution than we now have of wealth at the time of its production. Such vast accumulations of wealth do not come justly. Yes, legally perhaps in many instances, but our laws are not perfect yet. What is legal is not necessarily just and right. We must put justice into our laws as fast as we learn how. In the meantime we must tax large inheritances heavily, both because it is demanded by the public welfare and it is just and right to do it.—Dr. O. F. Taylor in Medical World.

Immortality of Debt.

It is indeed a fitting term. Immortality of debt! It never dies. It is a curse that has hung over the world thousands of years. It is one of the institutions of "civilization," but it is used generally to the advantage of civilized barbarians. Horace Greeley used to advocate the abolition of all laws for the collection of debt. The suggestion is a good one. It chops the dog's tail off right back of its ears.—Norton's Monthly.

The Deadly File.

Populism will drive out capital.—Kansas City Journal (1896).

The effects of a British-Russian war would be serious. The Kansas farmers are already embarrassed for storage room in localities where the banks refuse to accept more deposits.—Kansas City Journal (1898).

ODD FELLOWS.

PREPARATIONS FOR PARADE IN

The general committee of the local lodges of Odd Fellows met last evening and forwarded the plans for the visit to Boston and participation in the big parade a week from tomorrow.

The start from Lowell will be made at 8.30 a. m. instead of 8 o'clock as has previously been announced.

Centralville lodge has chosen Charles W. Nevers as its chief marshal; Veritas has chosen Azro H. Schoolcraft and Lowell lodge will be marshalled by S. C. Smiley.

At the meeting of Centralville lodge, I.O.O.F., tomorrow night, President Geo. H. Taylor of the common council will entertain the members with an interesting account of his recent European trip.

Miss Mae Folger Stevens, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solon Stevens, will leave Lowell Wednesday to enter Wheaton Seminary, Norton, Mass., from which institution her sister, Mrs. Ralph A. Day, graduated four years ago.

THERE IS NONE SO GOOD

As the Rochester Brewing Co.'s products. A new car lot just received from the brewery. It's the perfection of brewing. Their "Standard Brand" our bottling, 21 bottles in case, $1.85 per case, or in the wood in halves and quarters or on draught at the bar.

Their Bavarian and Premier at $2.10 per case; Blenzi and Bohemian at $1.85 per case; and Pale and export at $1.60 per case are of particular merit and possess unusual keeping qualities.

JOHN M. PEVEY,

55-57 MIDDLE STREET.

Tel. 452-3.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.

GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF

ZYNO

The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.

Goodale's Drug Store.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.

Goodale's Drug Store.

DR. PEFFER'S

ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS.

A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 20,000 Ladies. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $1 per box, small box 50c. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LEGAULT & CO.

Keep the Latest Styles in

Summer Jewelry

Belts, Pocket Books, Waist Sets, Combs, Chatelaines, etc.

70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.

GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF

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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.

Goodale's Drug Store.

Prof. E. J. BORJES

Will Resume

TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN

Oct. 1, at 331 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at special rates.

SEWING MACHINES

We sell regular $65 Machines at

$33.00.

By buying at our store you save canvassers' profits.

Ring's Big Store

221-329 DUTTON ST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

Boston and Maine Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Western Division.

Corrected to June 27, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows: For Boston, 6.45, 6.35, 16.45, *7.45, *8.50, 19.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, 13.00, 4.35, 16.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Corrected to June 27, 1898; Trains leave Middlesex Street Depot, Lowell: For Boston, 5.49, 6.33, 16.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.28, 7.33, *7.49, 17.50, w8.15, *8.57, 19.19, w*9.35, *9.50, w10.30 11.06, *11.42 a m; w12.03, 12.10, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w 2.35, 13.03, *3.47, *4.04, w4.05, 4.28, w5.10, 5.21, 15.49, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.40, 8.45, w9.20 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.50, 7.58, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, w12.05, w4.15, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w8.45 p m.

For Lawrence, 6.09, w6.50 x7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, 10.50 a m; w12.03, w2.30, w2.35, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w815 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w8.45 p m.

For Salem, Mass, w6.28, w7.30 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.58 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, *7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.00, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.35, 11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.28 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 7.55, 4.05, 5.15 p m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R R, 2.30 p m, July 4 to September 9.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, Exeter only, 8.15 a m; 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.

For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 8.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30.

For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m; 5.10 p m (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.

†Wednesdays and Saturdays only

Southern Division.

For Woburn, 6.23, 7.01, 7.33, *7.43, 11.03 a m; 1.43, 4.26, 8.45 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 4.25, 6.53 p m.

NOTE—*Express. 5Via Bedford.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.48 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12a m; 1.00, 3.41, 6.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 3 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.10 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Greenfield, 3 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40, *10.09 a m, *12.11, 1.00, *1.40, *1.54, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a m (to Nashua only), 3.03 a m; 2.00, 6.02, *8.10, *8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.11, *1.40, 6.40, †*8.10 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a m; 1.40 p m; 3.41 p m. Saturdays only till August 27th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.11, †*8.10 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—*1.40, †*8.40 p m; daily except Sunday.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

References:

*Express: †Daily.

w Via Western Division.

‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

§ Via Bedford. x Via Wilmington Junction.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after July 1st, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:

For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.

The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I., with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.

SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.30 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.

Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

$35 Discount

On One Year Scholarships

To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

This school is strictly first-class in every detail, and, as a guaranty to the public, we respectfully challenge comparison of faculty and equipment with that of any other business and shorthand training school in New England.

W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
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F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
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T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
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S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
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W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED)

MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 12, 13, 14. Matinee Wednesday.

MARIE SANGER'S

Royal Stars

Including the following well known people,

Jeanette Warren, Nellie Franklyn, Lyons and Crowley, "Vannell," Gun Expert, Reynolds Bros., Carlisle Sisters, 10—Comedians—10, 30—people—30.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 15, 16, 17. Usual Saturday Matinee.

High Class Vaudeville,

Presenting some of the best people in the vaudeville line. Seats on sale at Box office.

Glen Forest

LAWRENCE.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 12

Gorman's Novelty Company.

Refined Vaudeville Entertainers.

Lakeview —PARK—

LOWELL'S IDEAL DAY RESORT.

Bowling, Dancing, Fishing, Boating.

THE FINEST ZOO

in New England, embracing a large collection of rare beasts and birds.

The D. L. Page Co. have sole charge of all catering and can serve one or one thousand with choicest viands.

Beginning Monday, Sept. 12,

THE ONLY

Hayes' Troubadours.

A company of artists unexcelled in fun making. Singers, dancers, sketch teams and mirth provokers. Performances every afternoon and evening, free.

FARE 5 CENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE

261 Dutton St., Lowell.

NOW OPEN.

CONTINUOUS SHOW

2 until 11 p. m.

ADMISSION

CENTS 5 CENTS

DYEING

Every Hour in the Day at the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to

54 Prescott Street.

FLOWERS.

When in need of anything choice and artistic in the floral line go to

LAPHAM & CO., FLORISTS,

218 Merrimack St., Old City Hall Building.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York,

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL. (One block from Broadway cars.)

Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.

Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

FLOWER STANDS

All Kinds.

APPLE PARERS

Corers and Slicers.

MEAT CUTTERS

All Kinds.

FRUIT PRESSES

For Small Fruits.

FRUIT PICKER

With Long Handle.

FIBRE PAILS and TUBS

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 30 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $23 Suits for $16; his $28 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $23. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!

"GLORIA"

ASK FOR GLORIA.

Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.

S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 161 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 5,025 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery

A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S

Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,

127 Central St., opp. American House,

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,

Mansur Block.

COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,

132 Merrimack Street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,

49 John street.

CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,

Room 16 Hildreth Building.

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,

No. 373 Bridge Street.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY

Wholesale Dealers in

Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,

SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,

Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.

Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.

532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 1st, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models. Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,

SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.

44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

WOMAN'S REMAINS

Mutilated in Two Packages at Bridgeport, Conn.

Startling Evidence of Murder—The Head Battered and a Cloth Tied Over Her Mouth.

Bridgeport, Sept. 13.—The police department is all agog over a gruesome find of two packages in the mud of a pond, which point conclusively to another murder mystery to unravel. The packages contained the head of a woman cut from the body near the ear, and the lower limbs which had been separated from the body, unjointed and cut in two at the knees, then tied together again and wrapped up in glazed paper. The head of the woman was battered and jammed on one side, and had a cloth tied over the mouth.

The packages were noticed by three lads who were on the north end of the bridge which crosses an arm of the mill pond. The boys called the attention of William Burr, who lives in the vicinity, to them. He procured a rake and finally landed the bundles. The police were notified immediately.

Medical Examiner Downes was at once informed of the discovery, and he immediately drove to the scene, and later communicated with Coroner Doten. Detective Cronin also, by good chance, happened to be in the neighborhood, and succeeded in retaining many apparently trifling articles which will probably be of invaluable assistance in working up the case. The medical examiner gave a permit for the dismembered parts to be removed to the morgue, where they were taken.

After the head had been cleaned and made presentable, as far as it was possible on account of its battered condition, photographs were taken for the purpose of possible identification. Two pictures in different positions were secured. The result was that it is the opinion of the authorities that the victim was a person of more than ordinary refinement. The features, however, are wan and thin. It is surmised that the woman was about five feet, six inches in height, her hair was braided in a manner as usual with many women before they retire, and was tied with a cotton cord. A number of the teeth were white and regular, and some were gold-filled, while only two or three in the back of the mouth were missing. The eyes were greyish blue. The pronounced characteristic of the face is the short, aquiline nose, which, it is believed, will afford a strong means of identification. The feet are small and shapely. The neck and also the limbs at the knees and thighs were severed in a manner showing a clean cutting of the flesh, and was clearly done by some one conversant with anatomy, and was either a butcher or a medical person. The authorities are inclined to believe that one of the former class was the guilty party.

Dr. Downes stated that the case was most curious, and one of so many contradictions that the solution of the mystery promises to be no easy task. In his opinion the body had been in the water about 24 hours when found, and that a large knife had been used to dismember the body, as in no place was the flesh torn. The limbs were sawed in leisurely manner and evidently with apart, but the entire work was done in much care, as no bruises were visible about the head. It is the opinion of the medical examiner that the death took place at night, from the arrangement of the woman's hair, and also from the appearance of the teeth that she had not lived in a plentiful manner of late.

There was also noticed that two stout cords were wound about the thighs so tightly as to cut into the flesh, and it was evident that whoever did the cutting was desirous to prevent the flow of blood. The limbs had one leg of a man's cotton drawers, of the kind that are worn in summer, wrapped about them; it was of good material, but there were no marks on it to assist in identification.

Two stones, weighing about 10 pounds each, were attached to the bundles. They were discolored from being in the water for a long time, and were undoubtedly taken from near the shore, where there is much refuse, by whoever tried to dispose of the remains.

All the articles which might assist in any way in the ferreting out of the crime were taken charge of by the police. The arms and trunk are still missing, although a persistent search was kept up in the vicinity of the place of the finding of the other portions of the body.

All sorts of theories are afloat, but not the slightest clue has been obtained, nor has there been anyone reported to the police as missing. The place where the dismembered parts were found is a very lonely spot, and may be approached at night with little fear of detection. The dentists of the city have been asked to examine the teeth to see if any of them could recognize the work, which might assist in the identification.

BASE BALL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—The Philadelphias were never in yesterday's game. The Bostons played all the points, making everything count, and winning easily. Hamilton's batting and base running were the features. Attendance, 3135. Score:

WILLIAM W. HAMILTON.

Philadelphias.	AB.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Conley, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	1
Douglass, 1 b.	3	0	0	7	0	0
Delehanty, l. f.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Lajoie, 2 b.	3	0	1	3	2	1
Flick, r. f.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Lauder, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	0	1
McFarland, c.	4	0	2	3	2	0
Cross, s. s.	4	0	0	3	2	0
Piatt, p.	2	0	0	0	3	1
Totals	28	1	5	24	11	4

Bostons.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	4	3	3	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	0	4	2	0
Collins, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	1	3	1	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	1	6	0	0
Lewis, p.	3	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	32	7	7	24	9	0

Philadelphias	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Bostons	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	1	7

Game called on account of darkness.

Earned runs—Bostons, 1. Two-base hits—Delehanty, Hamilton, Bergen. Sacrifice hits—Douglass, Lauder, Lewis. Stolen bases—Hamilton, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphias, 7; Bostons, 7. Struck out—By Piatt, 3; by Lewis, 2. Passed ball—McFarland, 1. Umpires—Lynch and Smith. Time—2:20.

Inability to hit Hart and two errors when defeated the Chicagoes in Chicago. Katall pitched a good game against the westerners, but allowed the Pittsburgs to bunch hits in the sixth.

The Baltimore club forgot how to bat Mercer at critical stages of yesterday's game, and the senators earned their victory by clean and fast work.

PASSENGER TRAIN'S PLUNGE.

Texarkana, Tex., Sept. 13.—A passenger train on the Texas and Pacific railroad, consisting of an engine and four coaches, plunged through a bridge 12 miles south of Texarkana yesterday. One of the passengers was killed, and a number of others more or less seriously injured. Heavy rains have been falling for 36 hours. All streams are out of their banks, and much damage has been done. Washouts are reported on all railroads. The bridge had been weakened by the rain. The wreck was complete, car piling upon car in a mass of debris and wreckage.

THREATENED WITH DEATH.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 13.—According to advices received here from Barbadoes since the death of Mr. Pile, speaker of the house of assembly, Sept. 2, from the effects of the recent attempt to assassinate him, the governor and five public officials have been anonymously warned that a similar fate has been decreed for them, as a reward for their oppression." The worst feature of the Pile tragedy is that the government reward of $5000 for information regarding the conspirators fails to induce their betrayal.

LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 13.—The fire in Jerome was one of the greatest calamities in the loss of life and destruction of property that ever occurred in Arizona. Among those who lost their lives are the following: Mexican woman and her two children; Wilford, an undertaker; a dry-goods clerk, name unknown; two laborers, names unknown. The number of missing is placed at 15.

Many people familiar with Jerome place the property loss at figures ranging from half to three quarters of a million dollars. There was but little insurance, the aggregate being less than $50,000. The loss is complete, it being stated that not even the commonest articles of use were saved. Much merchandise and other valuable goods were removed to places on the hillside, but the heat became so intense that nearly everything was destroyed in the end.

TWO BUILDINGS BURNED.

Salisbury, N. H., Sept. 13.—Hotel Chapman, patronized largely by summer guests, and the store of J. W. Little were burned to the ground yesterday afternoon. The fire was discovered on the third floor of the hotel, having evidently been caused by a defective chimney. The building burned rapidly, and the fire soon communicated with the store of Little, in which the postoffice was located. All the mail matter and most of the goods in the store were saved, and about two-third of the furniture of the hotel. The hotel was erected at a cost of $7200, and it is understood that all the losses are covered by insurance.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

COULD NOT GO AWAY.

How a Little Woman with a Family Survived the Hot Summer.

She Managed to Keep Cool.

The Way She Did It Interesting, Others Should Follow Her Example.

I was talking the other day to a friend of mine, one of those energetic bright women who is always busy. She is the mother of quite a little family and her hands are more than full, for unfortunately their means are not such as to make the ordinary necessities of life any too easy to procure.

With a small bank account and a growing family it is pretty hard to get away for the summer and here is a case where my friend devised a way of keeping happy, cool and well in her own home, during the hot months.

When I asked her how she managed to always look so cool and kept so well, she said, "I lay it all to Moxie, the most delicious beverage that ever was made, and also I think the most healthful."

Then she went on to explain how regularly each week the grocer left a case of Moxie at the house. "Why," she said, "every one of us from the baby up simply love it, and I find that it does not upset the children's stomachs. A little of it seems to go a long way, as far as quenching thirst is concerned, so that none of us now are ruining our digestion by over-drinking.

Then again, Moxie is really and truly a nerve food. Our doctor explained this to me and told me how it nourishes the nervous system, just the same way as other kinds of food nourish other parts of the body. I know he is right, for since I have been drinking Moxie, I have had no more nervousness, and those awful nervous headaches which I used to have, have entirely disappeared.

Now we all sleep sound and our appetites are splendid. This excuse of its being too hot to eat is all nonsense. If you will but do the way we do, and drink Moxie during the summer, you will see how easy it is to keep cool and well during the most trying heat.

THE FIRST DEATH

To Occur in Company I, Sixth Mass. Regt.

CORPORAL HOSMER DIED OF TYPHOID FEVER.

He Belonged in Concord Mass.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Sept. 12.—A cablegram from Porto Rico, received here this forenoon, announces the death yesterday at Utuado, Porto Rico, of Corporal Ralph H. Hosmer, Company I, Sixth U. S. V., from typhoid fever. His was the first death to occur in the company since it was mustered into the service of the United States government. Corporal Hosmer up to the time of his enlistment was employed as a clerk by the Old Colony Trust company here. He was a son of the late Cyrus Hosmer, a veteran of the civil war, and a member of Col. George L. Custer Post 135, Sons of Veterans and had served three years in the state militia.

TODAY'S DEATHS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 12.—The deaths reported from the general hospital at Camp Wikoff were:

Walter Ellis, Company C, Third Infantry, dysentery; Samuel P. Wiley, corporal, Company C, Ninth Mass. Vols., typhoid; David Hechhauser, Company I, Eighth Ohio Vols., exhaustion; Burt Smith, Company B, Eighth regular Infantry, malaria; James F. Tiernan, Ninth Mass., typhoid.

PERU QUIET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Peruvian legation at Washington has received a cablegram from Lima, stating that there is no revolution in the country. In some places bands of marauders have appeared who were dispersed on the approach of the government troops sent to pursue them.

Peru, says the message, is in the state of complete quiet which it has enjoyed for some years.

BUGGY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Winchester, Va., Sept. 13.—A buggy, in which were Laura Dollinger, her sister and George Sisler, was struck by a freight train, and the two young women were killed. Sisler was badly injured.

Pass The

FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT

to the guest with a dainty appetite; pass them to the invalid who needs nourishment; pass them to any one at any time; with salad, soup or chowder they are sure to prove most acceptable because they are the most delicious biscuit ever baked. Sold everywhere with the word "Favorite" on every biscuit. Baked in the best bakery in New England.

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.

SECRETARY DAY

Has a Conference With McKinley Today

In Reference to Instructions for Peace Commissioners—Our Cuban Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Secretary of State Day arrived in Washington from his home at Canton early today. At the White House he had a long conference with the president which is presumably in reference to the instructions to be given to the peace commissioners. Nothing has been heard at the state department recently from the other members of the commission and it is quite uncertain whether there will be a majority of the body here tomorrow to hold even the informal meeting which is desired in order to arrange for the departure of the commission.

It is now settled that the American commissioners will take passage on the Campania, leaving New York next Saturday.

INSURGENTS

Must Not Propagate Any Insurrection.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Sept. 12.—The French ambassador at Washington, M Cambon, who has been acting for Spain in the peace negotiations, has cabled to the government here the American reply to the Spanish note, protesting against hostilities on the part of the insurgents in the Philippine Islands, in spite of the peace protocol. The United States promises to send envoys to induce the Togales to respect the suspension of hostilities and to prevent vessels leaving Manila with insurgents having the intention of propagating the insurrection on the other islands.

WEAVERS STRIKE

Those Employed in Border City Mills Concerned.

PROTEST AGAINST A VIRTUAL REDUCTION IN WAGES.

Other Operatives Will Join With Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass, Sept. 12.—The weavers of Border City mills Nos. 1 and 2 struck work this morning against a virtual reduction of wages. The weavers of the No. 3 mill have been on strike for three weeks through the same cause. The strikers number between 600 and 700. Work in the weaving departments of the three mills is suspended today. Spinners and carders are working today but are likely to leave work in support of the weavers, after a meeting of the textile council later in the week. Feeling in labor circles against the Border City corporation is intense.

PRIVATE HEAPHY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—Private James Heaphy of Company L, Portland died this morning at the Eye and Ear Infirmary of typhoid fever. His brother, who was also in Company L, died several days ago.

NO PARADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The president has decided that it will be impracticable for the troops at Montauk to take part in the projected parade in New York city. He has talked the matter over with General Miles, and with Acting-Secretary Meiklejohn and it was finally determined to let the matter be decided by the physical condition of the men. To ascertain this the medical officers at the camp were called upon with General Shafter.

It is reported that the men would not be able to stand the fatigue of a parade before next month at the earliest. As the parade was to occur next Saturday this renders the participation of the Montauk troops impracticable and the parade must consequently, if held at all, be composed of the troops coming in from Porto Rico, not exceeding 2000 in number.

FIFTH OHIO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 12.—The Fifth Ohio volunteer regiment arrived here today from Fernandina, Fla., and was received with an enthusiastic demonstration.

ON ACTIVE LIST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 12.—It is officially announced that Col. Paty du Clam has been placed on the active list and dismissed from his post in consequence of the general staff's investigation into the Esterhazy case.

THE GLOUCESTER

Arrived in Boston Harbor This Morning.

SHE DESTROYED TWO SPANISH TORPEDO BOATS.

When Cervera Made His Dash.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 12.—The U. S. auxiliary cruiser Gloucester anchored in the harbor shortly after 10 o'clock today. The Gloucester was formerly the yacht Corsair, belonging to J. Pierpont Morgan.

The arrival of the Gloucester has been expected for some days, and before she leaves New England waters she will probably visit the port of Gloucester, where the people are anxious to give her a rousing reception.

The Gloucester is in command of Lieut.-Commander Richard Wainwright formerly commander of the battleship Maine. When Admiral Cervera's fleet dashed out of Santiago harbor, the Gloucester was in the thick of the fight, and destroyed the Spanish torpedo boats Furton and Furor.

SMOKELESS POWDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The contract for supplying the navy department with smokeless powder has been awarded to the California Powder company and the Dupont Powder company each to supply half a million pounds. The contract price is 80 cents per pound, the government to furnish all necessary production.

DEATHS.

CREEVAN—Julia, aged five months daughter of James and Katie Creevan, died at the home of her parents, 4 Bradford place, Lawrence, Thursday. The funeral took place Friday afternoon, interment in the Immaculate Conception cemetery, Lawrence. Mr. and Mrs. Creevan resided until recently on Gorham street, this city and are well known here. Their many friends will be sorry to learn of their sad bereavement.

MUST NOT FIGHT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buffalo, Sept. 12.—The sheriff and district attorney have made a joint announcement with reference to the proposed boxing match at the Hawthorne club tonight in which they said the Erne-Lavigne contest will not take place before the Hawthorne A. C. at Cheektowaga this evening. The sheriff and his deputies will be at the Arena tonight and as soon as the men enter the ring they will be informed that they must not put on the gloves. If they do their arrests will follow.

ROGERS ARRESTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 12.—Captain Charles Rogers, who commands the "mysterious" black sloop reported at different times along the coast, was arrested in this city last night on several charges of assault.

DON'T GET DISCOURAGED.

Consumption Has Been Cured, Even When Believed To Be In An Advanced Stage.

Where There's Pe-ru-na There's Hope.

CONSUMPTION is nothing more or less than catarrh of the lungs. To cure consumption, cure catarrh. There is nothing known to man that will so effectually cure catarrh as Pe-ru-na. Just see what is said of this wonderful health-restoring, life-prolonging medicine. Mrs. Anna Harmening, of Mazo Manie, Wis., writes as follows: "Last winter I had La Grippe, and hemorrhage of the lungs followed. All the doctors around here told me that I would die of consumption. I thought I would ask Dr. Hartman for advice. He prescribed Pe-ru-na, and I was cured in a short time. I advise everybody suffering with lung troubles to take Pe-ru-na. Am now enjoying good health, and can thank Pe-ru-na for it."

Mrs. Mary Fritz, of Berwick, Mo., says: "I was a victim of what was no doubt whatever a case of genuine consumption of the lungs. I had severe hemorrhages. I paid doctors $100, and then they told me I was incurable. I was so weak I could not lift my head. My husband got me a bottle of Pe-ru-na. It did me so much good he got me six more, which I took, and got entirely well. This was seven years ago, and since then my health has been perfect. I am very grateful for the benefit I received and recommend Pe-ru-na to all my friends."

The case of Mrs. Eliza Heinzle, of 106 East Main Street, Columbus, Ohio, is a wonderful revelation of what Pe-ru-na will do in an aggravated case of this most dreaded disease. She writes as follows: "A violent cold which I contracted finally settled on my lungs, and for four months I ran down very rapidly, coughing up quantities of bloody mucus and having hemorrhages from the lungs. I was on the verge of the grave. My husband and my friends had given me up. As a last hope I bought a bottle of Pe-ru-na and found that it gave me immediate relief. I therefore continued to take it. My cough soon left me. I had no more hemorrhages and am now as well as I ever was in my life. I thankfully attribute my living at all to the good effects of Pe-ru-na."

It would indeed seem wicked not to let the great multitude of people in this country who are suffering from this most terrible of all diseases, know the good that can be done by Pe-ru-na. It is your duty, if you have any friends affected with consumption, to tell them of it. You should remember that Pe-ru-na is a prescription discovered by Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, who has made a specialty of all catarrhal troubles for the past forty years, and though but recently introduced in the East is widely known, and enjoys enormous sales in the West and South. You can get Pe-ru-na of any druggist. If you feel that your individual case needs special advice or treatment, write to Dr. Hartman, at Columbus, Ohio, and he will give his personal attention to your individual case and advise you by mail, absolutely free of charge. Do not give up hope and do not let your friends die before your eyes when there is such a wonderful chance of recovery from disease within the reach of all.

SPANISH PRISONERS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 12.—The work of transporting the Spanish prisoners from Seavey's Island to the steamship City of Rome, which vessel has been chartered to convey them to their native land commenced here at 5.40 this morning and was completed at 9 o'clock.

Admiral Cervera, with his son Angel paid farewell visits to the officers of the navy yard at 9 o'clock and afterwards boarded the City of Rome. On his way to the boat, the gallant admiral was enthusiastic of the treatment the American people had accorded to the Spanish prisoners, to his staff and to himself. He detailed the many courtesies he received at Portsmouth, Annapolis, Norfolk, New York, and at Washington. He was most favorably impressed with the American people and said he would carry home with him many happy recollections of the kindness and generosity of those high in officialdom as well as of citizens in every walk of life.

These sentiments were also heartily endorsed by his son, Lieut. Angel Cervera, and the other officers of his staff.

The steamer left about noon today.

MAINE MAN

TRIES TO SUICIDE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—Wm. D. Baker, a young man from Augusta, Me., has attempted suicide by gas asphyxiation in a lodging house. He was supposed to be dead when found, but was revived at the receiving hospital. He was formerly clerk in the office of the United States legation at Tokio. Despondency was the cause of his act.

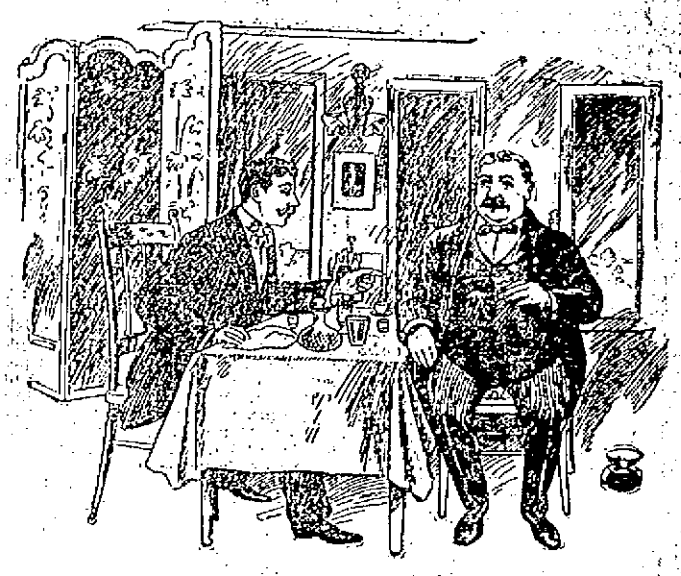
EXTRADITION QUESTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The question of the extradition of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning will doubtless be brought to a focus on Tuesday morning. Governor Budd will hear the testimony of the prosecution and the argument of the defense.

TO RUN FOUR DAYS.

The mills of the Lowell (carpet) company, or at least the Ingrain department will run four days this week, a welcome change for the help from the period of idleness.



For that full feeling that comes after eating, there is a remedy, simple but effective and immediate. A Ripans Tabule—take one, swallow it and there you are. One who gets just as full in any other way is not so uncomfortable *at the time*. That sensation, to him, comes later. To prevent it take a Tabule before going to bed.

A new style tucker containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a fancy carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—THE FIFTH CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five cent cartons (12 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

DEWEY SAYS

The Filipinos Can't be Trusted.

Interview With Aguinaldo—Incident That Nearly Precipitated an Attack—Reply to Spain's Protest—Parade of Troops Abandoned—Camp Wikoff to be Abandoned.

Manila, Sept.13.—Rear Admiral Dewey considers the situation critical. It is understood he has asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship.

The correspondent of the Associated Press has had an interview with Aguinaldo, who said there were 67,000 insurgents armed with rifles. He added he could raise 100,000 men. Indeed, the insurgent leader pointed out, the whole population of the Philippine islands was willing to fight for their independence. Continuing, he said he had 5000 military prisoners, including 5000 in the vicinity of Manila, besides civil prisoners. Later Aguinaldo said the "provisional government" was now operating 28 provinces. He asserted that on Aug. 2 they elected delegates in number proportionate to the population. As to the Americans, Aguinaldo remarked that he considered them as brothers and that "the two sovereign republics were allied against a common enemy."

When questioned as to whether the future Filipino policy would be absolute independence, Aguinaldo excused himself from replying and asked what America intended to do. The correspondent being unable to answer this question, Aguinaldo continued: "We have been fighting for independence for a long time. The natives who profess to favor annexation are insincere. It is merely a ruse to ascertain American views."

Asked if the Filipinos would object to the retention of Manila, the general declined to answer.

Would the Filipinos object to America retaining a coaling station, if recognizing the independence of the islands or establishing a temporary protectorate over them? Aguinaldo again declined to answer. Pending the conclusion of the assembly, Aguinaldo said, he was confident there would be no trouble between America and the Filipinos.

The insurgents' leader denied having received a request from General Otis and Rear Admiral Dewey to withdraw his troops to a prescribed distance from Manila and Cavite, and he declined to discuss the effect of such a request. He further asserted that he had never conferred with the American authorities since the capitulation of Manila, and that he had never authorized the insurgents to search or disarm Americans crossing the lines.

The correspondent closely questioned him about last Saturday's incident when the Pennsylvania troops proceeded to establish a new outpost. The Filipinos objected and nearly precipitated hostilities, ordering the Americans to withdraw in 20 minutes. They issued ammunition and intercepted the American reinforcements. Finally General Hale ordered all the Pennsylvanians to advance, and the rebels withdrew. The local governor has explained that the incident was a complete mistake and has repudiated his subordinates' action. Aguinaldo declared to this correspondent that the Filipino who made the trouble merely pretended to be an officer, and is entirely unconnected with the insurgent army. Aguinaldo complained that the Spaniards were "disseminating false reports for the purpose of fomenting antagonism between the Filipinos and the Americans."

The whole interview conveyed the impression that Aguinaldo desires absolute independence, regards the mission of the Americans here as accomplished and expects their withdrawal, "just as the French, with Lafayette, withdrew after helping the Americans in the war of independence, a war of humanity." Just now Aguinaldo maintains the role of extreme friendship.

REPLY TO SPAIN'S PROTEST.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A Madrid dispatch in regard to the American reply to the Spanish note, protesting against hostilities on the part of the insurgents of the Philippine islands, was shown to the first secretary of the French embassy yesterday. He said that as Ambassador Cambon was absent from Washington for several weeks, the reply was not sent by him personally. If such a reply had been made, it would have gone through the hands of the first secretary, but he declined positively to say whether or not he had forwarded a message of such a character.

The officials of the state department also refused to make known the nature of the communications exchanged between the two governments regarding the matter. It is known, however, that in response to urgent appeals from the Spanish government to protect the Spaniards living in the Philippines from the insurgents during the continuance of the truce now in force, General Otis was instructed to use his influence with the insurgent leaders to cause them to stop active hostilities for the time. Touching the departure from Manila of insurgent parties on ships to carry the revolution among other islands of the group, it is learned that such expeditions have not been sent out since the signature of the protocol, and the incident which formed the basis of the Spanish representations on the subject happened sometime ago when it was warranted.

EACH TO HAVE A CONTRACT.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The navy department has arrived at what it regards as a fair and satisfactory settlement of the question of awarding the contracts for the construction of the three battleships. Upon examination of the plans submitted by the bidders, it was found that the only thoroughly satisfactory one was that submitted by Cramp, who had simply taken the alternate plans suggested by the navy department, which amounted to lengthening the hull of the ships from 15 to 25 feet, in order to gain room for the more powerful engines required to drive the ship at a speed of 18½ knots, instead of 15 knots, as at first proposed. After considering the subject in all aspects, the board of naval bureau chiefs has hit upon a solution of the question. It has invited the Newport News company and the Union iron works to amend their plans so as to make their ships identical with that proposed by Cramp.

DENBY FAVORS POSSESSION.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Charles Denby, former minister of the United States to China, paid his respects to the president Monday. In answer to inquiries, he said that in his judgment the United States should retain permanent possession of all or practically all of the Philippine islands. To surrender them to Spain would be only to invite a controversy, and possibly war, among the European nations for their possession. If the United States is to make an effort to secure any considerable portion of the markets of the far east, the Philippines would be of very great advantage to us.

COLONEL CHARLES DENBY.

Mr. Denby thought that the eastern question had been practically settled, for the present at least. He did not believe that there was anything in the situation to justify the expectation of a partition of China among the powers. Russia had already secured territorial concessions which completely satisfied all her desires in that particular direction, and as trade and trade facilities were the only objects of English and German concern in China, he saw no good reason why they should desire her dismemberment. In any event Mr. Denby said he did not look for any immediate change in the present status.

ABANDONED THE PARADE.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The plan of having a parade in New York of the troops returning from Porto Rico and those at Montauk Point has been definitely abandoned. This is the result of conferences on the subject between the president and General Miles, and of consultations with army officers at New York and Camp Wikoff.

TWO WINTER HOSPITALS.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Interesting details of the plans of the war department for the establishment of two large and well equipped winter hospitals for the troops were furnished by Surgeon General Sternberg yesterday. He said the medical department for sometime had been at work erecting such a hospital on the government reservation at Fort Monroe. There is already at the fort a tent hospital in excellent shape, capable of accommodating 600 patients. The new hospital is intended for the reception of sick soldiers returning from Porto Rico.

Looking ahead to the possibility of an extended occupancy of Cuban ports by the army, with the resulting requirements upon the medical department for the care of the sick, Dr. Sternberg is planning for another hospital on even a larger scale at some of the southern ports below Fortress Monroe and more accessible from Cuba. The impression prevails that the hospital will be located either in Charleston or Savannah.

"FROM MY OWN ORDERS."

Detroit, Sept. 13.—Concerning reports from Camp Wikoff that the camp is preparing to break up under peremptory new orders from General Miles, Secretary Alger said: "There is nothing new in that. Camp Wikoff from the first was merely intended as a detention camp. The purpose from the first has been to get the soldiers away from there as soon as possible. No change in purpose is indicated by these dispatches from my own orders given before I left Washington."

INSURGENTS LOSE VESSELS.

Madrid, Sept.13.—Captain Aunon, minister of marine, received an important dispatch from the Philippines, describing a conflict between the Spanish gunboats and an insurgent flotilla, in which the former successfully prevented an insurgent landing in the Visayas. According to the dispatch, the insurgents had five vessels, all of which were sunk. The Spaniards had no loss, but the telegrams assert that hundreds of the insurgents are believed to have perished.

HONORED THEIR GOVERNOR.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The First regiment of volunteers, New Hampshire's quota in men to uphold the country's flag, went through yesterday what was probably its last dress ceremony before it is finally mustered out of service, the occasion being a grand review complimentary to Governor Ramsdell. The regiment as it passed in review was a revelation. It swung along with the precision of regulars and showed far different organization from that which the governor reviewed last May. As the colors came in front of the reviewing party the bands of music ceased and the trumpets played "To the colors," a ceremony in the tactics heretofore overlooked by the state militia.

CROPS MATURED RAPIDLY.

Boston, Sept. 13.—Crops of all kinds have matured rapidly. The showers serve to keep the meadows and pastures green. The warm, clear weather of the first days of last week was favorable to growing crops, and the cooler weather at the close helped to mature corn, grain, colored the fruit, and favored farm work generally. Light to killing frost occurred on the mornings of the 10th, 11th and 12th, though damage resulted in but few sections. In the vicinity of Northfield, Vt., vines, tender vegetation and corn-fodder were injured to a considerable extent. A portion of the corn crop in many sections of the district is still subject to injury. Excepting corn, crops are now generally secured. Fall feed is still plentiful, and the winter season at present promises to begin under most favorable conditions.

Seeding in many instances is completed, and is nearing the end for the entire district. It has been favored by good weather. Corn is being secured; with few exceptions the crop is the largest of recent years. Many silos have been filled with good crops; this work will soon be finished. Buckwheat is mostly harvested; the crop is considered excellent.

Grass continues in excellent condition in most sections. Pastures and meadows are green. Considerable hay (second crop) was secured during the week. In some sections the burns are full to overflowing, and many acres of grass will not be cut.

Apples are coloring rapidly, earlier than usual in places. Wind has caused dropping. Fall berries are in sufficient supply. Cranberry picking has begun, though little has yet been done; all report a light crop of good fruit. Pears and plums are in fair supply. Grapes are ripening.

Tomatoes have ripened rapidly in most sections, and the supply is abundant. Potato digging is in progress throughout the district; the crop is uneven, though the yield, it is believed, will fully equal the average. While the complaint of rot is widespread, great loss will result in but few sections. The warm, moist weather has not favored cabbage, lima beans and cauliflower.

Tobacco is about secured, and is curing well, although the warm days were not favorable. The crop exceeds the average in quantity, and is of good quality.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is stated officially that Colonel Charles F. Woodward, late colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteers, has applied for his old post as colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer militia.

The post hospital at the Washington barracks, the Sternberg and Sanger field hospitals at Chickamauga park, and the military hospitals at Ponce, Porto Rico, have been designated as general hospitals, and are placed under the exclusive control of the surgeon general of the army.

The International Silver company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital not to exceed $30,000,000, has made an offer for the stock of the Meriden Conn., concerns. This contemplates the combination under one head of nearly 20 of the largest silver and silverplateware concerns in the country.

The caucus which it is customary to hold in Concord on the night before the state convention of New Hampshire Republicans was much livelier than usual. Senator Chandler and Ex-Governor Busiel opposed the appointment by the caucus of a committee on resolutions, urging that it should be done by the convention. They were beaten, 248 to 96.

KILLED A BABY.

Indianapolis, Sept. 13.—While Mrs. Cornelius Driscoll of this city was attending the funeral of Howard Lansing, her cousin, who was murdered Saturday night by George White, her 5-year-old daughter picked up a rifle to amuse her 4-months-old brother, who was crying. In some manner the gun was discharged. The bullet struck the baby in the forehead, causing instant death.

ROBBERS WELL REWARDED.

Bennington, Sept. 13.—The Richmond store at Hoosick was entered by burglars Sunday night, and the safe was blown open. The booty was $312 in cash, a diamond ring, and a number of valuable papers.

Private James S. Drumm, Company M, Ninth Massachusetts of Lowell, is the guest of Earl Thompson, 127 East Hollis street, Nashua.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady canvassers; $8 per week salary. Call at 69 Middlesex street, room 6, from 8 to 12 a. m., 4 to 8 p. m.

WANTED—A table girl. Inquire at 370 Chelmsford street, Lincoln Square Dining Rooms.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 33.

WANTED—A good man to go into partnership with F. L. Wyeth in the Custom Shirt business. Mr. Wyeth to furnish said partner with shirts made in any style and length to please partner, and to deliver the same within one month. The partner agreeing to pay $1.00 or more each, according to quality, and to wear out said shirt promptly, so Wyeth can make him more. Address F. L. Wyeth, Lowell, or telephone clerk at office.

WANTED—Five kitchen girls at the Central Employment office, 225 Gorham street, R. A. Moore.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. F. T. Hicks, Room 34, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 81 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—At once, agent to sell home grown nursery stock. For terms address Southworth Bros., Beverly, Mass.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 472 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 552 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 31, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 104 Central street.

WANT NOONANS!—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, E. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Boody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Strayed or stolen brindle and white dog, name and license number on collar. Reward at 382 Broadway.

LOST—At Lakeview Sunday afternoon a pocketbook containing a sum of money and two notes was taken from a lady's pocket. If the person will return notes no questions will be asked and reward will be given. Deacon Studio, 99 Central street.

LOST—On Friday a pocketbook containing a sum of money. Reward. Samuel Gordon, 71 Railroad street.

TO LET.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank Building, 145 Merrimack Street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rents moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 322 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—91 Middle street.

TENEMENT TO LET—Half a house, seven rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar, large yard at 20 Sargent street. Terms easy, $15 per month. Enquire 68 Sargent street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Guertin, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
H. H. Carey } Clerks } H. Gervais.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmical Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 571-2.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL,
young men for war, and Dows' Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, assuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 360 Central Street.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Shop, Carriages, Delivery Wagons, Bicycle, Mill, Stable and Street Use.
Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed furnished. Lantern Globes, white, red or blue.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

CALL at 350 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ready's boiler shop, Fay street. Inquire of J. M. Butman, 1 Coral street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under surry and Stanhope in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, pannel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ton R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 50x80, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1123 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

NOTICE—I have six different kinds of stamps for cancelling Internal Revenue Stamps, also everything in the rubber stamp line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out
and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 366 Middlesex street, where you can save money by having your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid new 2-1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very slightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
SHARON HOUSE
Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1 to Oct. 1.
B. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
189 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 461-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

2-MONEY SAVERS-2
1 lot of Little Boys' Russet Lace Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, regular price $1.00, our price, 85c. a Pair.
1 lot of Misses' Chocolate Color Lace Spring Heel Shoes, regular $1.50 values, to close out $1.00 a Pair.
The above Shoes are seasonable and will give entire satisfaction as to fit and wear. The changing of shades for each season compels us to suffer a loss rather than carry them over.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

JUST TRY US.
When you find that your carriage is showing the need of repairs. We are the expert carriage repairers of Lowell, and give to every job the careful attention which has made the name of SAWYER stand for the BEST when used in connection with
CARRIAGE REPAIRS OR CARRIAGE BUILDING.
We will call and get your vehicle if you will send a card asking us to do so.
SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

We owe an apology to our patrons for the delay in announcing our Great Special Sale of the E. C. Wescott Co. stock which we recently purchased at auction. The stock was so large and varied that it has taken us much longer to get it in readiness than we anticipated, but we are pleased to say that we shall have it ready next week and will announce full particulars as early as possible. Meanwhile we shall offer a

GREAT BARGAIN
IN SLIGHTLY DAMAGED
Lace Curtains
Thursday Morning, Sept. 15.

The entire stock of LACE CURTAINS that were slightly damaged by the recent fire in the stock room of the Glasgow Manufacturing Co., Boston, have been purchased by us and will be placed on sale

Thursday Morning Next
At 8 O'Clock.

The Glasgow Co. are large Importers and these curtains were all new and handsome designs of this season's importation. The damage was largely by water and smoke and confined principally to the outside wrappers, the curtains themselves being injured only by a slight odor of smoke which is fast disappearing. They represent Irish Point, Brussels, Fish Net, Nottingham, Tambour and other desirable grades.

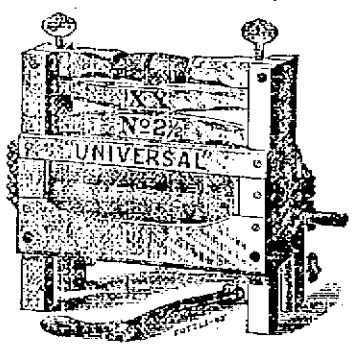
This special sale will take place in our wide centre aisle, Palmer street, which will afford plenty of room for the large display as well as prompt attention to customers.

We closed the entire lot at a mere nominal price a few hours after the insurance underwriters had adjusted the loss and shall offer them at unprecedented low prices, being less than one-half the cost of importation.

Sale to commence Thursday morning. Call early and secure the best selection.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

WRINGERS $1.48 and Upwards.



We have all the leading makes. Our ball bearing Wringer is the easiest turning Wringer in the world.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $16 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 26, 28, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.$5 to $10 a Set

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Geodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

IF TEXAS HAD SEVENTY MILLION PEOPLE--

It Would Have Only the Density of Population of Our New Colony, Porto Rico.

While it is undoubtedly true that an enormous amount of development of one sort and another is possible in every one of the island colonies which yesterday were Spain's but to-day are ours, if anybody's, it is also true that there is much misapprehension regarding them.

For instance, there has been a great deal of talk about the undeveloped agricultural resources of Porto Rico, and more than one ordinarily level-headed American has dreamed dreams of fortunes to be made there by raising certain crops. But these dreams are generally regarded as delusive by the well informed, for Porto Rico is already over-cultivated, if anything. Certainly her soil is far more assiduously tended than that of any state in this Union. There may be some sections in a few of the older states that have reached a grade of agricultural development approaching that of Porto Rico, but they are few and small. And there is no comparison whatever between the high state of cultivation attained there and the agricultural development of the greater part of the available farming land in this country.

This statement is made primarily on the evidence of travellers in Porto Rico who speak with wonder of the thorough subjugation of the soil there; but it need not rest on their evidence alone. It is fully borne out by figures, which sometimes lie, but are perfectly trustworthy in this instance. Porto Rico, with an area of only 3,550 square miles, less than one-thirteenth the area of the state of New York, has a population of about 800,000, or 225 to the square mile, and most of this population is agricultural at that. The United States, with an area of 3,609,000 square miles, has a population of about 74,500,000, or only 21 to the square mile, a much larger proportion living in cities and towns than is the case in Porto Rico.

There are, in truth, only two states in our Union that support a larger population to the square mile than Porto Rico. These are Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Massachusetts, with an area of 8,315 square miles, has a population of 2,238,943, or 269 to the square mile. Little Rhode Island, with 1,250 square miles, has 345,506, or 276 to the square mile. But neither of these states is chiefly agricultural—in fact the bulk of the population in both is supported by the mills and factories in the cities and towns. The farms of neither Massachusetts nor Rhode Island are cultivated with anything like the care bestowed upon the Porto Rican acres, nor will they be until the United States is desperately crowded, much more desperately, perhaps, than it will be in the lifetime of anyone who reads this article.

No state besides these two approaches Porto Rico in density of population. New Jersey, largely a manufacturing and suburban community, supports 184 persons to the square mile; Connecticut, chiefly by manufactures, supports 149 to the square mile; New York supports 132, vastly more than half by commercial and manufacturing enterprises, and Pennsylvania, with the third largest city in the Union, and her myriads of miners, 116.

These figures are enough to show that the enterprising American, desirous of winning wealth by agricultural pursuits, would find far more room for his ambitions in some of the most thickly populated states of the Union than in Porto Rico, to say nothing of California, with its vast territory, embracing 158,360 square miles, whereon dwell about 1,300,000 souls, or eight to the square mile; or Texas, extending over 265,780, with 2,230,000 inhabitants and about the same density. There is, in fact, a better chance for agricultural expansion in Michigan or Missouri, or Illinois or Indiana or any other state in the country except those which are too arid or too mountainous to cultivate profitably.

It is a little different with Cuba, and yet the population of that fair island, though not to be compared as to density with that of Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey or Connecticut, is still greater than that of the United States as a whole. Before the beginning of the insurrection, which was followed by the Spanish-American war, Cuba had a population of more than 1,500,000, which was supported on 43,220 square miles, or about 34 to the mile. Allowing for all probable decrease, Cuba must still contain 1,000,000 souls.

This, however, is by no means dense enough to preclude a great degree of agricultural expansion, especially as the soil of Cuba is wondrously productive; there is no arid area and nearly every square foot of territory can be cultivated. Aside from climatic drawbacks, Cuba should, and, in spite of them probably will, furnish a field for the agricultural exploitation of much American capital. It is within the knowledge of the writer that the promoters of at least half a dozen schemes of this sort are now endeavoring to float stock and bonds in New York to carry them on. Some who invest will probably make money, but there isn't the slightest doubt that others—particularly among those who make primary investments, will lose their funds with neatness and dispatch.

Still another sort of condition exists in the Philippines, where with an area of 114,326 square miles, the population is about 9,500,000, or 83 to the square mile.

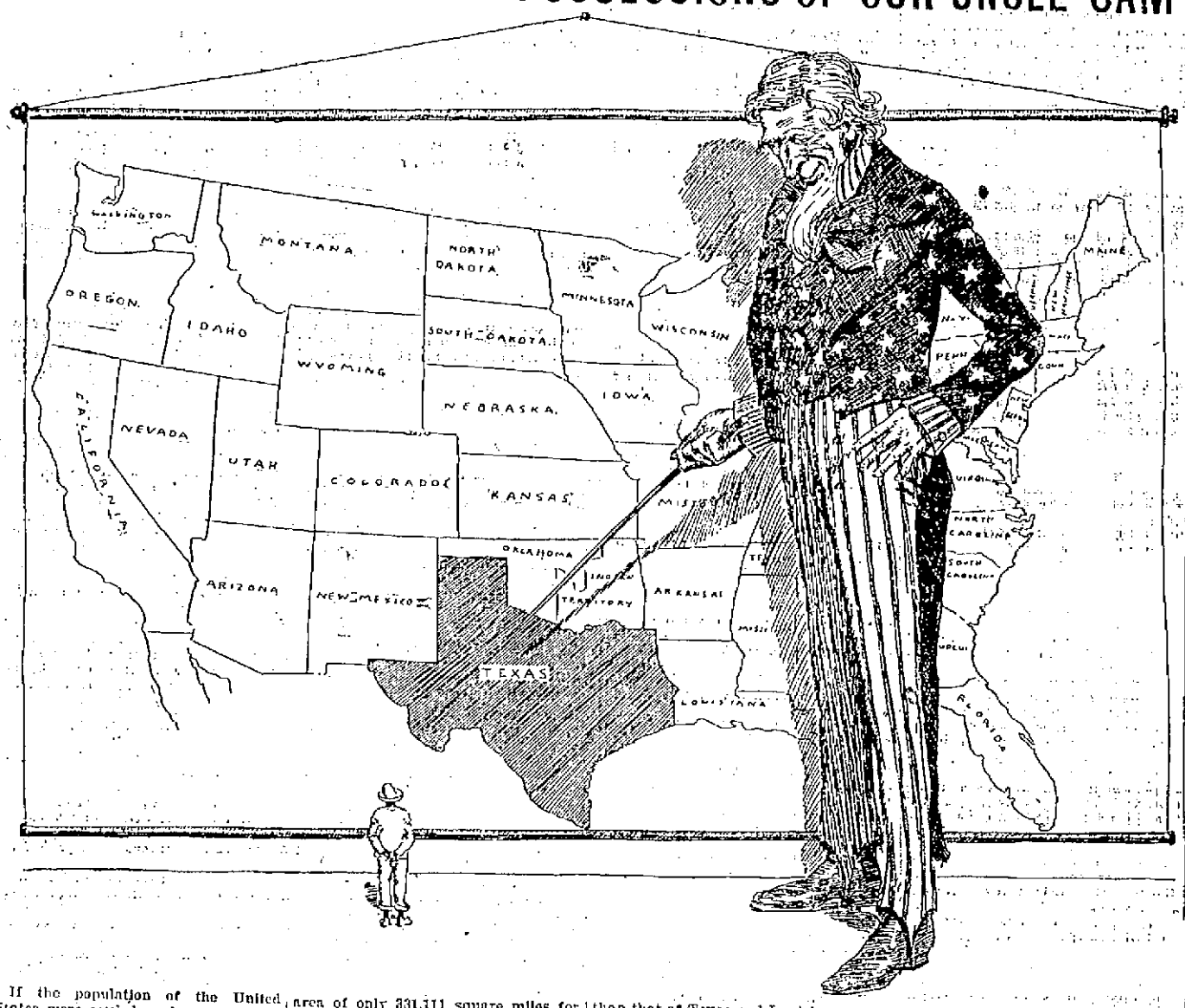
This is really denser than it seems, since the proportion of arable acres in that group of oriental islands is much smaller than in either Cuba or Porto Rico. The density in the Philippines is almost the same as in Delaware, where the area is 2,050 square miles and the population 168,493, or about 82 to the mile. Yet, should the Philippines finally fall under our dominion, there will undoubtedly be some cultivation of their soil by American capital, though it is highly improbable that laborers from America or any other country of a temperate climate can be employed on the plantations because of the climate.

The same will undoubtedly hold good with regard to the West Indian islands. Thus, while American capital may be profitably employed in the agricultural development and surely will find a place in the commercial development of the Spanish islands, they will afford little or no outlet for the surplus labor of this country. American managers, will, undoubtedly, direct whatever American enterprises are established in any of the islands and a few Americans may find employment as clerks, but even they will be few, since men of native birth, who can stand the climate better, may be hired for smaller wages in both Cuba and Porto Rico than Americans would demand, while in the Philippines the Chinese—in some respects the finest clerks in the world—may be had for stipends that would seem pitiful to the most modest occidental. But this is trenching on a problem which is sure to be taken up by the labor organizations of the country and over which more than one pitched political battle is certain to be fought.

The total population of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines is 11,800,000, or a little more than one-seventh as large as the population of the United States and almost identical with that of New England and the State of New York combined. The population of the Philippines is about once and a half as large as that of New York.

The total area of the Spanish islands is 161,096 square miles, about one-twenty-second of the area of the United States, which is 3,602,600 square miles, a little more than the area of California, while the entire Philippine archipelago, with Cuba and Porto Rico crowded alongside, would have ample room in a sea as big as Texas, with more than 100,000 square miles to spare for water space.

ONLY A DROP IN THE VAST POSSESSIONS OF OUR UNCLE SAM



If the population of the United States were settled as densely as that of Porto Rico, it would require an area of only 331,111 square miles for its support, or about twice the territory of all the islands and a little more than that of Texas and Louisiana combined. Were the entire United States peopled as densely as Porto Rico its inhabitants would number 810,672,750, or more than twice the vast population of China.

PORTO RICO'S "NIGHTINGALE OF THE HILLS."

Lola Rodriquez de Tio, Whose Songs Have Added Fuel to the Freedom-Forging Flames.

Lola Rodriquez de Tio is a woman with three reputations, each of them excellent and extraordinary. She ranks high among the world's conchologists, as a poetess she is read with keen emotion and delight wherever the Spanish language is understood, and as a public speaker she is one of the leaders of Porto Rican thought. An exile from her native island of Porto Rico, and a refugee from Cuba, whence she fled from the wrath of Weyler with her husband, also an exile, some time before the butcher was recalled, she is living now in New York city, with Signor Tio and their daughter, a graduate in philosophy of the University of Havana. The Tio home is a charming center of the intellectual life of the Porto Rican colony and affords an admirable illustration of the hospitality for which Porto Rico is so famous. There the poetess holds court, and with her husband, formerly the editor of those outspoken papers, La Razon and La Patria, debates before her friends upon the future of the island they love so fondly.

Signora Tio, "the nightingale of the hills," as the Porto Ricans call her, was born in the Villa de las Lomas, San Yermann, in September, 1851. Her grandmother had been a writer of distinction and an admirable linguist. Her father was a doctor of laws, a scholar and an eloquent advocate with practice extending over the whole island. His example was her inheritance. She learned unconsciously from him to speak directly and agreeably and to write gracefully. He was an autonomist, though at that time the government of Porto Rico forbade the use of that word by any political party on the island, saying it was only a synonym for Separatist. The daughter took kindly to her father's ideas, and when hardly in her teens was an out and out Separatist. She wrote many popular songs and ballads full of the spirit of freedom. These had a wide circulation and were the lullabys of many a Porto Rican household.

Dr. Nalverde, a political exile from San Domingo, and a friend of Signor Rodriguez, interested himself in the girl's education, being attracted by her gift of poesy, and instructed her in the Spanish classical style. She was an apt scholar and soon composed verse that attracted attention throughout the Spanish West Indies and even in Spain. In 1873, the year that saw the end of slavery in Porto Rico, Lola Rodriguez, then just 22 year old, made an address at the graduation exercises of the college in Mayaguez. She was the first woman in the island to speak publicly before an audience. It was a time of much political excitement. Porto Ricans were eager for reform. They wished Spain to separate the military and civil departments of the government. They were willing, they said, to have a captain general, but let him confine himself to military affairs exclusively and let another man hold the chief civil office. They wished also to elect their own provincial governors, instead of having them sent over by Spain, who appointed them not because of their fitness, but because she wished them out of the way. These worthy Spanish appointees shed tears on leaving their beloved Spain, but swore upon their honor to return again as soon as they had stolen enough to pay their debts. Another thing the native Porto Ricans wished was freedom of the press. The captain general's regulations demanded that at least four hours before any paper was issued the proof sheets should be sent to the censor for approval. His blue pencil was a judgment against which there was no appeal.

The signorita spoke eloquently, though guardedly of all these things. She besought Spain to give a mother's love to her child, far from her, almost hidden in the bosom of the sea, and she prayed that the child should show herself worthy of such love and deserving of perfect trust. The grace of the speaker's manner, the beauty of her language, won all hearts, and the brave words she spoke wrought her audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. In a day she had added to her fame throughout the island. She was poetess and prophetess in one. Her college address was the beginning of an active propaganda in Porto Rico that ended only when she and her husband were offered their choice between jail and the wide, wide world.

La Razon and La Patria were suppressed, but the words of the patriot editor remained in the minds of the people. Even a captain general cannot imprison an idea. Nor could the ballads and poems of the sweet singer of the hills be exiled. The first volume, "Mes Cantares," appeared in 1870, and soon was in every book stall in Mexico, Central America, South America, the West Indies and even in Spain. A second volume appeared in Caracas, Venezuela, in 1878, followed by "Mis Poesias" in 1880, and "Mi Libro de Cuba" in 1892. In Caracas a warm friendship sprang up between the Tios and Professor Hostos, who was then at the head of educational affairs in Venezuela. The Tios are enthusiastically expectant of good results from the professor's present mission to the island, whence he was banished many years ago. After two years in Caracas a new governor general came from Spain to Porto Rico and the poetess returned to her native island, where she and her husband continued the work they had done so much to promote in earlier years. In the meantime Signora Tio' poems were gaining fame for the authoress. An Italian critic known as Amicis, was adding to his reputation by translating them. Fastenrath was calling them to the attention of the Germans, and several French critics, among them Pierre Loti, were putting them into copy for the Parisian publishers. In Spain Menedez Pelayo, a member of the academy, a distinguished critic, called a meeting of his confreres, among whom were Pouaranda, Bahymer, Campillo and Lepoldo Alas, who sent a testimonial of congratulation to Signora Tio and a diamond brooch in the symbolic design of a harp. This is the proudest of her possessions. She wore it when she sat for the accompanying picture.

In 1887 Porto Rico was again too uncomfortable, owing to official persecutions, and the Tios came to New York whence they soon went to Cuba. Then the poetess, who for some years had been gathering and classifying the shells of the Antilles as a recreation and diversion from her political and literary work, made the acquaintance of several eminent naturalists, who brought her to the notice of their friends in other parts of the world. She received many contributions from distant lands. One enthusiastic conchologist in the Philippines, no less a personage than the captain general himself, wrote that the interest her exquisite verse had awakened in him had been augmented intensely now that he learned from his esteemed friend, Carlos de la Torre, that the queen of verse had rare knowledge of shells as well as rythm. He begged her to accept a few specimens from the island of the Pacific. With the letter came a complete collection of the shells of the Philippine Islands.

While the Tios were in Cuba Signorita Tio entered the University of Havana and in due course was graduated from that famous seat of learning with the degree of doctor of philosophy. Signor Tio was busy with his editorial work and the poetess carried on her propaganda against Spanish oppression. In 1892 her fourth volume of poems appeared and the Spanish speaking world accorded it a hearty welcome. The outbreak of the revolution gave much encouragement to the cause for which the Tios had dedicated their lives, but with the coming of Weyler they soon suffered a persecution compared to which their troubles in Porto Rico were mild indeed, and they were glad to escape with their lives.

A proposal has been made by a French chemist to obtain easily assimilable iron ionics from vegetables by feeding the plants judiciously with iron fertilisers.

Young lady (tailor-made): "Take my seat, please."

Old Lady (near-sighted, but grateful): "Thank you, sir. You are the only gentleman in the car."

LOLA RODRIQUEZ DE TIO, POETESS.

WHAT PORTO RICANS THINK OF SAGASTA.

Porto Ricans have a liking for Sagasta, though they detest the government of which he is the head. All things considered they have got along better under him than under any other Spanish premier. He granted them a large measure of the reforms they asked for and they are grateful, though they admit the granting was by no means voluntary, but was done reluctantly and under protest. Still the aged statesman has met many of the islanders, and all of them agree that personally he is charming. He is jolly and interesting and speaks frankly.

In this he differs from all other Spaniards in Madrid. There is nothing of the rhetorician about him; no flourishes of speech; no elaborate and ornate periods about the honor and dignity of the nation. He knows all about these two Spanish attributes; and he would rejoice to find they existed elsewhere than in the imaginations of the orators in the Cortes. As he does not find anything tangible about this honor and dignity, he accepts the condition and does the best he can. He worships the god of things as they are, and does not attempt to instill practical, hopeful common sense into minds unfitted to receive it. He does not urge the rhetoricians to move forward toward high ideals, but he lets them talk and manages them. That is the Porto Rican view.

Sagasta has done well for himself, but he has done more for Spain than any other minister of recent times. He has lived among pilferers and possibly is a pilferer himself, but his simple life and the commonplace lodgings he occupies on the first floor of an ordinary apartment house on the Plaza Celenque do not indicate that he has amassed great wealth.

He is almost the only Spaniard in official life that uses the word "steal." The others say "interfiltration," or "percolation." He will have none of the elaborate euphonistic vocabulary of the official class. He is as frank as Dean Swift and as keen in wit, but he has a suavity the Dean sorely lacked. He believes in himself and is sure he can do as well by Spain as any other man, consequently, as he loves power, he accepts office. When he is out he does not worry. Indeed, he has stepped out voluntarily several times. He used to see-saw gracefully with Canovas, and apparently was on the best understanding with his political opponent. The "up and down" scheme was carried on with courteous consideration.

Although Sagasta is a Grand Master of the order of Masons, he is the intimate friend of the high functionaries of the Roman Catholic church in Spain. This speaks volumes for his urbanity and tact. He has been a sort of grandpa to the boy king, and has won the confidence of the queen regent so that she trusts him implicitly. He was minister of state under Alfonso XII, under Marshal Serrano during his regency (1868-'70), under Amadeus of Aosta, the second son of Victor Emanuel, who resigned in 1873, and under General Prim, who, in 1868, was president of the council, minister of war and commander-in-chief of the army, with the rank of marshal. Something in this reminds one of Talleyrand, who took care to stand well with whoever was in power, saying, in explanation that by so doing he could best serve France.

INTERESTING FACTS.

If Paul Jones in ghostly guise wanders around the warships of our new navy he must see many surprising accessories to the fighting and working forces as organized in his day. One novel and necessary addition to the crew of a warship of the present time is the submarine diver. The importance of this individual to the welfare of a warship has been amply shown during the recent operations against the Spanish fleets. Speed has been the most important point in the manoeuvring during the opening events of the war, and this has rendered it necessary for our ships to be in the best possible trim for fast work; as, owing to the lack of drydocks to enable us to clean the foul bottoms of our vessels when they come off a long voyage, it has been necessary to send divers down to do the work as best they could.

It has not been done well, but it has been the best kind of substitute that could be found for the proper article. The submarine divers are able only to scrape away the barnacles and seaweed, and even then they are so handicapped by the heaviness and unhandiness of their dress that it is impossible to do the work in any but a clumsy and incomplete way.

But, good or bad, the diver has become a necessary part of the ship's crew. Many warships carry one or more trained divers. He must be possessed of an exceptionally strong constitution, and above all without the slightest tendency to any heart trouble.

A clever adaptation of the principle of cataphoresis, by which medicines are driven through the skin to any part within the body by means of electrical currents, has been made in the decoration of leather. The zinc covered table on which the hide or skin is placed forms the positive pole for the generation of current. The fluid dyeing material is poured on this table, and the negative pole is then connected to the leather. The current stamps the required design on the immediate surface of the leather and carries the coloring matter within. Patterns may be made on the leather by covering it with an ordinary stencil system and connecting the plates to the negative pole.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.
Sun rises—5:28; sets, 6:56.
Moon rises—3.57 a. m.
High water—10 a. m.; 10:15 p. m.

No well-defined storm appeared on the chart last night, and the indications seemed favorable to a continuance of fair weather in New England through part and perhaps all of Wednesday. The warmer weather is moving east and will doubtless reach the eastern states by Wednesday or Thursday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WITH TEA.

We have received a new lot of Clothes Baskets one with a pound of 60-cent Tea, Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money to or to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

Stationery at bottom prices. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The water board met last night, but transacted only business of minor importance.

Have your steam boiler put in order before cold weather. Drop postal to E. J. Carroll & Co., 73 Middle street.

Alfred R. Kenedy and Edgar F. Cilley of this city, and Amos Fitzgerald of Brewster, left yesterday for Dartmouth college.

Walter H. Mason, teacher of pianoforte will resume his classes on and after Sept. 12, 1898. Residence, 838 Bridge street.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

A. F. Roach has transferred his liquor business from Crosby street to the corner of Palmer and Middle Sts. where none but the best ales and liquors will be kept. Give Andy a call.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The board of health was to have held a conference yesterday afternoon with Supt. True of the lands and buildings department with reference to the building of a contagious hospital, but owing to the absence of Supt. True the meeting was necessarily deferred.

MISS MILLER'S INJURY.

Miss Ruby Miller of 1134 Lawrence street, who was injured at Scripture's laundry Saturday, has now recovered. Her injuries were caused by slipping on a wet floor and striking on her elbow, not from an attack of hysteria, as erroneously reported.

THE LIVELY RUSSELL BOYS.

James S. Russell of Lowell, aged 91, has been visiting his brother, Dr. William L. Russell, of Barre, aged 99, and it is said that the boys had great fun while together. They had a rollicking game of croquet, then took a round or two at whist. Then for livelier diversion they scampered off to the old "sopsy" apple tree in the orchard the scene of many a youthful depredation in the past, raced up its wide-spreading branches and filled their pockets with red-streaked fruit. After that they concluded that a swim in the brook down in the meadow would be about the thing and after a lively gambol in the sparkling waters, they raced up to the barn for a frolic in the sweet-smelling hay mow. A tramp of about four miles after the cows during which the boys picked ten quarts of blackberries, a corn-roast in the evening, followed by a good, old-fashioned shakedown in the kitchen, and another round of whist, filled out a day long to be remembered by the Russell boys.—Athol Transcript.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

BY WEAVERS' UNION ON THE DEATH OF A MEMBER.

Resolutions on the death of Sister Annie Curley:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to summon before His heavenly throne our esteemed friend and worthy member, Annie Curley, thus severing the many pleasant ties that bound us from our earliest acquaintance; be it therefore

Resolved, that while we bow in submission to an all wise Providence in removing from our midst a sister who by her many virtues had endeared herself to every member of our union; we, the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union, are filled with grief at the loss of a sister who was wise and fearless in counsel and ever foremost amongst her brethren in laboring to spread the principles that form the foundation of our union;

Resolved, that we tender our heartfelt sympathy to her husband and children in this, their hour of affliction. She was an exemplary wife, a prudent, faithful and loving mother, who was to them an able and worthy guide and protector, and we trust that God in His goodness will give to them strength and fortitude to enable them to sustain their loss and to look with hope to that future when those who were ever dear to each other in this transitory life will again meet and be forever united;

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be published in the local papers and placed upon our records as a token of the esteem in which our late sister, Annie Curley, was held by the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union.

Lizzie Carnon,
Nellie Donnelly,
Annie McMullen,
Committee on Resolutions.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

THE FIGHT STOPPED

Erne-Lavigne Match Suppressed by Sheriff.

WOULD NOT ALLOW EVEN A SPARING EXHIBITION.

Jack Bonner Defeated Dan Creedon.

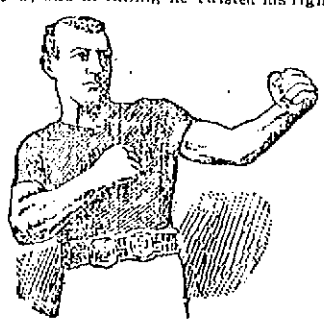
Cheektowaga, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Erne-Lavigne fight was declared off, the sheriff declining to permit the men to give even a sparring exhibition. The preliminary was also prevented by the sheriff, although he declined to make an arrest.

The spectators were greatly excited and roundly denounced the action of the sheriff, but no open act of violence was committed. A long and wordy wrangle between the sheriff and attorney then occurred, and after a long delay Beckwith and O'Donnell left the ring.

Secretary Wilson of the club was very bitter against the district attorney and sheriff, and hinted that the political influence of a New York fistic promoter was the cause of the contest being stopped. He said that he intended to go right ahead and would carry the matter to the highest courts if the state to establish the legality of the boxing, and he expressed himself as being satisfied that a verdict would be rendered in his favor.

CREEDON'S SPRAINED ANKLE.

New York, Sept. 13.—Jack Bonner, the middleweight pugilist from Summit, Pa., gained an easy victory over Dan Creedon, the Australian boxer, in the second round of their fight at the Greater New York Athletic club last night. Creedon was knocked down with a punch on the jaw, and in falling he twisted his right



DAN CREEDON.

ankle. He tried to regain his feet while the referee was counting off the seconds, but his ankle was too badly injured for him to stand up straight, and he fell again and was counted out. The doctor who attended the Australian found the ankle badly sprained.

BOXING GOSSIP.

The popular verdict regarding umpires is that they are a race of "robbers," "skins," and "thieves," or when honest a tribe of "lobsters," and "no goods." The pugilistic referee is in the same box. In the good old palmy days it was the custom to choose him at the ring side that the friends of either man might not have a chance to "get him" and corrupt him. With the advent of boxing clubs, "the professional referee," the man who is paid for his services, sprang into being. Macon was the first American who ever offered compensation to referee a fight. That was several years ago when the friends of Tommy Warren and Patsy O'Leary agreed on him as referee and offered him $100 and expenses from New York to Louisville, and return if he would serve. He declined the offer, partly because he was engaged in the newspaper business in the east and could not well leave his duties for a week, but mainly because he did not want to be paid dependent of fighters. In the old days a referee served for the love of sport. Now he wants to be paid for his services and well paid too.

In bringing off their fight at Buffalo Corbett and McCoy, win or lose stand to make a nice little sum of money out of it. A purse of $20,000 is hung up. Besides, the veriscope holds forth glittering visions of wealth. Both fighters are to share in this harvest of shekels if one is ever reaped. Neither sees the slightest reason why the reproduction of the coming battle should not equal in popularity the pictures of the Creedon affair.

As an instance of the success achieved by the Fitzsimmon veriscope it may be called to mind that a week's profit in Kansas City were $1500.

If McCoy conquers the ex-pugilist our his total financial returns will probably amount to $50,000 or over, for in addition to the veriscope percentage there will be scores of large and successful bets to his credit. The Kid always backs himself heavily.

John L. Sullivan while in New York the other night was asked:

"What do you think will be the outcome of the fight between Corbett and McCoy at Buffalo?"

"Fight? You mean the boxing match they have arranged. It ought to be worth seeing. But you oughtnt to refer to it as a fight, for you know they won't stand for a prize fight in Buffalo so they say a sparring match. Yes, but not a prize fight. I'd rather not try to trip the winner.

"I telegraphed Corbett, extending my sympathy when he met with the loss of his parents and told him he could count upon me as his friends at any time. I meant it and will stick to it.

Bouts scheduled for the remainder of the week:

WEDNESDAY.

George Byers vs. Frank Childs and Tony Drew vs. Jim Burroughs, Lenox A. C., New York.

THURSDAY.

Joe Brunner vs. Chick Crocker, Dayton.

Billy Ernst vs. Bobby Dobbs, Greenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

FRIDAY.

Bob Armstrong vs. Steve O'Donnell, Philadelphia.

Oscar Gardner vs. Jerry Marshall, Louisville.

SATURDAY.

Austin Rice vs. Patsy Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The ingenious father of an estimable young lady in Sheffield says Pearson's Weekly, recently rigged up a clever contrivance by which he discouraged a certain young man who had been accustomed to make love to his daughter. The old gentleman recently caught the young man and girl rather close together on the sofa. He read the girl a lecture, and made her promise not to let the young man sit beside her on the sofa again. He was suspicious and decided not to trust the girl's promise so he called in an electrician to carry out a little scheme of his. A contact plate was fitted just under the cushion of the sofa and another to the bottom of the frame in such a way that when the weight of two persons bore down on the top plate, it would touch the other and close the circuit. Wires were run from the place to the old man's bedroom, where as soon as the circuit would close, a small bell would ring. All this was done without the knowledge of the girl. The next night the young man called again and everything was as it should be until the old folks retired about 10 o'clock. About half an hour after the bell upstairs rang furiously. The old man sneaked downstairs and caught the lovers snuggled very close together on the sofa. The young man escaped with his life, fortunately, but the poor girl is locked up on a diet of bread and water.

The Sun delivery room assumed its winter lonesomeness again yesterday when the corps of newsboys returned to school to resume their studies. The only "lagger" was Mickey Neville who insisted that he was not playing "yuk" but only waiting for two o'clock. Mickey Donohue, the manager of the department, will not for some time tell first able to instruct second able to do some special "job of work."

PROMINENT RESIDENT.

EDWIN K. PARKHURST OF CHELMSFORD PASSES AWAY.

Edwin K. Parkhurst, a well known resident of Chelmsford, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning at 4 o'clock in his home in South street, aged 70 years. He had been in failing health about two years but his sudden death was wholly unexpected.

Nearly all his life was spent in Chelmsford and at all times he was assisting in the uplifting of the inhabitants. More than 20 years ago he instituted the Village Improvement association which is a fit monument to his memory.

Mr. Parkhurst was a man of more than average mental endowments and in his prime was a vigorous writer and a forcible, logical speaker. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Charlotte M. Howe who left two children, one now surviving, Mrs. Lester Ballard of New Salem. In 1863 he married Miss Olavia Larcom—a younger sister of the poet, Lucy Larcom, who survives him. Of their eight children the following are living: Charles E., Harry L., Edgar F., and Mrs. W. Hall of Chelmsford; Edwin L. of Lowell; Charlotte M. of Nashua, N. H., and Mrs. George L. Avery of Newton Highlands.

GOES ON FOREVER.

Col. William A. Gile, counsel for "Bunco" Reed, has filed his brief in the renowned case which came up in Middlesex county and which was appealed to the supreme court, the brief being heard at the immediate sitting of the supreme court in Middlesex county. In the superior court, from a Worcester county case, a new move has been made by Colonel Gile and another condition has been added to this interesting case with its many phases. Colonel Gile has filed a petition for a review of proceedings.

TILL TAPPER CAUGHT.

Dennis F. Shea, 19 years of age, was arrested last night by Officer Markham on the charge of larceny. It appears that he went into a Salem street store and managed to extract the sum of $4 from the till. He was discovered and placed under arrest.

THE SCHOOLS OPEN

And the Little Ones Desert the Streets.

NEW VARNUM AND NEW MOODY STREET SCHOOLS BEGIN

With a Large Number of Pupils.

The streets in the residential portion of the city once more present their quiet and almost deserted appearance between the hours of 9 and 12, and 2 and 4, for yesterday morning the school bell announced the opening of another scholastic year and the youngsters not altogether reluctantly gave up their play and shambled off to school. They presented a fine appearance as they entered the schools yesterday. Children always do on the first day. They are always rigged out "to kill" and it was ever thus.

The opening of the schools was most auspicious. Of course it is too early to estimate the number of pupils attending, for it will take surely a week to get them all in, but judging from the number that attended yesterday the school year will be a big one in point of attendance.

I saw Supt. Whitcomb at his office last night just as he had finished a busy day's work.

Speaking of the opening, he said: "The opening was a very satisfactory one as far as I have learned. I visited about one-third of the schools, including the new ones. Every teacher appeared at his or her room and all rooms are well filled, though there is no lack of accommodations.

The Varnum school is one of the new ones, that is to say, its addition of eight rooms is new. Heretofore, we have been obliged to farm out a large number of pupils, which was somewhat detrimental to the interest of the school. Now, however this has been remedied. The Varnum school is now a 12-room building and 16 of these are occupied.

When it gets in running order, I believe it will have between 600 and 700 pupils.

The other new school is the primary on New Moody street in Pawtucketville, which was much needed. As you well know, the growth of Pawtucketville's population within the past few years has been great, and the Pawtucketville school at the corner of Fourth avenue and Mammoth road has been crowded having four primary rooms in addition to its grammar classes.

The great increase of population being in the district opened up by the new Moody street bridge, it was deemed feasible to erect a primary school in that district and hence the erection of the four-room school which opened yesterday with well filled rooms.

At present there are four rooms under the head of the New Moody street school but of these three are in the new building and one remains where it was before, in the Pawtucketville school. This is done to accommodate the children who live near the Pawtucketville school, at the request of their parents. An extra teacher was required at New Moody school, the number of pupils being larger than was anticipated. The pupils here are comfortably quartered, old furniture being in place there temporarily. New furniture was asked for, you will remember, and was objected to by Mayor Bennett. As the result, it has not yet arrived. The children, however, are comfortably situated."

In the high school, Principal Cyrus W. Irish and his large staff of assistants had the work pretty well in hand at noon and he stated that there are 293 pupils in the entering class, against 277 last year. The school will number about 775 pupils, there being no material change from last year. There will doubtless be a slight increase during the present week, of from 10 to 20. Many of the boys, Mr. Irish says, have selected manual training and with that and the English course they are put over into the old Moody school. That will relieve the high school building of about 40 pupils, thus obviating the necessity for an overflow room. It would not be possible to accommodate all at the high school building.

Principal Cyrus A. Durgin has his hands full at the Bartlett school but it is easy to see that all new and difficult problems will be quickly solved and the wheels will soon be running without friction. The connection of this school with the Normal school necessitates a good deal of extra work on the part of the principal and teachers. This will be the model and the practice school for the normal school graduates, but the work in this line will not begin immediately. It was impossible to tell the number of pupils attending in the morning, as the work of grading was not completed. There are 12 teachers in the grammar department and two in the primary, the latter being at present in the School street building, but the department will be moved into the Bartlett school as soon as the necessary furniture is put in. Miss Ring and Miss Alvord are in charge of the primary department. The kindergarten department is under the direction of Miss Belle Perham and Miss Clara S. Reed.

Mr. A. L. Bacheler, principal of the Green school, states that the attendance this year will be a little larger than last year. There are 10 rooms, and approximately an attendance of 455 scholars, an average of about 45 to each room. Some of the rooms were pretty crowded this morning, while others were not full, but the grading is not yet completed, and Mr. Bacheler thinks the attendance in the various rooms will be equalized and that there will be no overflow room required. The teachers are the same as last year, 11 in number.

From all indications it is believed that the number of school children this year will be greater than that of last year.

LOWELL MEN DEFEATED.

The Lowell & Suburban Street Railroad company base ball team played a return with the Worcester Street Railway company in Worcester yesterday and were defeated by a score of 10 to 2.

The Lowell men returned by way of the Worcester & Nashua railroad and came from Nashua by electric cars.

Quartermaster W. W. Cunn from U. S. S. Indiana, is visiting his brother, John Marshal, Jr., of North Chelmsford

Miss Essie Kirby of Quimby avenue has returned from a few weeks vacation spent with friends in Graniteville.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MAINE ELECTIONS

The Republicans Win With Reduced Vote.

ANOTHER STRAW INDICATING PUBLIC FEELING.

Manley Tries to Minimize the Rebuff.

Augusta, Sept. 13.—The election throughout the state was marked by comparative apathy on the part of the Republicans, who felt secure, while the Democrats, taking perhaps a little more interest and with an apparent desire to make a better showing than in 1894 or 1896, put some vim into the campaign, the result of which was seen in nearly every town. Whether the breach between the silver and gold wings of the party had been healed during the past two years, or there was more interest in some of the local contests because of a feeling against a Republican candidate, it nevertheless was apparent that the opposition made a better showing during the day than the party in power.

Returns at midnight from 191 towns out of 430 gave Powers (Rep.), 33,305; Lord (Dem.), 19,257. The same towns in 1894 gave Cleaves (Rep.), 42,187; Johnson (Dem.), 19,852. These figures indicate Governor Powers' plurality about 26,000; a Republican loss of 21 percent, and a Democratic loss of only 6 percent.

The lower branch of the legislature will probably stand 133 Republicans to 18 Democrats, a gain of 12 for the latter. The senate, however, will remain unchanged, being as in former years solidly Republican.

All four Republican congressmen were elected, but Speaker Reed's majority was reduced.

Chairman Manley sent a dispatch to Senator Hanna, in which he said: "The Republicans of Maine have again proven their allegiance to the party, and have loyally endorsed the national and state administrations. They send words of hearty congratulation to the president of the United States and to the heroes of the army and navy, who, on land and on sea, have so magnificently upheld the nation's honor. For the first time in the history of the Republican party, the campaign has been conducted without the distribution of any political literature and without a single speech being made, save those made by the Democratic candidates for governor and for congress in the first district. While the total vote is light, slightly exceeding 50,000, we have elected our governor by the largest majority ever given for the past 25 years, with the exceptions of 1894 and 1896. Indications point to exceeding 25,000 majority. We have carried every county, elected every state senator, and will have at least 130 out of 151 members of the house of representatives."

A BOON TO MOTHERS.

IF ANY LOWELL MOTHER HAS LOOKED FOR THIS, FOLLOW THE ADVICE.

Wherever we go and among all classes, we find children suffering from weak kidneys. The intelligent mother knows that this is not a habit and searches for a remedy. It is something very hard to relieve and the family physician tells her that the child will grow out of it in time. Sometimes they do and sometimes they do not. In the meantime, annoyance and embarrassment is the result. If anyone knows a remedy, is it not an act of charity, is it not a duty to make it public? Should selfishness or pride keep it concealed? Mrs. Nellie Dunn, of corner Winter and Fourth streets, Ansonia, Conn., has used Doan's Kidney Pills in her family and makes the following statement for the benefit of anxious mothers and the relief of interesting little children.

Mrs. Dunn says: "I have a little boy of eleven years of age that was very much troubled with weak kidneys. When he was six years old, he would go in bathing frequently and remain in for a long time. That was when I first noticed any difficulty with his kidneys and his got so bad that he would wet the bed every night. I have taken him up at 11 o'clock, but it would occur two or three times before morning. This caused me any amount of work, and I was not strong. Besides, I knew it should not be neglected; yet we got nothing to relieve him. Finally, I read somewhere that Doan's Kidney Pills would prevent such occurrences and I procured them from a drug store. They have really been the means of strengthening the kidneys of the child and preventing the nocturnal urination. I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills and I heartily recommend them to any mother having a child so afflicted. They will relieve the mother of an immense amount of work, the child of so much embarrassment, besides performing a duty the parent owes the child, to prevent it growing up with weak kidneys."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE ASSASSIN'S LIFE

Murderer of the Empress Turned Loose at Ten.

He Never Knew Parental Regard—Fear Lest He be Looked Upon as a Degenerate—The Emperor's Woe.

Geneva, Sept. 13.—On the order of a magistrate, the empress of Austria's assassin was measured and photographed. Portraits were given to the press and will be distributed to police in the cities where he has lived.

In the course of a second examination as to his history and the motives for the crime, he said he had never known his father or mother. He was brought up at Parma, Italy, in a charity school, and, at the age of 10, was thrown on the streets without resources. He worked as an unskilled laborer until he was 20. Then he served in the Italian army three years and a half. On leaving his regiment he was employed as a valet of the Prince of Aragon for three months. At this time anarchist ideas began to possess his mind and, to use his own words, "prevented me from remaining in servitude."

In the course of a life of adventure he happened to be at Buda-Pesth in 1894. There for the first time he saw Empress Elizabeth. He was miserable and without work, and applied to the Italian consul to be returned to Italy. The consul sent him to Fiume. His description of his subsequent wanderings was vague, but he said he seldom if ever obtained work. While staying at Lausanne he saw a file outside of a junkshop, purchased it, with no preconceived purpose, and made a clumsy wood handle for it.

In prison he has boasted of his crime, and he has addressed a letter to a Milan newspaper, expressing a fear lest he be mistaken by Professor Caesar Lombroso for a degenerate. Dilating in this communication upon the objects of militant anarchy, he wrote: "Above all it is the great who must be struck. Not only sovereigns and their ministers will be reached by the comrades, but all who make men miserable on earth." He says he was not impelled by misery to kill the empress, as such a course would have been idiotic; but he committed the deed "in order that such crimes, following one upon the other, might cause all who impoverish the populace to tremble and shiver." The document concludes with this declaration: "I am an anarchist by conviction."

HAS FAITH IN GOD.

Vienna, Sept. 13.—The emperor of Austria and his daughter attended mass yesterday in the private chapel of the Schoenbrunne palace. His majesty showed evidences of intense grief, but he said he did not lose faith in God, and expressed a wish for confession and communion.

During the day the emperor read with much emotion a passage in the last letter he received from the empress, in which she expressed herself as being pleased at the prospect of returning to Vienna in a few days, in order to witness the jubilee festivities. He discharged state duties with the usual earnestness, and insisted upon replying personally to the numberless messages of sympathy he has received since the assassination.

ON LOWELL ROAD

NASHUA CYCLIST COLLIDED WITH RUNAWAY HORSE.

Harry Clark, a well known Nashua bicyclist, was the victim of a painful accident while riding on the Lowell road last evening. He was wheeling towards the city when a runaway horse came tearing down the road towards him. He rode to one side in order to give the animal a wide berth but unfortunately he struck the side of the road that the horse wanted.

He was struck with terrific force and hurled against a barbed wire fence near the Godfrey place. He was picked up in an unconscious condition. He was badly bruised and cut about the head and shoulders. His hands and face were also torn by the barbed wire.

GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Lowell General Hospital has made provision for the care of such returning soldiers as may need treatment. It can probably care for twenty such patients, in addition to its average number.

The position of this hospital, on the high banks of the Merrimack, makes it especially favorable for such patients. That every possible benefit of the pure air may be utilized, it is proposed to pitch a large hospital tent for day use. Protection will then be secured, with all possible advantages for speedy convalescence.

The death of Miss Dorothy Phinney, an army nurse and a graduate of this hospital, who passed away in the discharge of her duties is to be commemorated in a suitable way by direction of the trustees. Miss Phinney, late head nurse at King's County hospital Brooklyn, N. Y., as an army nurse was most faithful and heroic in her care of the fever stricken soldiers in the camp at Chickamauga Park and gave her life for their lives. She is worthy of remembrance as a type of the true nurse's courage and devotion.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Among the cases in the calendar are Barker vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co.; Smith vs. Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co.; Sparks vs. City of Lowell; Lavkin vs. same; Jefferson vs. Richardson; Maroney, admr., vs. Boott Cotton Mills; Dancose vs. Tremont & Suffolk Mills; Hill, pro ami, vs. Mass. Mohair Plush Co.; Corp. et al. vs. Lowell Electric Light Co.; Tully vs. Lowell Manufacturing Co.; Elden vs. Western Union Telegraph Co. Some eight or ten cases were ready for trial.

SHORT LIST FOR TRIAL.

799 Lewis, pro ami, vs. Mulkerin.
820. Rand vs. Laycock and trustee.
3701 Dobbins vs. O'Connell.
3630. Twitchell vs. O'Boyle.
3790. Thorne vs. Baker.
3815. Marts vs. Blake.
3915 Hall vs. Quirk.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers' association met at the Arlington hotel last night, initiated seven, and had five propositions. A sociable is planned for the near future, and Messrs. Conley, Dwyer and Cain were appointed a committee. A committee consisting of Messrs. Cluin, Gallagher, Quill, Lemaire and Dwyer was appointed to confer with the journeyman barbers regarding hours and grievances.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

CONTINUE THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

OF

Ladies', Misses', Men's, Boys' and Children's

FALL AND WINTER

UNDERCLOTHING AND HOSIERY

which "opened up" September 9th. The cool nights and mornings are here in dead earnest; great comfort can be had by having your supply of the above goods in the house where you can meet any sudden change of the weather. There is no humbug or deception about this sale.

One-half Wool Vests and Pants worth $4.00 for four garments, cost you but 39 cents each, or four garments for $1.50.

No such prices have been made during the last 50 years and the above is only a sample of the entire Great Special Drive Sale. Fail not to investigate today or tonight.

$2,000 worth of New Cloaks, Bonnets, Boots, Blankets, Hands, Skirts, Dresses, Slips for Infants and Little Children and not a last year's article in the stock. No trouble to show our stock whether you desire to buy or not. But do not fail to give us a look.

CENTRAL STREET.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

TWO DEATHS

Resulted From Yellow Fever.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The following cablegram has been received at the war department from Gen. Brooke at Ponce:

"The number of sick among the troops in Porto Rico, 1,836, about 18 per cent.; 175 typhoid; 477 malaria; 1,364 diarrhoea. Investigation of two deaths at Ponce shows them to be yellow fever, which originated in the quartermaster's hospital. One more case has developed. All the troops at Ponce have been removed to camp. General Henry has taken precautions to prevent the disease spreading."

CURRENCY TALK

Hon. Joseph Carey Addresses the Convention

THAT IS DISCUSSING CURRENCY IN OMAHA.

Says Gold Standard Should be Accepted.

Omaha, Sept. 13—Hon. Joseph Carey ex-United States senator from Wyoming, spoke on "The gold standard from the standpoint of the western state," at the currency convention today. He said in part:

"Our contention is that the best standard of money for the extreme west, or the country that is most thoroughly impregnated and imbued with the farmers alliance and populistic theories, is the best standard for the extreme east. Speaking of a standard we allude to that quality possessed by a metallic money which measures all values best, gives stability and elasticity, but circulates in all sections without depreciation that goes and comes without its value being questioned or suspicioned. The foundation of that standard among other things should be labor.

The speaker has believed that a double standard might be maintained through international agreement, but such an agreement appears no longer probable. The adoption of the gold standard is rapidly being accepted by all the nations that have heretofore clung to silver. That the displacement of silver and the supremacy of gold as a standard has been brought about by conditions not the result of legislation or the result of any effort on the part of banks, banking institutions or individuals, but from natural causes, is rapidly becoming a fixed conviction.

"For centuries, acting on theories only, there have been those who have insisted that by legislation something could be created out of nothing. Many times has the experiment been tried and as often has it failed. There are those today, as there were yesterday, who claim that it is in the province of the government to create money. This was not tried in the United States previous to the war period, when driven by the urgent demand for currency to pay soldiers in the field, the congress of the United States resorted to the doubtful authority of issuing legal tender notes, commonly known as 'greenbacks,' first issuing $150,000,000, then $150,000,000 more, and still again making a third similar issue, or a total authorization of $450,000,000.

"It is difficult to tell how much these accounts cost the taxpayers of the United States. It has been estimated that it has increased the cost of war fully one-half; but whether that be true or not, we know that to a great extent it undermined the credit of our government when credit was most needed.

"The time has certainly arrived when the gold standard should be accepted by all the people and that the nation should be placed on a sound financial basis; that its course should be uniform and that the nation should go out of the banking business and not be compelled hereafter to go into the market and buy gold to maintain its established high credit.

CERVERA'S LETTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 13.—The following is a literal translation of a letter received by the Associated Press from Admiral Cervera:

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 11.

To the President of the Associated Press:

My Dear Sir—Tomorrow I sail for Spain and I wish to say to you as the representative of the greatest news association in the United States that I sail with a heart full of gratitude for the sympathy that has been shown me by the people of this country.

My farewell takes with it every assurance that the memory of this sympathy I shall actively conserve during the rest of my life.

I take advantage of this occasion to subscribe myself as your faithful and obedient servant who kisses your hand.

(Signed) Pasquale Cervera.

MILLS CLOSED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 13.—As a result of the weavers' strike at the Border City mills, the management has closed the entire plant. The weavers in the three mills number 500 and the other help as many more.

WARM WELCOMES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The men of the First New Hampshire Volunteers went to their homes this afternoon on a 30 days' furlough. The cities and towns from which the different companies hail, have prepared warm welcomes for them. The men will return October 3, to be mustered out of the service. In the meantime, three officers and 60 privates remain behind to guard the government property at Camp Ransdell.

LOWELL MAN

LIEUT. COMMANDER PILLSBURY PROMOTED.

Lieut. Commander John L. Pillsbury, U. S. N., who commanded the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, and who is now acting as equipment officer yesterday received orders to go to Washington to appear before the board for examination for promotion to the rank of commander. Mr. Pillsbury is a Lowell boy and is well known here.

Miss Etta Gannon, cashier at the 20th Century Shoe Store, and Miss Agnes Cassidy, have returned from a sojourn of the New England beaches. Sunday, by special request, Miss Gannon sang at St. Joseph's church, Lynn.

Henry A. Cuff of the Agawam pharmacy and Harry Melkiejohn have returned after a delightful trip through the provinces.

William C. Piper of this city has been granted a pension of $6 a month.

PRIV. MARSHALL ILL

One of Company M's Missing Privates.

Arrived in Boston Today and is is Very Ill at the City Hospital—Sec'y Alger Asked by Gov. Wolcott to Help Locate Privates Bagley and Carr.

Private John H. Marshall, one of Company M's three missing men, has been located and this morning arrived on the hospital ship Relief and was taken to the city hospital in Boston where he is now critically ill.

He was located in Boston this morning by Arthur Salmon of this city who searched the city over until he found him.

Mr. Salmon states that Private Marshall is very ill and slightly delirious as a result of his hard experience.

There are still two members of Company M missing, and they are Charles S. Carr and George Bagley.

It is thought they are at Santiago and Mr. Salmon yesterday asked Governor Wolcott to interest himself in the matter and assist in locating the two missing men.

As a result, Gov. Wolcott today wired Secretary Alger the facts of the case, requesting him to also assist in locating the men.

Secretary Alger, it is said, has replied that he will wire the authorities at Santiago immediately and if Carr and Bagley are there, they will be speedily located.

Arthur Salmon telephoned from Boston this noon that Gillow and McNulty are not on the Relief; in fact there is not a single officer on board. He says that a special train will be run to get the soldiers who did not come in the Relief.

PROBABLY LOST

British Bark David Morgan Not Heard From.

SHE HAD A GREAT CARGO ON BOARD

Sailed From Nagaski Last March.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—Private advices have been received in this city from London to the effect that the British bark David Morgan, Captain McMillan, has probably been lost, together with her crew of 19 men. The Morgan sailed from this port on March 25, for Nagasaki, Japan, with a cargo of 652,809 gallons of refined oil in cases and 5000 gallons of lubricating oil. She has been out nearly 176 days while the voyage should, under ordinary conditions have been made in from 120 to 130 days. The vessel is owned in Glasgow by A. Wier & Co.

THE ECONOMICAL

SHOE BUYER

Is the one that sees to it

First—that the shoes are of good quality.

Second—that they are fairly priced.

That the shoes we sell are of good quality, knowing ones will not doubt; that they are fairly priced, even competitors will admit.

YOUTHS' SCHOOL SHOES.

69c. for Little Gents' Spring Heel, satin calf bal., sizes 8 to 13 1-2.

75c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bals, sizes 11 to 2.

99c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bal, warranted extra solid, sizes 11 to 2.

$1.23 for Youths' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.23 for Youths' Box Calf, heels and spring heels.

$1.49 for Youths' Box Calf, London and bull dog toe.

$1.49 for Youths' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

89c. for Boys' Tap Sole Bal.

99c. for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and opera toe.

$1.23 for Boys' Double Sole Bal, warranted solid.

$1.23 for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Never Rip Double Sole Grain Bal.

$1.73 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

$1.98 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles, extra heavy.

$1.73, $1.98 and $2.50 for Boys' Genuine Box Calf, three soles, bal.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET

LEHMAN WEDS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 13.—R. C. Lehman, the English rowing man, who has coached the Harvard crew for two seasons, and Miss Alice Marie Davis of Worcester were married at noon today at the Piedmont Congregational church in this city. Rev. Dr. Willard Scott officiated and the ceremony was followed by a breakfast at the home of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Lehman will sail for England tomorrow on the Majestic.

Mr. Lehman was attended at the ceremony by boating friends, the best man was C. D. Goldie of the Cambridge crew who rowed with him last year. Miss Jessie Davis, Miss Rosmonde Peabody, and Miss Martha Peabody, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Peabody, Jr., of Milton, in whose family Mr. Lehmann and Miss Davis first met, and Miss Florence Taylor of this city, bridesmaids.

STILL A MYSTERY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 13.—The mystery surrounding the discovery yesterday afternoon near the Seaview avenue bridge of the trunkless head of a murdered woman was further complicated today by the finding of the missing trunk in almost the same spot which marked the gruesome find of yesterday.

There is every reason to believe that the trunk was placed in the water some time between 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock this morning. Two policemen and hundreds of people could not find the trunk yesterday afternoon, but at half-past five this morning, it was found by the first person who went near the bridge.

Up to this time the remains have not been identified. They appear to be those of a woman about 30 years old, five feet 2 inches tall, weighing about 115 pounds, with dark hair and dark greyish blue eyes.

The face is rather thin and the general expression appears rather pinched. The body seem to be that of a person who had suffered and who lived in destitute circumstances. The features are good, the eyebrows are pretty, noticeable for their pencilling, the teeth set full in the mouth and the lower ones protrude slightly. The front teeth are filled with gold.

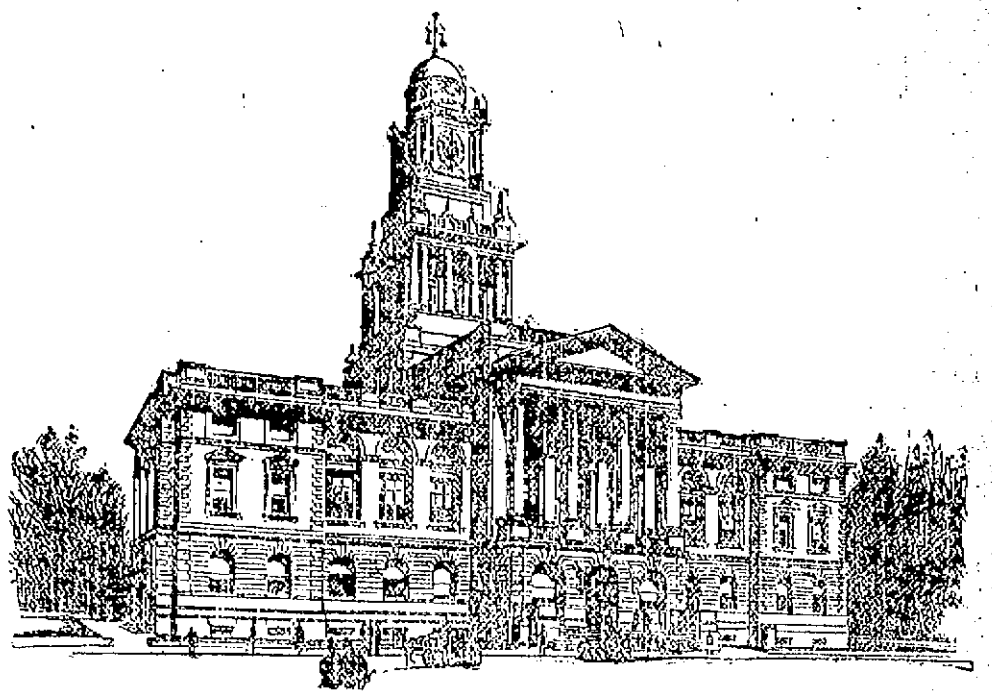
In the opinion of the doctors, the dismemberment of the body is regarded as the work of an expert.

It is also thought by superficial examination that it is a case of malpractice, which resulted in a failure and a desire to get rid of the body without the aid of an undertaker. The body had been cut open and some portions of the contents of the abdomen are missing. The heart and lungs are there. The dismemberment had been made in four places. The head is severed from the neck, the trunk is cut in two just below the ribs, the thighs are cut off just below the body and the legs are severed just above the knee.

All the cuts are clean and free from rough marks, showing that a very sharp knife was used. The bones were also cut with a very sharp saw. There is no bungling of any kind about the job. It is done thoroughly and is without a doubt the work of a man with a complete knowledge of surgery.

Mrs. Devine of Whipple street is visiting friends in Providence, R. I.

Good coal, prompt delivery, good service guaranteed by Roarke & Sullivan 222 Central street, 984 Gorham street.



THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE FORMALLY DEDICATED YESTERDAY.

RELIEF ARRIVES

With 250 Sick Soldiers at Boston.

PRIVATE MARSHALL OF THE NINTH ABOARD,

But Gillow and McNulty Are Not There.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 13.—The hospital ship Relief with about 250 sick soldiers arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning from Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point. The vessel docked at Lewis' wharf.

The journey from Montauk to the Hub was without incident and the staff is which is composed of Surgeon-in-Chief Charles with eight assistants and a hospital corps of 25, in charge of Steward Jackson Marsden and McKee, had an easy time.

There was no typhoid fever case on board and only ten cases where the men had to be carried to land in stretchers. The men are all recovering from typhoid malarial and other camp life ailments in a tropical climate.

The following are the Massachusetts men:

Walter Bryan, Co. I, Ninth Infantry; Guy T. Lawson, Second Regiment; Martin Phillips, Co. K, Ninth; Michael A. Driscoll, Co. H., Ninth; C. H. Baker, Co. F, Second; Charles Holroyd, Co. F, Ninth; W. H. Marshall, Co. M, Ninth.

Owing to the Relief not stopping at quarantine there was considerable confusion and delay. Arrangements had been made whereby the volunteer aid society whose headquarters are in this city, should be notified by the quarantine officials, but as the vessel arrived several hours before it was expected and did not touch at quarantine, the state authorities were not notified until the ship was tied up at the wharf. The work of debarkation was not commenced until 9.10 o'clock.

Gov. Wolcott, accompanied by Adjutant General Dutton, arrived shortly after 10 o'clock.

The following men were taken from the vessel on stretchers and sent in ambulances to the city hospital:

Arthur Messenger, Company C, Third Infantry; Frank Macomber, Sixth Cavalry; Jacob Welzer, Company E, Seventh regiment; Thomas Jones, Company A, First regiment, D. C.; W. D. Ingleman, Troop H, Ninth Cavalry; H. A. Cantrell, Twentysecond Infantry Chas. H. Baker, Company F, Second Mass; Andrew Kirkpatrick, Twentieth Infantry; W. H. Marshall, Ninth Mass.

The hospital ship Relief is a three-decker and has five hospital wards with an aggregate number of cots amounting to 200.

The work of debarkation when begun was carried on swiftly and was viewed only by those directly interested and a number of reporters. At the head of the wharf, a platoon of 25 policemen under command of Sergeant Sheehan kept the thousands of spectators clear of the wharf.

Miss Cora Partridge of Melrose Highlands who has been the guest of her friend, Miss Viola Wilson of 628 School street, this city, has returned home.

FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 1 qt. Porcelain Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street el. 621-2.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell,

UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

SIX KILLED

Austro-Hungarian Empire Against Italians.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 13.—Special despatches from Vienna say the entire Austro-Hungarian empire is infuriated against the Italians as a result of the assassination of the empress and violent anti-Italian demonstrations have taken place at Trieste, where the Italians and natives have been fighting in the streets with sticks and stones, sometimes using revolvers. Six deaths are reported to have occurred there and troops were called out to suppress the disturbances. At Gratz an Italian peddler has been lynched and at Vienna fully fifteen hundred Italians employed on the municipal works have been summarily dismissed in order to avert a popular revolt and the Italian embassy there is guarded by a strong body of infantry.

Putnam & Son

MOST MEN

Who wear good clothes will find our new suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. as satisfactory as those from the merchant tailor.

Like the tailor, we make these suits to fit, when alterations are necessary.

Fall suits from Rogers, Peet & Co., patterns that you'll not find in any other "ready made," stock, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00.

Fall Top Coats.

Dark colors in medium length.

Light colors in Coverts and Venetians, $4.00, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 up to $20.00.

BLACK AND BLUE

SERGE SUITS

Single and double breasted, rough faced and smooth. Coats silk faced or plain, $8.00, $10.00 up to $22.00 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

An Important Fact

We forgot to mention in connection with this sale, is that there is a large quantity of goods bought before the dissolution of the firm for the fall trade, which are now coming in every day.

ALL OF IT TO BE SACRIFICED LIKE THE REST.

See the fine Golden Oak Chamber Set, just come in. The regular price would have been $60.00; sale price $42.50.

A fine Mahogany finished Set, regular $47.50, sale price $35.00.

A solid Oak Set, regular $35.00, sale price $25.00. And a good Hard Wood Set for $12.50 at the Great Dissolution of Partnership Sale.

A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s

16 Merrimack Street?

THE SUN EXTRA! 5 O'CLOCK

MANY ARE SICK

Co. M. Men Now Yielding to the Fever.

SOME OF THE CASES ARE SERIOUS.

Soldiers Should Have Gone to the Hospital.

The fever is striking the boys of the Ninth who have returned to this city. Dr. Harrington who is attending many of them, made the following report last night:

Henry W. Whiteley, feverish, but doing well at his home, 38 Ashton street; Anson G. Thurston, B street, very sick with malarial fever; Private McKenna, Court street, high fever; Ralph E. Black, 78 Rock street, symptoms of typhoid fever; Private Patterson Woodbury street, better last night; Richard Yarnold, H street, very sick with typhoid fever; Frank Yarnold, much improved.

Perhaps the most serious case of all is that of Duncan V. Bowers, Lawrence street. Dr. E. J. Welch, who is attending him, says that Bowers is suffering from typhoid fever and may not be out for weeks.

Anson G. Thurston was apparently a well man when he returned home last week, but a few days ago he was seized with a chill and the doctor says that now he is in bad shape. Private McKenna of Court street is also very ill.

James Brennan, Bridge street, and William Coleman, 214 Middlesex street, are able to be out and about. Coleman reached home on Labor Day, accompanied by his mother, who had gone up to Montauk to nurse him back to health. He has lost between 30 and 40 pounds but says he is feeling much improved.

Corp. Laing, who has been on the streets too much for his own good, went to Boston yesterday and got the overcoat sent with others from Camp Alger to the East armory. It will not be surprising to hear of Laing having a relapse if he is not more prudent. Leon Sarre is doing finely.

Corp. Blakeley has at last given in to sickness and yesterday could not see visitors. His illness is not at all serious. "Bob" Meers of Tewksbury Centre has returned to his home after having seen some tough service in Porto Rico with the hospital corps. "Bob" is suffering with rheumatism and malaria, while as an additional souvenir of his trip to Porto Rico he carries a scar made by a Mauser bullet.

Private Elmer E. Crowell of the Ninth Mass., is one of the patients at the hospital. He belongs in Lowell, Mass., and is a member of Wamesit lodge, K. of P., in that city. His lodge has kept good watch over him and the attention of the local lodges has been called to his case, so that he may receive the care and attention which is his due. He is very sick, but has a private room and skilful nursing. He said last night that he felt much better than when he arrived.—Bridgeport (Conn.) Evening Post.

LATEST DEATHS.

OF NEW ENGLAND SOLDIERS AS REPORTED.

Following are latest deaths of New England soldiers:

Bakke, Jacob, Co. H, 8th U. S. Infantry, at City hospital, Boston.

Cook, George O., Co. D, 8th Massachusetts, at home, Dorchester.

Foley, Patrick J., Co. E, 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Gleason, George W., Co. L, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Geotford, Bernard, Co. G, 16th U. S. Infantry, at Rhode Island hospital, Providence.

Heaphy, James, Co. L, 1st Maine, at Eye and Ear Infirmary, Portland.

Hosmer, Ralph P., corporal, Co. I, 9th Massachusetts at Utuado, Porto Rico.

John, Ralph S., Torrey's Rough Riders, at Regimental hospital, Jacksonville, Fla.

Kelly, James H., Co. D, 9th Massachusetts, at St. Peter's hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.

McTiernan, James F., Co. G, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Montgomery, William J., Co. H, 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Stewart, Peter L., Co. D, 1st Rhode Island at St. Joseph's hospital, Lancaster, Penn.

HISTORY OF SIXTH REGIMENT.

Dennis J. Nawn of the Union Market has received a letter from Private Albert F. Neeley of Co. C, Sixth Regiment. It is dated at Utuado, Porto Rico, Aug 28, and from it the following extracts are taken:

I have been promoted to second cook and Eddie Young is head cook, so there is no fear of starving. Tomorrow all of the sick will be sent home and we will soon follow after them.

Yesterday one of the fellows in the Sixth Illinois shot himself in the head, the bullet tearing half his head off. He was despondent.

Here is the history of the Sixth Regiment up to date:

Camp Dewey, May 6 to May 20.
Camp Alger, May 23 to July 5.
Charleston, S. C., July 7 and 8
On board U. S. S Yale, July 8 to 25
Landed at Guanica, July 25.
First battle at Yauco, 4 a. m., July 26.
Twelve mile march from Yauco to Talahora, July 30.

SINGER BURIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 3.—The remains of the Marchesa D'Alligri (Blanche Roosevelt) the American singer and novelist, whose death was announced on Saturday last, were buried this morning in Bromley cemetery. Burial was private.

FELL DISASTER

Follows the Gold Hunters of Yukon.

MANY PROSPECTORS WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN

While Wrecked Vessels Lie on Beach.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Washn., Sept. 13.—W. C. Strong, who has arrived here from St. Michael's on the steamer Garonne, says that the Garonne sighted considerable wreckage west of Unalaska Pass. The wreckage appeared to be that of a schooner, but no marks of identification were found. Mr. Strong says Kotzebue Sound has proven to be another source of disappointment. Misfortune has been the lot of a large number of prospectors who were lured to that section by stories of its golden wealth. Parties just from there report a most distressing condition of affairs. Not one dollar's worth of gold has been found and hundreds of men are on the beach waiting an opportunity to get away. Nearly as many more are working their way to the beach to secure transportation out. Four thousand dollars worth of supplies are piled on the beach and offered for sale, but purchasers cannot be found. There are several small schooners in the sound which will soon sail, bringing all they can accommodate. It is thought that gold exists at the headwaters of the stream emptying into Kotzebue South, but those streams are not navigable for canoes and the mountains are almost impassable. One to two expeditions, are organized to reach the headwaters of the streams, but will go up the Kokukuk river and cross the dividing snow this winter. Among the arrivals from St. Michael's is a party consisting of W. H. Buckingham, J. F. Benson, E. E. Melloy of Canton, Ohio. This party took a forty foot steam launch to St. Michael's, to be used in the transportation of their supplies up the Yukon and also in prospecting various streams.

On August 18, just before they were to start up the river, a severe storm visited St. Michael's wrecking the craft which together with their outfit, went to the bottom, compelling the party to return. The same storm wrecked several other small craft and a huge wave carried a large sternwheel steamer belonging to a Pacific company high and dry on the beach.

STEAMER JESSIE LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—E. B. Wishar, who arrived here today from St. Michael's, Alaska, brings confirmation of the previously published report of the loss of the steamer Jessie at the mouth of the Kuskowill river in July with 18 lives. The news was brought to St. Michael's by a trader named Ling who said that only one Indian survived. The bodies of Captain Murphy and Rev. Fr. Welsh had been washed ashore.

The passengers of the Jessie were members of the Columbia Exploration company. Rev. Fr. Welsh had been taken aboard to pilot the party up the Kuskowill. The Jessie had in tow the barge Minerva, which was washed ashore.

DANGEROUS RUNAWAY.

A horse attached to a light wagon, standing at the corner of Palmer and Market streets, became frightened this morning and ran away. Turning into Palmer street from Market street the wagon tipped and both shafts were broken. Two sticks of dynamite which were in the team were thrown to the pavement. The animal's career was checked by the overturning of the wagon. The outfit belongs to J. F. Belarge of Chelmsford.

NEW CHARTER.

WANTED BY THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 13.—The city council has adopted a resolution providing for a commission of nine members to prepare an entirely new form of government for the city of Chicago. It is the initial step for a consolidation of the town, city and county governments. The resolution after reciting the evils growing out of the present justice system, makes a general complaint of the present charter of Chicago as being behind the needs of the city. Six of the members of the commission are to be appointed by the mayor and the other three by the county commissioners.

MISS HARD'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL

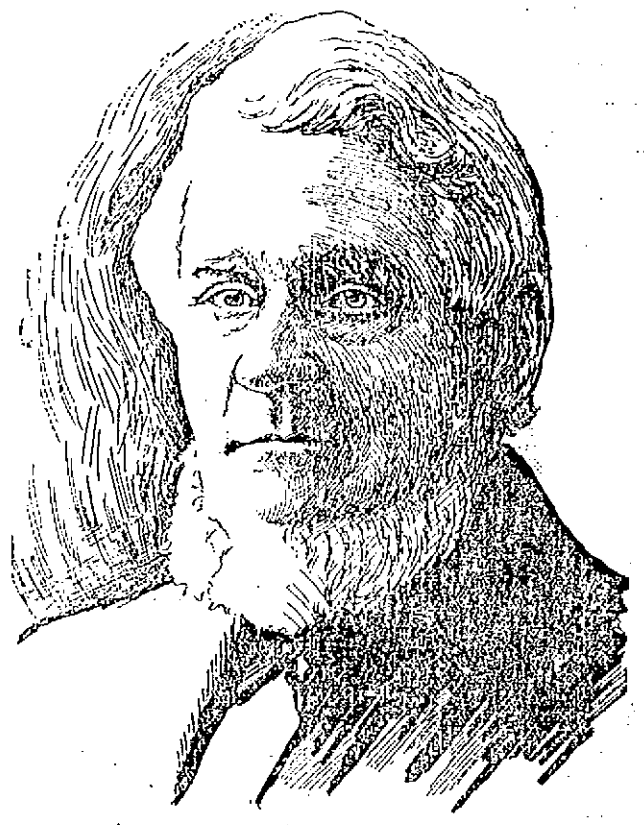
Is thoroughly up to date. Reporting style taught as soon as rudiments are acquired. Isaac Pitman system. All-finger method of typewriting. All machines used. Hildreth Building.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUE.

The congregation Rodfilath Jacob has engaged Rev. J. Garfunkle of New York to officiate the coming high holidays Rosh Hashono and Yomkipur, which commence the 16 and 17 inst. Rev. Joseph Garfunkle is well known as a good singer and cantor. He will be assisted by choir.

Hood's Pills

Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organism in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.



OTIS ALLEN, Who Observed His 90th Birthday Yesterday.

PRES. McKINLEY

Congratulates Otis Allen of This City

UPON THE OBSERVANCE OF HIS 90TH. BIRTHDAY.

Our Esteemed Fellow Citizen Highly Honored.

Many friends called at the home of venerable Otis Allen, 945 Middlesex street, yesterday to tender him their congratulations on the occasion of his 90th birthday. Mr. Allen was assisted in receiving by his son, Major Thomas O. Allen, his wife, their son, Otis Allen, 2nd, and a relce, Miss Louise Allen of West Chelmsford, Miss Jennie Allen, and Miss Louise, daughter of Hon. Charles H. Allen, another son, who assisted in the dining room where the Page company served a delightful spread. Mrs. Jacob Nichols, sister of the late Mrs. Allen was also present.

Assistant Secretary Allen was unable to be present, but sent a filial letter of regret.

A feature of the occasion was the receipt from President McKinley of a kind note of congratulation which read as follows:

Executive Mansion,
Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.

Mr. Otis Allen:

Dear Sir—I heartily congratulate you on having reached your 90th birthday. I wish you all good things.

Wm. McKinley.

Another feature was the appearance of two other nonagerarians to greet Mr. Allen in the persons of Isaac Cooper, aged 92, and James S. Russell, 91.

Among others who called during the reception hours were: Mayor James W. Bennett, ex-Mayor Sewall G. Mack, a veteran in years himself; Dr. Thos. G. Gerrish, J. W. B. Shaw, Stephen C. Davis, Sidney Davis, J. U. Gage, A. D. Puffer and wife, S. G. Parker and daughter, Miss Lera Parker, Rev. Dr. J. M. Greene of the Eliot Congregational church (Mr Allen's pastor), and daughter, Solon W. Stevens, Esq., J. Tyler Stevens, and wife, Frank S. Pevey and wife, Mr Wm. Nichols, Miss Board of the city library, Major G. Perkins, Deacon Wm. Benner, Chas. E. Adams, Capt. J. G. Hill, Treasurer Wm. A. Eastman of the Lowell Hosiery and wife, Mr Holden, Jacob Baron, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wheelock, Albert Wheeler, ex-Councilman Frank Gray, W. H. Worcester, Mr. and Mrs Lorenzo Phelps and Miss Lizzie Morrison.

Among those from the large box shop were J. Barlow Thomas, the business manager; J. G. Merchant, the engineer for many years, and Messrs. Johnson and Peterson, one of whom has been in the employ of Mr. Allen about 30 years.

TRUNK MYSTERY

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 13.—The trunk, the missing portion of the dismembered body of the supposed murdered woman, found on the Mud flats here last night, was found this morning lying at the same place the other parts of the body were discovered at.

CONTRACT AWARDED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Healey, Tibbitts &Co., of this city have been awarded the contract for constructing the coaling station at Pago Pago. Their bid of $142,900 while not the lowest, was considered the most satisfactory and Commissioner Tanner, U. S. N, who came to the coast to pass upon the matter decided to accept it. The work will take about a year and include wharves, coal bunkers and houses.

ANARCHY IS RIFE

Manifesto Issued in Milan by the Leaders.

PRISONER SHOUTED DEATH TO THE KING.

Riots Feared as Result of Episode.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rome, Sept. 13.—An anarchistic manifesto, signed by "The revolutionary committee" has been distributed in Milan during the past few days. The police yesterday arrested an Italian who was engaged in distributing the manifesto. The prisoner, who had just arrived from Switzerland, when he was seized, shouted "Long live anarchy. Death to the King." Some of the people in the crowd present at the time of the arrest interfered with the police officers who made the arrest and several persons were injured on both sides before the anarchist was lodged in the police depot.

The newspapers here remark that the recent riots at Milan commenced in a similar manner.

POLICE COURT

DEVER RECEIVES A SIMILAR SENTENCE TO EARLE'S.

Thomas H. Dever, who accompanied William Earle when the watch was stolen from Mr. Carey, was sentenced to one year in jail. Dever's record is almost as long and as black as that of his companion, his first appearance in court being in 1882. His offences were of a variety also.

"Why don't you sentence me to be hanged?" asked Owen Riley when the court fined him $10 for drunkenness and held him in $100 to keep the peace for six months. Riley was disturbing the neighborhood last night when he was gathered in by Officer Ryan. Another point that Riley took exception on was the fact that an officer had no right to take him from his own house, but the court informed him that "it is not for the publicity given but the wrong done to society and drunkenness leads to other crimes."

Dennis Shea was arrested last night by Officer Markham for the larceny of $1 from the store of P. H. Brosnahan on Salem street, on complaint of Peter E. McMahon, one of the clerks. Mr. MaMahon testified that last evening about 10 o'clock he was sitting in a rear room of the saloon and no one was in the outer room. He was atracted by the ringing up of the cash register and rushing out found Shea making off with a handful of silver. The register was open and the 10-cent key was up. He was sentenced to the Massachusetts Reformatory.

Thomas Bridges, larceny, also went to the Massachusetts reformatory. A charge of drunkenness was placed on file.

Seven drunks, two $1, one released.

James Cunningham was sentenced to six months in the workhouse.

Rose Langbis was sent to Sherborn for a term of one year.

Hasil Manott, probably a Portuguese, was fined $12 for peddling without a license. Manott said through an interpreter that he came here from New York only two days ago and didn't understand the laws.

More than a dozen continued cases were heard after the regular session.

TURKEY SNUBBED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Sept. 13.—The United States. It is announced has replied to a recent note of the Turkish government, declining to accept Turkey's repudiation of the responsibility for the American losses during the Armenian troubles.

TRIAL OF CASES

Begun in Superior Court This Morning.

JUDGE SHERMAN PRESIDES OVER THE SESSION.

Cowley-O'Connell Case Was Continued.

At the opening of court this morning Judge Sherman of Lawrence was on the bench. Quite a large gathering of attorneys and spectators was present and more expressions of disappointment were heard. The acoustic properties of the court room are miserable.

At the opening, Lawyers Cowley and Courtney began the arguments in Lawyer Cowley's motion to strike the case of Cowley vs. O'Connell from the list this term. This is a libel case that has been in the court for some time. Mr. O'Connell instructed his counsel to request trial at once. Judge Sherman suggested that the several Cowley vs. O'Connell cases might be tried together but he struck the first case from the calendar and reserved his ruling in the other.

The first jury was impanelled this morning as follows: John Addun, assessor, Reading, foreman; John J. Morse, cooper, Townsend; Bowman G. Gale, painter, Groton; Jacob L. Burtt, farmer, Tewksbury; William R. Fowld, poultry dealer, Chelmsford; Horace R. Laing, carpenter, Lowell; Hiram E. Gates, farmer, Acton; Fred E. Pollard, carpenter, Dracut; Patrick R. Monnahan, teamster, Lowell; Merrick A. Stone, retired, Reading; Reuben A. Sherburne, farmer, Tyngsboro.

The first case was an action of tort to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been received by a dog bite.

The plaintiff in the case is one Lewis who sues in behalf of his son, Henry L. Lewis, who was bitten in the face, it is alleged, by a vicious dog owned by Michael Mulkerin, the defendant. Thirteen witnesses for the plaintiff were sworn, a majority of them, including the plaintiff, colored persons, and the case promises to take up the entire day's session. All parties in the case are from Somerville.

FUNERALS.

COGGINS—The funeral of Miss Martha Coggins took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home in Tewksbury. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Mr. Whiting officiating. Appropriate musical selections were rendered effectively by a quartette. Interment was in the Tewksbury cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. Bert. Marshall, J. K. Knowlton, P. Fairgraves and H. P. Dinsmore.

There were many floral pieces, among which were: Sickle and a wreath from the Tewksbury grange; lyre from Y.P.S.C.E. of the Congregational church, anchor from the church, anchor from Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Tingley, basket from the primary department of the Congregational Sunday school, spray of roses from Mr. and Mrs. Lee, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Leonard, wreath from Congregational Sunday school, basket from Spaulding family, spray of flowers from Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Chandler, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Dinsmore.

CONNORS—The funeral of Julia Agnes Connors, daughter of Police Sergeant Connors, took place this afternoon from the home of the parents, 252 Concord street, and was very largely attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker O'Donnell.

HART—The funeral of John Hart took place this morning from his late home, 21 Coburn street. Funeral services were held at St. Michael's church Rev. Fr. Boland officiating. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were Timothy Harrington, James Shields, John Carmody, Michael McDonough, Thomas Joyce, Joseph Gallagher.

PERSONAL.

Cleveland J. Chesley, superintendent of streets, was taken suddenly and seriously ill while about to enter the city hall yesterday afternoon. He was assisted within the building and given medical attendance. His physician last night ordered him to take a month's rest and he will leave the city today.

Miss Grace W. Blood of 319 High street has returned from her vacation.

Mr. James Miller and Miss Ruby Miller of 1134 Lawrence street have been on a visit to Revere Beach.

Dr. F. L. Farrington, the dentist, will spend the next two weeks in New York and New Jersey.

Mr. Marion S. Clark, cashier of the Thorndike street freight office, for the next two weeks will be at Colebrook, N. H.

John Green, formerly of this city, is on from Washington, D. C., for a vacation.

Edward Burns of Concord, N. H., a private in the First New Hampshire regiment, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. George A. Clark and son Harold of Lane street have returned from Plymouth N. H. They camped at Mount Pero.

Miss Mollie C. Johnson, who has been visiting her uncle, Lawyer Peaslee of Laconia, N. H., has returned to this city.

Mr. George Carey has returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Bass Rocks.

Mrs. John Merrill of Wilton, N. H., has returned home from a visit to her Lowell friends.

Mrs. Catherine Maguire of Centralville Heights has returned from a pleasant vacation.

Miss Abbie Riley, who has been sojourning in Derry, N. H., has returned home.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

THE STREET WORK

Committee Disposes of Considerable Business.

IT WAS VOTED TO PAVE BRIDGE STREET.

No Walk for the Parker Driveway.

There was a meeting of the street committee last night, at which considerable business was disposed of.

Alderman Derby's motion that the superintendent be instructed to lay out a gravel driveway in the J. M. G. Parker estate to take the place of the concrete walk destroyed by the extension of Beech street was defeated.

It was voted to recommend a sidewalk in Powell street. Hastings street having been covered with gravel and rolled, petitioners for macadam were given leave to withdraw.

A communication was received from Daniel Gage, calling attention to the condition of a part of Pawtucket street. Attention has been called to it for several years and there has always been a remonstrance to paving. Referred to Councilman Kennedy.

A petition for the paving or macadamizing of Mammoth road was read and Mr. Howe moved that smooth paving be used from Fourth to Eighth avenue. A motion that such a recommendation be made to the city council caused Mr. Peirce to inquire where the money was coming from.

Mr. Howe did not know, but he said that he wanted something done for the street if possible.

Mr. Kennedy did not think that the department could afford to do the work.

Upon motion of Mr. Derby the matter was referred to Supt. Cheney for an estimate. Several petitions were laid upon the table including one to pave with smooth paving a portion of Market street.

The old petition for the paving of Pollard, Kirk, and Geranium avenues was left without action. The avenues are private passageways.

Mr. Howe asked to have New Moody street macadamized as had been voted early in the year. It was stated that Supt. Cheney intended to do the work at an early date.

Messrs. Kennedy and Beaulieu were appointed a committee to look into a claim of James C. Donovan in Wilder street.

The request of Councilman Fagan for a crossing somewhere was referred to Supt. Cheney.

Mr. Howe moved that any surplus earth that might come from the extension of Beech street be dumped upon the J. M. G. Parker estate.

This reopened the question of building a new driveway concerning which, said Mr. Derby, action had once been taken, though nobody remembered it.

Mr. Howe's motion was lost.

Mr. Derby moved that the superintendent be instructed to repave Bridge street from the square to Central bridge. He said that he understood that there would be a petition for the removal of some more of the trees in the street. The motion was passed.

The hearings were voted for Sept. 26.

HANDKERCHIEF SALE.

J. V. Keyes & Co. are having their annual handkerchief sale. Some special bargains in all linen at 10 and 12½ cents for both ladies and gents. Also a nice line for the little ones at 5 cents each.
—J. V. Keyes and Co.

RAILROAD EMPLOYES

ARE ENJOYING AN OUTING TODAY.

The employes of the Lynn & Boston electric road came to this city on a special electric car this morning. They had a bugler with them and as they passed through the Square they cheered loudly. They went to Mountain Rock grove where they will play ball. Then they had a dinner at noon and afterwards boarded their car and went to Glen Forest. They will return to this city and if they get back in time will go for a sail up the Merrimack.

About fifty employes of the Lowell & Suburban road went on an outing to Salisbury beach this morning. They had a special car, gaily dizmated.

SEAL HERD DIMINISHING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—C. H. Townsend, chief of the division of fisheries, United States fish commission, who was the official inspector of the seal herd for several years and a member of the recent Behring Sea commission, has just returned from an inspection tour of the islands. His observations from year to year conclusively prove that the herd is rapidly diminishing in numbers, declining from 10 to 15 per cent. each this season, this being the customary falling off since ocean sealing became general. He says that pelagic sealing is carried on by schooners owned in British Columbia, to the exclusion of the American vessels.

REPORT OF FIRES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The report of fires in the state of New Hampshire for the six months ending July 1, 1898, is as follows:

Total number of fires, 211. Total loss on buildings and contents, $356,119. Total amount of insurance paid on the same, $255,833.

Of the total number of fires 39 were the result of exposure; the real number of conflagrations were therefore 202.

NEWSPAPER BOAT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 3.—The Norwegian steamer Albis, of the Munson Line, has just arrived from Nuevitas, en route to Galveston. She brings the crew and correspondents from the newspaper despatch boat Panapaha, which was totally wrecked off Nuevitas on September 5. All on board the despatch boat were saved.

THE DREYFUS CASE

Precipitates a Row in French Cabinet.

PROBABILITY THAT CERTAIN MEMBERS WILL RESIGN.

More Trouble Before the Matter is Settled.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The Rappel and the Matin today say that at yesterday's cabinet council the minister for war, Gen. Zurlinden, explained his reasons for opposing a revision of the Dreyfus case. Premier Brisson and Minister of Education Bourgeois, these papers add, urged Gen. Zurlinden to change his determination but the president, M. Faure sided with the minister of war. An excited discussion followed and the council was adjourned until the afternoon, when calmness was restored. M. Bourgeois then pointed out the consequences of the crisis and further discussion of the matter was adjourned until Saturday next.

The newspapers here are unanimous in expressing the opinion that the situation is serious. They say that temporizing will only delay the decision which, if favorable, to a revision of the case, will cause the resignation of Gen. Zurlinden and which, if hostile, will lead to a withdrawal from the cabinet of M. Brisson and will result in a general crisis.

It is rumored that in view of the possible resignation of Gen. Zurlinden M. Brisson has sounded Gen. Brugere, who, it is said, is disposed to accept the portfolio.

DEATHS.

BENSON—Annie May Benson, daughter of Andrew and Isabella Benson, died Sunday in Billerica, aged 19 years.

CROWLEY—Mary Crowley, a former resident of this city, died Sunday at her home, 138 Chelsea street, Charlestown The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

LITTLE—Mrs. Helen H. Little, aged 63 years, died Sunday at St. John's hospital. Deceased was the wife of George W. Little of Plymouth, N. H., to which place the remains will be sent for burial.

MARRIOTT—Mrs. John Marriott of this city died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Wall, South Boston. The remains will be forwarded to this city for burial.

JAMESON—John Jameson, infant son of William Jameson of Chicopee Falls, died yesterday at the residence of David Campbell, 1320 Gorham street.

ARMSLEY—Mary L. Armsley, died Sunday at her home in Dracut, aged 13 years.

COURSER—Mrs. Mary Courser, aged 85 years, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her nephew, William Fury, 4 Forest View avenue. Funeral will be held tomorrow morning. Mass will be celebrated at St. Michael's church.

BUPLESIS—William, infant son of Wilbur and Annie Buplesis, died today at 10 Chase street.

MAGUIRE—Margaret Maguire, an old resident of this city died at her home, 1210 Gorham street, this morning. She is survived by one son and one daughter.

MISS DAVIS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 13.—Miss Winnie Davis passed a comfortable night and no material change is reported in her condition this morning. She is still unable to retain nourishment.

NOTICE.

Every member of Division No. 1, A.O.H., is requested to attend the special monthly meeting to be held in their hall Monday evening, the 5th inst., as business of importance is to be brought to their attention.

Per order,
—Thomas Miles, Recording Secy.

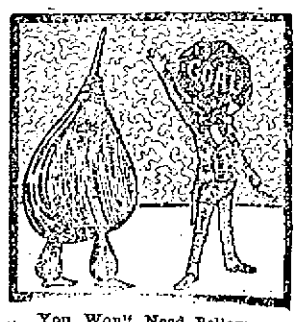
REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The republican state convention which assembled here today was one of the largest political gatherings ever held in the state, more than 700 delegates being in attendance. The contest for the nomination was unusually spirited so far as the preliminary movements before the assembling of the convention were concerned. Slight differences of opinion were developed with regard to the platform utterances of the party but the committee on resolutions was able to arrive at a conclusion satisfactory to themselves shortly before the convention assembled.

Hon. Frank W. Rollins of Concord was nominated for governor.

WANTED—Four or five respectable men to board and room in good locality. Apply at this office.



You Won't Need Bellows

To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to and it all burns, too. It will save heat, that's ten per cent money for you. This is a good time to buy for your next season's stock.

D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street

A LOST OPPORTUNITY.

SPAIN:—O, if I'd only stood in with you Alger;
YOU could annihilate your whole army!

Royal Absolutely the Best in all that goes to make up the perfect corset. In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.

Superiority Unquestioned. Made in great variety of styles, and in all lengths, colors and sizes.

Sold by all first-class dealers.

Worcester

Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust. Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.

If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.

Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

Corsets

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

United Order of Independent Odd Fellows initiated one candidate and worked the degree on three at the regular meeting held in Post 120 G.A.R. hall last night. A committee has been elected to attend the government meeting in Boston.

Wannalt lodge, K. of P, at its regular meeting in K. of P. hall last night initiated two candidates and received propositions.

Concord lodge, American Order Fraternal Helpers, held its regular meeting last night in Post 156 hall and received three applications for membership.

At the regular meeting of the American Benefit society in Union hall last night two propositions were received.

MUSIC HALL.

Rose Sanger's Royal Stars—This company, under the management of Frank Forrester, entertained an audience at Music Hall last night with a program whose chief fault was brevity and this will be remedied in the subsequent performances this and tomorrow evenings and tomorrow afternoon. The opening "vocal jubilee" had songs by Misses Gertrude Warren, Nellie Franklyn, and Messrs. Crowley and Lyons. The olio had Varnell, who juggled in funny fashion as a "Rube;" the Carlisle sisters, Tillie and May, who sang "Won't Somebody Give me a Kiss?" and "A Bunch of Roses on Her Hat," and ended with a dance; Ellis and Raymond in an Irish and Dutch act; Miss Gertrude Warren, who sang "Break the News to Mother" and "The Little Pumpkin Colored Coons;" Tom Crowley and Toby Lyons in a dialogue; and Miss Nellie Franklyn in a trio of songs. They were "Paris, Paris" "The Brooklyn Handicap," and "Roguish Mary," closing with a dance. Miss Franklyn is a great favorite and her songs made, as usual, a decided hit. The bill closed with "Miss Columbia's Review" in which Miss Franklyn sang "Tommy Atkins" with spirit. Mamie Lamb led in a march and May Blanchard made a striking figure as "Lieut. Rush."

For the balance of the engagement the cast will be strengthened by new features, several additional artists having been secured.

Rose Sanger Company—On Wednesday evening in addition to the regular performance of the Rose Sanger company the audience will have an opportunity to hear a few remarks by Corporal David Blakeley of Co. M, Ninth regiment, he being the only perfectly well man in this city who returned from the battle of Santiago. Manager Boody has cordially invited all soldiers who have seen active service at the front to attend the performance in uniform and they will occupy seats reserved for them free of charge.

COLORED QUARTETTE.

A quartette of colored men from the Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga., gave an excellent musical entertainment at the Highland Congregational church last night. They were accompanied by the son of the founder of the university, who is their business manager. The young men are exceedingly bright and have the rich, mellow voices so characteristic of their race. They are also excellent guitar and mandolin players and the instrumental selections gave special pleasure to the audience.

Miss Ida Swansore is registered at the Atlantic House ,Salisbury.

MR. MOTT'S SENTENCES.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 11.—Chairman Mott of the L.A.W. racing board today issued the following bulletin:

Dr. W. R. Gwinn, Fall River, Mass., is placed upon the list of those to whom sanction will be refused for failing to award prizes.

Division 41, A.O.H., Boston; Immaculate Conception church, Everett; St. Mary's church, Revere; Cambridge Typographical union (Massachusetts), are suspended from the sanction privileges for promoting unsanctioned races.

Professional record accepted.

One-half mile against time, unpaced, made by William Martin at Newby Oval, Indianapolis, Aug. 21, 1898 time, 55 3-5s.

Transferred to the professional class: Robert J. and Charles J. Nugent, Rockport, Mass.; James T. Flynn, Gloucester, Mass.; clause D vote of board.

Registered: No. 1072, R. J. Swenson, Providence, R. I.

Suspended: S. J. Johnson, No. 16, and J. J. Casey, No. 2137, Worcester, Mass., are fined $10 and suspended until fine is paid for not riding to win in a handicap race; G. Stover, Boston, Mass.; M. Galvin and T. Shinley, Everett, Mass.; A. Given, Revere, Mass.; E. Phillips, Cambridge, Mass., and B. McDonald, Cambridge, Mass., to Oct. 6, 1898, unsanctioned races.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK and GLASGOW, Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 3 p. m.
First Cabin, $17.50 to $60 single, $60.75 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $35.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $21.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway: Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 77 State street, Boston, or
Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

DON'T YOU WITCH
If you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 359 Central St.

SERGEANT ASPIN

Returned With Co. M. Recruits Last Saturday.

HIS INTERESTING STORY OF THEIR EXPERIENCE.

He Tells About the Long March.

Sergt. Aspin, who was with the Company M recruits down South, returned home Saturday night and tells the following interesting story:

The sergeant says: "We marched all the way from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap just for exercise. Of course, we might have had train accommodations, but marching was thought to be conducive to our health so the entire division turned out for the long tramp. The first day was fearfully hot and when we got to the place of pitching tents, one of the Michigan men fell dead. He was a big strapping fellow.

"In this march Lieut. Healey of Company K, Clinton, who was in this city as a recruiting officer two months ago, was prostrated by the heat. He did not get a furlough until we reached Middleton.

"From Burke station we walked to Bull Run, a distance of 12 miles. Here everybody turned out to hunt for relics, of which there were many. Capt. Ducats of the 22d Kansas dug into the grave of a confederate soldier and was caught and court-martialled. Five years was his sentence, I heard later.

"Manassas was our next station, 12 miles away and from there we went to Thoroughfare Gap, where we remained a couple of weeks. There were many moonshiners in this vicinity and the boys went out looking for them. The whiskey manufactured by the moonshiners was of a very poor quality and many of the fellows couldn't drink it.

"On the march from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap considerable foraging was done. At night the boys would turn out and rob orchards, kill cows and clean out farm houses. It was all done on the quiet so that no arrests were made.

"At Thoroughfare Gap, a board of survey was organized for the purpose of going back over the road and ascertaining the amount of damage done to farmers by the soldiers. When they have completed their work a report will be sent into the war department and the farmers will be reimbursed.

"From Thoroughfare Gap we took the train to Camp Meade, Middleton. We found it an excellent site for a camp, but there is none like Camp Dalton, our final objective point. I have no complaint to make of the food 'we got.'"

Sergt. Aspin did not come back with all of his men. Fred Harrington of Lowell was left in the hospital at Thoroughfare Gap, suffering from typhoid fever. Andre Perrin is sick with fever at a hospital in Middleton. John J. McMillan of Nashua is in the same hospital with the same illness. Those who have returned are:

George Morris, John Murray, Richard J. O'Malley, Marston M. Richards, Thomas Roach, Charles Saxon, Napoleon Soucl, Frederick Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Wm. J. Taylor, Edward J. Winn, John Winn of Lawrence, Henry Magee, Mark P. Barrett of Lawrence, Geo. H. Brown, Jos. Brown, John J. Donahue, Thomas Earl, Dennis Flaherty, John Fryer, Peter Gaudette ,John J. Hickey, Thos. Joncas, Chas. Lennon, Pat Lynch, Michael McCarty, Owen McPartland, Luke Merrick.

FROM THEIR BOY.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McKenzie of 27 West Fourth street have received the following letter from their son, James, a member of Company C, Sixth regiment:

Utuado, Aug. 22, 1898.

Dear Father and Mother: I write to let you know that I am still in the land of the living and in the best of health, hoping to hear the same of everybody at home. I think my Lowell friends must have forgotten me as I haven't received a letter since I left Camp Alger and I feel very lonely. You have no idea how a letter cheers us up.

We are all waiting for the word to take transports home as we are at present lying in two feet of mud and have to root around like pigs to find a dry spot. We reached here just in time for the rainy season and have had rain every day, more or less, ever since.

The scenery of Porto Rico is beautiful. Nothing can be seen but mountains in this section and they make a perfect picture. There is fruit in profusion. We got oranges, bananas, cocoanuts, mangoes and lemons very cheap. Cigars are free and two cents apiece and we swap a hard tack for a cigar.

Since we landed we have done a great deal of walking over mountains and it has been no easy thing. We have marched about 99 miles in all. Many were prostrated by the heat. Among them was McGlynn, who was laid up for more than a week. We had to carry our beds, tents, rifles, haversacks, so that the boys were played out.

At the foot of our company street runs a large stream and we swim in it and get water for cooking from it. McGlynn sends his best regards. We may be home in a month or six weeks perhaps sooner.

I have signed over my state pay, $7 a month, to you, so that you can draw it every month. Let me know if you get it or not.

No more at present from your soldier boy. James McKenzie.

"BE PROUD OF HIM."

A letter has been received from New York by the mother of Chester F. Cummings, Co. M, 9th regiment. It states that he is in St. Francis' hospital, New York city, and is rapidly improving and hopes to reach home in a week or ten days. He has splendid care. The letter closes with the statement that "He is a nice boy and his country ought to be proud of him." It is signed "A Friend."

TEWKSBURY FISHERMEN.

Unusually good luck was experienced by a fishing party of Tewksbury men who went out from Marblehead Friday morning under the guidance of George Flint. About 1500 pounds of fish, mostly pollock, with a few cod, were pulled on to the deck of the Flying Cloud, Capt. Trefry, on which vessel so many parties have gone from Lowell and its vicinity this summer. The party went down Thursday afternoon and returned Friday night. There was very little wind in the morning, but they finally got out about 9 o'clock and later a good breeze sprang up. The first prize for the biggest fish was captured by Mr. Hibbard. Other members of the party were John B. Bailey, E. W. Bailey, W. J. Hardy, James Flint, Fred Hardy, John Maddox, Andrew Conley, Nathan Bailey, Elliot French, Messrs Lovell Anderson, Bogan, Wood, Hibbard, Carter, Brunswick, Webb, Ed. Toye, Jason Fuller, and Albert Hardy.

GOLDEN WEDDING

Celebrated by Two Former Lowell Residents.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES METCALF OF ANDOVER.

Passed Fifty Years of Married Life.

Mr. and Mrs. James Adams Metcalf of Andover celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home in that town yesterday. Both are enjoying fairly good health and were able to recieve the many relatives and friends who called to congratulate them. Guests were present from Boston, Walpole, Lowell, Lawrence and Salem, as well as many neighbors and friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Metcalf are among the town's best known citizens. Mr. Metcalf was born in Winthrop, Me., in 1821. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and in 1834 went to Lowell where he learned his trade as a machinist.

Later he removed to Lawrence where he worked at his trade in the corporations of that city. For some time he held the position as steward at the Lawrence jail under the administration of Sheriff (now Keeper) Herrick.

His next move was to Salem, where he was employed as foreman in machine shops. He went to Andover with his family about four years ago.

In 1861 Mr. Metcalf enlisted in the 1st New Jersey volunteers and in 1864 reenlisted in the 4th Massachusetts heavy artillery and served until 1865 when he was discharged at the end of the war. He enlisted the second time as corporal. He passed through the famous peninsular campaign under McClellan and contracted malaria, which has affected his health ever since. He has not been an invalid, but has not been able to do much work on account of weakness. Mr. Metcalf is a member of Needham Post, 39, G.A.R., of Lawrence.

Mr. Metcalf was married in Lowell. Mrs. Metcalf's maiden name was Lucinda B. Hutchins. She was born in Rumford, Me., in 1828.

They have had three children. Only one is living, a daughter Miss S. Isabel Metcalf, who lives with her parents.

Mr. Metcalf and Mrs. W. W. Allen of Walpole, his sister, are all who are left of a family of seven. Their mother, Mrs. Chloe F. Metcalf, died only a year ago at the advanced age of 100 years and six months. She retained her vigor to a remarkable degree and attended church regularly until within a few weeks of her death in Walpole.

To a reporter, Mrs. Metcalf said that she had not realized the awful loss of life in the civil war as in the recent conflict, for in the days of the rebellion news was not gathered and printed so quickly as nowadays.

Miss Amelia Tellier of Nashua has returned from a visit spent with friends in Lowell.

WHO CELEBRATED THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING YESTERDAY.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Group, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Turn your back on him

and leave the store, if he offers to sell you something "just as good as"
Ivorine
Washing Powder
You're the one who will suffer if you get the wrong kind—*not the clerk.*
A cake of fine, white Glycerine Toilet Soap is given *free* with every package of "Ivorine."
You pay for the washing powder—not the soap.
THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.

Perfection!
A large word, but the only one to fittingly apply to our
Sunlight $3 Shoe
Made expressly for us by W. L. Douglas Co., who are the largest manufacturers of Men's Shoes in the world.

Made for us only, sold by us only. We stand by every pair of Sunlight Shoes. Keep in the front by wearing the famous
SUNLIGHT SHOES
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.
101 Central St., Opp. Market.

THE BEST TEST of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the pesky things every time. 359 Central Street.

A Few Refrigerators
Left to close out at less than cost.
We also have a few
Baby Carriages
That we will dispose of at a bargain. If you are in need, be sure and call.
Bear in Mind
That we repair all kinds of Stoves and Ranges. We carry a Stove Lining that will fit any stove, and you may have it for 25c.
A good Broom for 10c.
Folding Stool for 15c.
Iron Bed, brass trimmed, with all iron spring, for $6.00. Look our stock over and you will find something you want.
GAYNOR & CO.
35 Prescott Street.

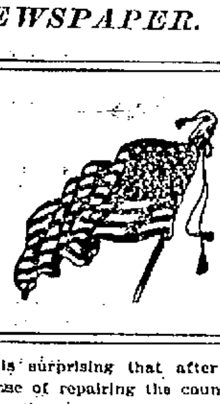
THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



It is surprising that after all the expense of repairing the county court house, the court room should be too small.

AS TO A GREAT MILL STRIKE.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—As a reader of your paper, who knows your sympathies go with the laboring people, I would like to ask if you would favor a great mill strike at the present time.

Yours, etc,

J. A. G.

In reply to the above query, we would not favor a strike large or small except as a last resort and only after united and systematic agitation of the demands by other means. Under no conditions would we favor or endorse a great mill strike at the present time, because it would injure only the strikers. From all appearances the mills would hesitate but little in shutting down for a couple of months. Some of them claim to be running at a loss. The mills of Fall River are curtailing production in order to help a bad market and they are no worse off than the Lowell mills. That being so, it would probably be useless to make any general demand for an increase of wages at the present time.

BOLTING REPUBLICANS OUT AGAINST GOV. WOLCOTT.

The East Hampton Republican club has resolved not to support Gov. Wolcott for a renomination, mainly because he reappointed Warren E. Lock as commissioner of savings banks. The club has sent out the following manifesto which fully justifies its opposition. It seems that the people who have their savings in savings banks should resent such an appointment, just as has the East Hampton Republican club. If there is any office to which an honest official should be appointed, it is that of savings bank commissioner. The manifesto follows:

"It is with regret that we place ourselves in antagonism to the plans, however vaguely formed, of any members of the republican party who look with favor upon the candidacy of his excellency, Roger Wolcott, but we believe that our duty as citizens of this commonwealth compels us to do so, and we make this announcement of our purpose to the end that we may receive the aid of all those who think with us.

"Our action in this matter is founded upon the belief that the governor of Massachusetts should execute the duties of his high office with wisdom, and with naught in view but the interests of the commonwealth and this we think his excellency, Roger Wolcott, has in some cases failed to do.

"We bear in mind many matters which have given rise to criticisms of the governor and reflections upon the commonwealth, but the cause which more than any other leads us to our determination is the recent re-appointment of Warren E. Locke as a commissioner of savings banks.

"We believe that the honor of our commonwealth and the feeling of security among the people demand that everyone having authority in our savings banks should be of sufficient competence and of undoubted reliability. The Hampshire Savings bank of Northampton was plundered in such a way as to convict Savings Bank Commissioner Locke of gross incompetence or unpardonable negligence, for it at once clearly appeared that had he been faithful in the discharge of his official duty, the misappropriation of funds would have been detected.

"In spite of this fact and after his attention had been expressly called to it by a dignified and weighty remonstrance, the governor re-appointed the commissioner, and thereby, as we suggest, so openly violated his duty as to render him unworthy of continuance in an office which requires him to appoint the guardians of the people's savings. The result has been to cause the belief that the political power of our commonwealth has been abused, and to destroy the confidence of the people in our political officials.

"We believe that the republican party means to stand for what is right; we believe that it means to see that our laws are properly executed, that our political officials are the servants and not the rulers of the people, that personal ambition of individuals must yield to the welfare of the state, and we call upon the republican party to be true to its purposes by nominating as its candidate for the coming year a man who will use his public power wholly for the public good."

The bath committee appointed some time ago by the city council has been discharged because we presume that the time for doing anything is past. If ever a committee had a right to be dishonorably discharged, it was that committee. Nothing could be more needed in Lowell than public baths but so far as we can learn this committee never made any attempt to secure them. There may have been obstacles in the way, but if so the committee had a right in self-defence to let the public know just why they could not accomplish the object for which they were appointed.

The tax bills for the year are being distributed and the people are realizing for the first time the meaning of the business administration which Mayor Bonnett was elected to manage. The tax rate has been advanced and the amount of increase in each case is seen by a comparison with the bills of last year. Already the tax payers are vowing vengeance against the business administration and resolving to have one of a different kind next year.

Otis Allen is to be congratulated as a citizen of Lowell upon his long business and official career and upon having a son, Hon. Charles H. Allen, assistant secretary of the navy. Otis Allen observed his 90th birthday yesterday and looks as hale and hearty as most men twenty years younger.

NINTH'S HISTORY.

BRIEF REVIEW OF THE REGIMENT'S SERVICE SINCE MAY.

Following is the record of the Ninth Massachusetts United States volunteers in the war:

May 3.—Responding to the president's call, the order mustering the Massachusetts militia, including the Ninth regiment at Camp Dewey, Framingham, was promulgated.

May 4.—The Ninth regiment on the way to camp at South Framingham, is reviewed by the governor at the state house. The Ninth reaches camp.

May 5.—The Ninth being mustered in at South Framingham. Plenty of recruits.

May 13.—Ninth ordered to join the Sixth at Camp Alger. (Dunn Loring.)

May 29.—Irish societies visit camp Dewey and present the Ninth with a splendid stand of colors.

May 31.—The Ninth starts for Camp Alger under Col. Fred B. Bogan.

June 7.—A detail of officers of the Ninth ordered to return to Boston to recruit the companies to full war strength.

June 20.—Preliminary marching orders received. Destination thought to be Cuba.

June 26.—United States ship Harvard sails from Newport News with the Ninth regiment on board, bound for Santiago.

July 1.—Ninth arrives at Altares and the men are immediately march on to the fighting line.

July 30.—Death of Maj. P. J. Grady of the Ninth.

Aug. 9.—Col. Fred B. Bogan of the Ninth dies at his home in Charlestown.

Aug. 13.—Col. Bogan's funeral. Whole Fifth regiment attends as escort.

Aug. 25-26.—Transports sail from Santiago with the Ninth bound for Montauk Point.

Aug. 31.—Ninth arrives at Montauk preparatory to being mustered out.

Sept. 8.—Ninth leaves Montauk for home.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N.Y.

☞ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

AN INHERITANCE TAX.

EVIDENCE THAT SUCH A MEASURE WOULD BE GOOD PUBLIC POLICY.

The Dangers That Lie In Vast Individual Fortunes — How England Has Left Us Far Behind — Inequalities of Our Present System of Taxation.

Thieves are imprisoned not for revenge, but because it is not good public policy to allow thieves to run at large. Murderers are not executed for revenge, but because it is considered good public policy. So we might go through the entire list, and we would always find that society claims the right to do whatever is considered necessary or desirable for the public good.

The rapid amassing of immense fortunes is a comparatively recent thing. The discoveries of science and mechanical invention have brought new forces into play, increasing the production of wealth to a phenomenal degree. Steamboats, railroads and the telegraph favor the concentration of wealth. A few have controlled these forces in such a way that these few have become extremely wealthy, while many in the lower ranks have been robbed of the opportunity to make an honest living. As the few immense private fortunes have grown in size the list of the unemployed, tramps and paupers, has also grown. The public good demands that taxation should be equal, or if any exception is made it should be the homes of the poor, for the home of the toiler is the cornerstone of our national existence. But we all know that corporations pay far less than their due proportion of taxes and that the extremely wealthy find ways to make their taxation far less than their due proportion as compared with the poor householder.

Our national taxes are paid indirectly on consumption—duty on clothes, sugar, etc., and internal revenue on tobacco, etc. Many of the extremely wealthy escape this taxation by living abroad. There is one way that these inequalities could be in a manner corrected, and that is by a national inheritance tax. Many states are adopting this kind of taxation, but it is not properly a state function, for those whom it touches get out of it by simply moving to another state. For this reason George Gould bought or built a house in New Jersey and lives there a part of the time in order to claim that as his residence in order to escape the inheritance tax of New York. It can easily be seen that this tax should be uniform in every part of the country regardless of state lines. It should apply only to large fortunes and be progressively heavier on larger fortunes. Would it not be good public policy to not allow a single heir to inherit more than $1,000,000? Then the multimillionaires would disappear with the present generation, and everybody would be benefited, even the millionaires themselves, and the public good would be greatly promoted.

In the new war tax law there is an inheritance tax feature. I will watch the operation of this with great interest. We should prepare to increase this soon, for our need of such a tax is greater than that of any other country, for wealth concentration has progressed much more rapidly here than in any other part of the world, yet other countries have had such a tax for many years, and our tax just passed as a part of the war revenue law is comparatively light. Look out for it being declared unconstitutional by the supreme court, for our present court is very accommodating to wealth. Other countries have no written constitution by the inflexibility of which and an accommodating court laws distasteful to wealth can be set aside. Our constitution is patterned after the English government of 1776, and being written it is inflexible and unchangeable, except by amendments, which are very difficult to make.

Thus we have tied ourselves to the English model of 1776, while England, unhampered by a written constitution, has gone on, and in many ways the government is much nearer the people and the people are more free than here. It is predicted that the recent amendments to the English inheritance tax law will finally break up the large estates in that country, and such a result is contemplated with satisfaction by the patriotic and unselfish there. We would like to have some of that kind of patriotism here. It would do more good than the jingo kind of patriotism.

Good public policy demands that immense fortunes be divided in a way that no single heir shall inherit more than $1,000,000 until we can find a way to secure a more just distribution than we now have of wealth at the time of its production. Such vast accumulations of wealth do not come justly. Yes, legally perhaps in many instances, but our laws are not perfect yet. What is legal is not necessarily just and right. We must put justice into our laws as fast as we learn how. In the meantime we must tax large inheritances heavily, both because it is demanded by the public welfare and it is just and right to do it.—Dr. C. F. Taylor in Medical World.

Immortality of Debt.

It is indeed a fitting term. Immortality of debt! It never dies. It is a curse that has hung over the world thousands of years. It is one of the institutions of "civilization," but it is used generally to the advantage of civilized barbarians. Horace Greeley used to advocate the abolition of all laws for the collection of debt. The suggestion is a good one. It chops the dog's tail off right back of its ears.—Norton's Monthly.

The Deadly File.

Populism will drive out capital.—Kansas City Journal (1896).

The effects of a British-Russian war would be serious. The Kansas farmers are already embarrassed for storage room in localities where the banks refuse to accept more deposits.—Kansas City Journal (1898).

ODD FELLOWS.

PREPARATIONS FOR PARADE IN BOSTON.

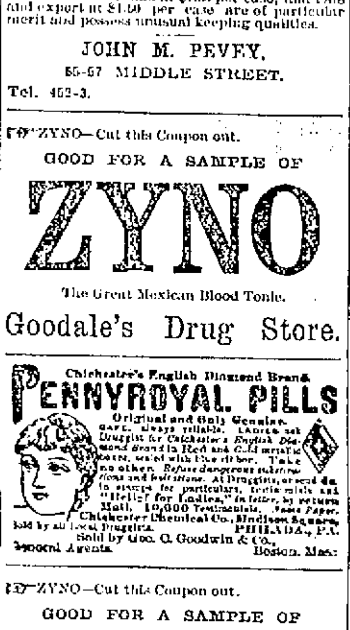
The general committee of the local lodges of Odd Fellows met last evening and forwarded the plans for the visit to Boston and participation in the big parade a week from tomorrow.

The start from Lowell will be made at 8.30 a. m. instead of 8 o'clock as has previously been announced.

Centralville lodge has chosen Charles W. Nevers as its chief marshal; Veritas has chosen Azro H. Schoolcraft and Lowell lodge will be marshalled by S. C. Smiley.

At the meeting of Centralville lodge, I.O.O.F., tomorrow night, President Geo. H. Taylor of the common council will entertain the members with an interesting account of his recent European trip.

Miss Mae Folger Stevens, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solon Stevens, will leave Lowell Wednesday to enter Wheaton Seminary, Norton, Mass., from which institution her sister, Mrs. Ralph A. Day, graduated four years ago.



THERE IS NONE SO GOOD
As the Rochester Brewing Co.'s products. A new car lot just received from the brewery. It's the perfection of brewing. Their "Standard Brand" our bottling, 24 bottles in case, $1.85 per case, or in the wood in halves and quarters or on draught at the bar.
Their Bavarian and Premier at $2.10 per case; Rienzi and Bohemian at $1.85 per case; and Pale and export at $1.60 per case are of particular merit and possess unusual keeping qualities.
JOHN M. PEVEY,
55-57 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
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Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Special Agents. Boston, Mass.

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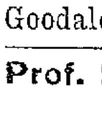
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS.
A non, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LEGAULT & CO.
Keep the Latest Styles in
Summer Jewelry
Belts, Pocket Books, Waist Sets, Combs, Chatelaines, etc.
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Prof. E. J. BORJES
Will Resume
TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN
Oct. 1, at 591 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at special rates.

SEWING MACHINES
We sell regular $65 Machines at
$33.00.
By buying at our store you save canvassers' profits.
Ring's Big Store
231-239 DUTTON ST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST Wyman's Exchange

Boston and Maine Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Western Division.

Corrected to June 27, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.46, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.45, 11 a m; 1.45, †3.00, 4.15, †5.31 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Corrected to June 27, 1898; Trains leave Middlesex Street Depot, Lowell:
For Boston, 5.19, 6.36, *6.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.28, 7.33, *7.48, *7.50, w8.15, *8.57, *9.19, w*9.35, *9.57, w10.50, 11.03, *11.38 a m; w12.03, 12.15, w12.15, 1.15, w2.50, w2.55, *3.03, *3.47, *4.01, w4.05, 4.38, w5.10, 5.22, *5.42, w*6.15, *6.32, 7.00, *7.19, 8.45, w9.35 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.50, 7.23, w8.15, 8.18, 9.19, w12.05, w4.16, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w8.45 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50 x7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, 10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w2.55, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w5.15, w7.30, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w8.15 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.08, w7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.26, w5.10, 5.55 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.24, 6.50, *7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.25 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 7.55, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R R, 2.30 p m, July 4 to September 9.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 2.55, 4.05, 6.10 p m. SUNDAYS, Exeter only, 8.15 a m; 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 6.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m; 5.10 p m (6.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

For Woburn, 6.23, 7.01, 7.34, *7.48, 11.03 a m; 1.43, 4.28, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 4.25, 5.53 p m.
NOTE—*Express. †Via Bedford.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.05, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.16 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 5.41, 6.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 9 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Greenfield, 9 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40, *10.09 a m, *12.11, 1.00, *1.40, *1.54, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a m (to Nashua only), 9.09 a m; 9.00, 6.02, *8.10, *8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.11, *1.40, 5.40, †*8.10 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a m; 1.10 p m; 5.41 p m. Saturdays only till August 27th inclusive.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *†8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.11, †*8.40 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—*1.40, †*8.40 p m; daily except Sunday.
D J FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H C TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.
References:
*Express; ‡Daily.
w Via Western Division.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
¶ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.
EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after July 1st, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.16, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I. with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.33 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.
C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.
Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

$35 Discount
On One Year Scholarships
To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
This school is strictly first-class in every detail, and, as a guaranty to the public, we respectfully challenge comparison of faculty and equipment with that of any other business and shorthand training school in New England.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Colden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
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MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 12, 13, 14. Matinee Wednesday.
MARIE SANGER'S
Royal Stars
Including the following well known people,
Jennette Warren, Nellie Franklyn, Lyons and Crowley, "Vannell," Gun Expert, Reynolds Bros., Carlisle Sisters, 10—Comedians—10, 30—people—30.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 15, 16, 17. Usual Saturday Matinee.
High Class Vaudeville,
Presenting some of the best people in the vaudeville line. Seats on sale at Box office.

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LAWRENCE.
ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 12
Gorman's Novelty Company.
Refined Vaudeville Entertainers.

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—PARK—
LOWELL'S IDEAL DAY RESORT.
Bowling, Dancing,
Fishing, Boating.
THE FINEST ZOO
in New England, embracing a large collection of rare beasts and birds.
The D. L. Page Co. have sole charge of all catering and can serve one or one thousand with choicest viands.
Beginning Monday, Sept. 12,
THE ONLY
Hayes' Troubadours.
A company of artists unexcelled in fun making. Singers, dancers, sketch teams and mirth provokers. Performances every afternoon and evening, free.
FARE 5 CENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE
201 Dutton St., Lowell.
NOW OPEN.
CONTINUOUS SHOW
2 until 11 p. m.
ADMISSION
CENTS 5 CENTS

DYEING
Every Hour in the Day at the
BAY STATE
Dye Works
Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to
54 Prescott Street.

FLOWERS.
When in need of anything choice and artistic in the floral line go to
LAPHAM & CO.,
FLORISTS,
218 Merrimack St., Old City Hall Building.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economise time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
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All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $30 Suits for $25; his $25 Suits for $20; his $20 suits for $15. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 100 and 102 Middlesex St.

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Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. B. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT 3
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MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
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MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. [illegible] at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing [illegible] and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

WOMAN'S REMAINS

Mutilated in Two Packages at Bridgeport, Conn.

Startling Evidence of Murder—The Head Battered and a Cloth Tied Over Her Mouth.

Bridgeport, Sept. 13.—The police department is all agog over a gruesome find of two packages in the mud of a pond, which point conclusively to another murder mystery to unravel. The packages contained the head of a woman cut from the body near the ear, and the lower limbs which had been separated from the body, unjointed and cut in two at the knees, then tied together again and wrapped up in glazed paper. The head of the woman was battered and jammed on one side, and had a cloth tied over the mouth.

The packages were noticed by three lads who were on the north end of the bridge which crosses an arm of the mill pond. The boys called the attention of William Burr, who lives in the vicinity, to them. He procured a rake and finally landed the bundles. The police were notified immediately.

Medical Examiner Downes was at once informed of the discovery, and he immediately drove to the scene, and later communicated with Coroner Doten. Detective Cronin also, by good chance, happened to be in the neighborhood, and succeeded in retaining many apparently trifling articles which will probably be of invaluable assistance in working up the case. The medical examiner gave a permit for the dismembered parts to be removed to the morgue, where they were taken.

After the head had been cleaned and made presentable, as far as it was possible on account of its battered condition, photographs were taken for the purpose of possible identification. Two pictures in different positions were secured. The result was that it is the opinion of the authorities that the victim was a person of more than ordinary refinement. The features, however, are wan and thin. It is surmised that the woman was about five feet, six inches in height, her hair was braided in a manner as usual with many women before they retire, and was tied with a cotton cord. A number of the teeth were white and regular, and some were gold-filled, while only two or three in the back of the mouth were missing. The eyes were greyish blue. The pronounced characteristic of the face is the short, aquiline nose, which, it is believed, will afford a strong means of identification. The feet are small and shapely. The neck and also the limbs at the knees and thighs were severed in a manner showing a clean cutting of the flesh, and was clearly done by some one conversant with anatomy, and was either a butcher or a medical person. The authorities are inclined to believe that one of the former class was the guilty party.

Dr. Downes stated that the case was most curious, and one of so many contradictions that the solution of the mystery promises to be no easy task. In his opinion the body had been in the water about 24 hours when found, and that a large knife had been used to dismember the body, as in no place was the flesh torn. The limbs were sawed in a leisurely manner and evidently with apart, but the entire work was done in much care, as no bruises were visible about the head. It is the opinion of the medical examiner that the death took place at night, from the arrangement of the woman's hair, and also from the appearance of the teeth that she had not lived in a plentiful manner of late.

There was also noticed that two stout cords were wound about the thighs so tightly as to cut into the flesh, and it was evident that whoever did the cutting was desirous to prevent the flow of blood. The limbs had one leg of a man's cotton drawers, of the kind that are worn in summer, wrapped about them; it was of good material, but there were no marks on it to assist in identification.

Two stones, weighing about 10 pounds each, were attached to the bundles. They were discolored from being in the water for a long time, and were undoubtedly taken from near the shore, where there is much refuse, by whoever tried to dispose of the remains.

All the articles which might assist in any way in the ferreting out of the crime were taken charge of by the police. The arms and trunk are still missing, although a persistent search was kept up in the vicinity of the place of the finding of the other portions of the body.

All sorts of theories are afloat, but not the slightest clue has been obtained, nor has there been anyone reported to the police as missing. The place where the dismembered parts were found is a very lonely spot, and may be approached at night with little fear of detection. The dentists of the city have been asked to examine the teeth to see if any of them could recognize the work, which might assist in the identification.

BASE BALL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—The Philadelphias were never in yesterday's game. The Bostons played all the points, making everything count, and

WILLIAM W. HAMILTON.

winning easily. Hamilton's batting and base running were the features. Attendance, 3125. Score:

Philadelphias.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Cooley, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	1
Douglass, 1 b.	3	0	0	7	0	0
Delehanty, l. f.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Lajoie, 2 b.	3	0	1	3	2	1
Flick, r. f.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Lauder, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	0	1
McFarland, c.	4	0	2	3	2	0
Cross, s. s.	4	0	0	3	2	0
Piatt, p.	2	0	0	0	3	1
Totals	28	1	5	24	11	4

Bostons.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	4	3	3	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	0	4	2	0
Collins, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	1	3	1	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	1	6	0	0
Lewis, p.	2	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	32	7	7	24	9	0

Philadelphias	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1
Bostons	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	1	—7

Game called on account of darkness.

Earned run—Bostons, 1. Two-base hits—Delehanty, Hamilton, Bergen. Sacrifice hits—Douglass, Lauder, Lewis. Stolen bases—Hamilton, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphias, 7; Bostons, 7. Struck out—By Piatt, 3; by Lewis, 2. Passed ball—McFarland, 1. Umpires—...ey and Smith. Time—2:20.

...ility to hit Hart and two errors ...ahlen defeated the Chicagoes in ...burg. Katall pitched a good game ...the westerners, but allowed the Pittsburgs to bunch hits in the sixth.

The Baltimore club forgot how to bat Mercer at critical stages of yesterday's game, and the senators earned their victory by clean and fast work.

PASSENGER TRAIN'S PLUNGE.

Texarkana, Tex., Sept. 13.—A passenger train on the Texas and Pacific railroad, consisting of an engine and four coaches, plunged through a bridge 12 miles south of Texarkana yesterday. One of the passengers was killed, and a number of others more or less seriously injured. Heavy rains have been falling for 36 hours. All streams are out of their banks, and much damage has been done. Washouts are reported on all railroads. The bridge had been weakened by the rain. The wreck was complete, car piling upon car in a mass of debris and wreckage.

THREATENED WITH DEATH.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 13.—According to advices received here from Barbadoes since the death of Mr. Pile, speaker of the house of assembly, Sept. 2, from the effects of the recent attempt to assassinate him, the governor and five public officials have been anonymously warned that a similar fate has been decreed for them, as a reward for their oppression." The worst feature of the Pile tragedy is that the government reward of $5000 for information regarding the conspirators fails to induce their betrayal.

LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 13.—The fire in Jerome was one of the greatest calamities in the loss of life and destruction of property that ever occurred in Arizona. Among those who lost their lives are the following: Mexican woman and her two children; Wilford, an undertaker; a drygoods clerk, name unknown; two laborers, names unknown. The number of missing is placed at 15.

Many people familiar with Jerome place the property loss at figures ranging from half to three quarters of a million dollars. There was but little insurance, the aggregate being less than $50,000. The loss is complete, it being stated that not even the commonest articles of use were saved. Much merchandise and other valuable goods were removed to places on the hillside, but the heat became so intense that nearly everything was destroyed in the end.

TWO BUILDINGS BURNED.

Salisbury, N. H., Sept. 13.—Hotel Chapman, patronized largely by summer guests, and the store of J. W. Little were burned to the ground yesterday afternoon. The fire was discovered on the third floor of the hotel, having evidently been caused by a defective chimney. The building burned rapidly, and the fire soon communicated with the store of Little, in which the postoffice was located. All the mail matter and most of the goods in the store were saved, and about two-third of the furniture of the hotel. The hotel was erected at a cost of $7200, and it is understood that all the losses are covered by insurance.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

COULD NOT GO AWAY.

How a Little Woman with a Family Survived the Hot Summer.

She Managed to Keep Cool.

The Way She Did It Interesting, Others Should Follow Her Example.

I was talking the other day to a friend of mine, one of those energetic bright women who is always busy. She is the mother of quite a little family and her hands are more than full, for unfortunately their means are not such as to make the ordinary necessities of life any too easy to procure.

With a small bank account and a growing family it is pretty hard to get away for the summer and here is a case where my friend devised a way of keeping happy, cool and well in her own home, during the hot months.

When I asked her how she managed to always look so cool and kept so well, she said, "I lay it all to Moxie, the most delicious beverage that ever was made, and also I think the most healthful."

Then she went on to explain how regularly each week the grocer left a case of Moxie at the house. "Why," she said, "every one of us from the baby up simply love it, and I find that it does not upset the children's stomachs. A little of it seems to go a long way, as far as quenching thirst is concerned, so that none of us now are ruining our digestion by over-drinking.

Then again, Moxie is really and truly a nerve food. Our doctor explained this to me and told me how it nourishes the nervous system, just the same way as other kinds of food nourish other parts of the body. I know he is right, for since I have been drinking Moxie I have had no more nervousness, and those awful nervous headaches which I used to have, have entirely disappeared.

Now we all sleep sound and our appetites are splendid. This excuse of its being too hot to eat is all nonsense. If you will but do the way we do, and drink Moxie during the summer, you will see how easy it is to keep cool and well during the most trying heat.

THE FIRST DEATH

To Occur in Company I, Sixth Mass. Regt.

CORPORAL HOSMER DIED OF TYPHOID FEVER.

He Belonged in Concord Mass.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Sept. 12.—A cablegram from Porto Rico, received here this forenoon, announces the death yesterday at Utuado, Porto Rico, of Corporal Ralph H. Hosmer, Company I, Sixth U. S. V., from typhoid fever. His was the first death to occur in the company since it was mustered into the service of the United States government. Corporal Hosmer up to the time of his enlistment was employed as a clerk by the Old Colony Trust company here. He was a son of the late Cyrus Hosmer, a veteran of the civil war, and a member of Col. George L. Custer Post 115, Sons of Veterans and had served three years in the state militia.

TODAY'S DEATHS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 12.—The deaths reported from the general hospital at Camp Wikoff were:

Walter Ellger, Company C, Third Infantry, dysentery; Samuel P. Wiley, corporal, Company C, Ninth Mass. Vols., typhoid; David Hechbauser, Company I, Eighth Ohio Vols., exhaustion; Burt Smith, Company B, Eighth regular Infantry, malaria; James F. Thenan, Ninth Mass., typhoid.

PERU QUIET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Peruvian legation at Washington has received a cablegram from Lima, stating that there is no revolution in the country. In some places bands of marauders have appeared who were dispersed on the approach of the government troops sent to pursue them.

Peru, says the message, is in the state of complete quiet which it has enjoyed for some years.

BUGGY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Winchester, Va., Sept. 13.—A buggy, in which were Laura Dollinger, her sister and George Sisler, was struck by a freight train, and the two young women were killed. Sisler was badly injured.

Pass The

FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT

to the guest with a dainty appetite; pass them to the invalid who needs nourishment; pass them to any one at any time; with salad, soup or chowder they are sure to prove most acceptable because they are the most delicious biscuit ever baked. Sold everywhere with the word "Favorite" on every biscuit. Baked in the best bakery in New England.

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.

SECRETARY DAY

Has a Conference With McKinley Today

In Reference to Instructions for Peace Commissioners—Our Cuban Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Secretary of State Day arrived in Washington from his home at Canton early today. At the White House he had a long conference with the president which is presumably in reference to the instructions to be given to the peace commissioners. Nothing has been heard at the state department recently from the other members of the commission and it is quite uncertain whether there will be a majority of the body here tomorrow to hold even the informal meeting which is desired in order to arrange for the departure of the commission.

It is now settled that the American commissioners will take passage on the Campania, leaving New York next Saturday.

INSURGENTS

Must Not Propagate Any Insurrection.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Sept. 12.—The French ambassador at Washington, M Cambon, who has been acting for Spain in the peace negotiations, has cabled to the government here the American reply to the Spanish note, protesting against hostilities on the part of the insurgents in the Philippine Islands, in spite of the peace protocol. The United States promises to send envoys to induce the Tagales to respect the suspension of hostilities and to prevent vessels leaving Manila with insurgents having the intention of propagating the insurrection on the other islands.

WEAVERS STRIKE

Those Employed in Border City Mills Concerned.

PROTEST AGAINST A VIRTUAL REDUCTION IN WAGES.

Other Operatives Will Join With Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass, Sept. 12—The weavers of Border City mills Nos. 1 and 2 struck work this morning against a virtual reduction of wages. The weavers of the No. 3 mill have been on strike for three weeks through the same cause. The strikers number between 600 and 700. Work in the weaving departments of the three mills is suspended today. Spinners and carders are working today but are likely to leave work in support of the weavers, after a meeting of the textile council later in the week. Feeling in labor circles against the Border City corporation is intense.

PRIVATE HEAPHY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—Private James Heaphy of Company L, Portland died this morning at the Eye and Ear Infirmary of typhoid fever. His brother, who was also in Company L died several days ago.

NO PARADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The president has decided that it will be impracticable for the troops at Montauk to take part in the projected parade in New York city. He has talked the matter over with General Miles, and with Acting-Secretary Meiklejohn and it was finally determined to let the matter be decided by the physical condition of the men. To ascertain this the medical officers at the camp were called upon with General Shafter.

It is reported that the men would not be able to stand the fatigue of a parade before next month at the earliest. As the parade was to occur next Saturday this renders the participation of the Montauk troops impracticable and the parade must consequently, if held at all, be composed of the troops coming in from Porto Rico, not exceeding 2000 in number.

FIFTH OHIO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 12.—The Fifth Ohio volunteer regiment arrived here today from Fernandina, Fla., and was received with an enthusiastic demonstration.

ON ACTIVE LIST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 12.—It is officially announced that Col. Paty du Clam has been placed on the active list and dismissed from his post in consequence of the general staff's investigation into the Esterhazy case.

THE GLOUCESTER

Arrived in Boston Harbor This Morning.

SHE DESTROYED TWO SPANISH TORPEDO BOATS.

When Cervera Made His Dash.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 12.—The U. S. auxiliary cruiser Gloucester anchored in the harbor shortly after 10 o'clock today. The Gloucester was formerly the yacht Corsair, belonging to J. Pierpont Morgan.

The arrival of the Gloucester has been expected for some days, and before she leaves New England waters she will probably visit the port of Gloucester, where the people are anxious to give her a rousing reception.

The Gloucester is in command of Lieut.-Commander Richard Wainwright formerly commander of the battleship Maine. When Admiral Cervara's fleet dashed out of Santiago harbor, the Gloucester was in the thick of the fight, and destroyed the Spanish torpedo boats Pluton and Furor.

SMOKELESS POWDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The contract for supplying the navy department with smokeless powder has been awarded to the California Powder company and the Dupont Powder company each to supply half a million pounds. The contract price is 80 cents per pound, the government to furnish all necessary production.

DEATHS.

CREEVAN—Julia, aged five months daughter of James and Katie Creevan, died at the home of her parents, 4 Bradford place, Lawrence, Thursday. The funeral took place Friday afternoon, interment in the Immaculate Conception cemetery, Lawrence. Mr. and Mrs. Creevan resided until recently on Gorham street, this city and are well known here. Their many friends will be sorry to learn of their sad bereavement.

MUST NOT FIGHT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buffalo, Sept. 12.—The sheriff and district attorney have made a joint announcement with reference to the proposed boxing match at the Hawthorne club tonight in which they said the Erne-Lavigne contest will not take place before the Hawthorne A. C. at Cheektowaga this evening. The sheriff and his deputies will be at the Arena tonight and as soon as the men enter the ring they will be informed that they must not put on the gloves. If they do their arrests will follow.

ROGERS ARRESTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 12.—Captain Charles Rogers, who commands the "mysterious" black sloop reported at different times along the coast, was arrested in this city last night on several charges of assault.

DON'T GET DISCOURAGED.

Consumption Has Been Cured; Even When Believed To Be In An Advanced Stage.

Where There's Pe-ru-na There's Hope.

CONSUMPTION is nothing more or less than catarrh of the lungs. To cure consumption, cure catarrh. There is nothing known to man that will so effectually cure catarrh as Pe-ru-na. Just see what is said of this wonderful health-restoring, life-prolonging medicine. Mrs. Anna Harmening, of Mazo Manie, Wis., writes as follows: "Last winter I had La Grippe, and hemorrhage of the lungs followed. All the doctors around here told me that I would die of consumption. I thought I would ask Dr. Hartman for advice. He prescribed Pe-ru-na, and I was cured in a short time. I advise everybody suffering with lung troubles to take Pe-ru-na. Am now enjoying good health, and can thank Pe-ru-na for it."

Mrs. Mary Fritz, of Berwick, Mo., says: "I was a victim of what was no doubt whatever a case of genuine consumption of the lungs. I had severe hemorrhages. I paid doctors $160, and then they told me I was incurable. I was so weak I could not lift my head. My husband got me a bottle of Pe-ru-na. It did me so much good he got me six more, which I took, and got entirely well. This was seven years ago, and since then my health has been perfect. I am very grateful for the benefit I received and recommend Pe-ru-na to all my friends."

The case of Mrs. Eliza Heinzle, of 100 East Main Street, Columbus, Ohio, is a wonderful revelation of what Pe-ru-na will do in an aggravated case of this most dreaded disease. She writes as follows: "A violent cold which I contracted finally settled on my lungs, and for four months I ran down very rapidly, coughing up quantities of bloody mucus and having hemorrhages from the lungs. I was on the verge of the grave. My husband and my friends had given me up. As a last hope I bought a bottle of Pe-ru-na and found that it gave me immediate relief. I therefore continued to take it. My cough soon left me. I had no more hemorrhages and am now as well as I ever was in my life. I thankfully attribute my living at all to the good effects of Pe-ru-na."

It would indeed seem wicked not to let the great multitude of people in this country who are suffering from this most terrible of all diseases, know the good that can be done by Pe-ru-na. It is your duty, if you have any friends affected with consumption, to tell them of it. You should remember that Pe-ru-na is a prescription discovered by Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, who has made a specialty of all catarrhal troubles for the past forty years, and though but recently introduced in the East is widely known, and enjoys enormous sales in the West and South. You can get Pe-ru-na of any druggist. If you feel that your individual case needs special advice or treatment, write to Dr. Hartman, at Columbus, Ohio, and he will give his personal attention to your individual case and advise you by mail, absolutely free of charge. Do not give up hope and do not let your friends die before your eyes when there is such a wonderful chance of recovery from disease within the reach of all.

SPANISH PRISONERS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 12.—The work of transporting the Spanish prisoners from Seavey's Island to the steamship City of Rome, which vessel has been chartered to convey them to their native land commenced here at 5.40 this morning and was completed at 9 o'clock.

Admiral Cervera, with his son Angel paid farewell visits to the officers of the navy yard at 9 o'clock and afterwards boarded the City of Rome. On his way to the boat, the gallant admiral was enthusiastic of the treatment the American people had accorded to the Spanish prisoners, to his staff and to himself. He detailed the many courtesies he received at Portsmouth, Annapolis, Norfolk, New York, and at Washington. He was most favorably impressed with the American people and said he would carry home with him many happy recollections of the kindness and generosity of those high in officialdom as well as of citizens in every walk of life.

These sentiments were also heartily endorsed by his son, Lieut. Angel Cervera, and the other officers of his staff.

The steamer left about noon today.

MAINE MAN

TRIES TO SUICIDE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—Wm. D. Baker, a young man from Augusta, Me., has attempted suicide by gas asphyxiation in a lodging house. He was supposed to be dead when found, but was revived at the receiving hospital. He was formerly clerk in the office of the United States legation at Tokio. Despondency was the cause of his act.

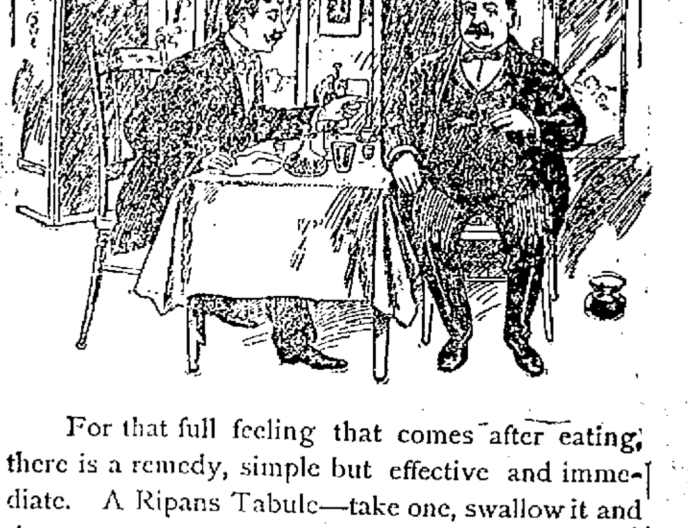
EXTRADITION QUESTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The question of the extradition of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning will doubtless be brought to a focus on Tuesday morning. Governor Budd will hear the testimony of the prosecution and the argument of the defense.

TO RUN FOUR DAYS.

The mills of the Lowell (carpet) company, or at least the ingrain department will run four days this week, a welcome change for the help from the period of idleness.



For that full feeling that comes after eating, there is a remedy, simple but effective and immediate. A Ripans Tabule—take one, swallow it and there you are. One who gets just as full in any other way is not so uncomfortable *at the time*. That sensation, to him, comes later. To prevent it take a Tabule before going to bed.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

DEWEY SAYS

The Filipinos Can't be Trusted.

Interview With Aguinaldo—Incident That Nearly Precipitated an Attack—Reply to Spain's Protest—Parade of Troops Abandoned—Camp Wikoff to be Abandoned.

Manila, Sept. 13.—Rear Admiral Dewey considers the situation critical. It is understood he has asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship.

The correspondent of the Associated Press has had an interview with Aguinaldo, who said there were 67,000 insurgents armed with rifles. He added he could raise 100,000 men. Indeed, the insurgent leader pointed out, the whole population of the Philippine Islands was willing to fight for their independence. Continuing, he said he had 5000 military prisoners, including 5000 in the vicinity of Manila, besides civil prisoners. Later Aguinaldo said the "provisional government" was now operating 28 provinces. He asserted that on Aug. 2 they elected delegates in number proportionate to the population. As to the Americans, Aguinaldo remarked that he considered them as brothers and that "the two sovereign republics were allied against a common enemy."

When questioned as to whether the future Filipino policy would be absolute independence, Aguinaldo excused himself from replying and asked what America intended to do. The correspondent being unable to answer this question, Aguinaldo continued: "We have been fighting for independence for a long time. The natives who profess to favor annexation are insincere. It is merely a ruse to ascertain American views."

Asked if the Filipinos would object to the retention of Manila, the general declined to answer.

Would the Filipinos object to America retaining a coaling station, if recognizing the independence of the islands or establishing a temporary protectorate over them? Aguinaldo again declined to answer. Pending the conclusion of the assembly, Aguinaldo said, he was confident there would be no trouble between America and the Filipinos.

The insurgents' leader denied having received a request from General Otis and Rear Admiral Dewey to withdraw his troops to a prescribed distance from Manila and Cavite, and he declined to discuss the effect of such a request. He further asserted that he had never conferred with the American authorities since the capitulation of Manila, and that he had never authorized the insurgents to search or disarm Americans crossing the lines.

The correspondent closely questioned him about last Saturday's incident when the Pennsylvania troops proceeded to establish a new outpost. The Filipinos objected and nearly precipitated hostilities, ordering the Americans to withdraw in 20 minutes. They issued ammunition and intercepted the American reinforcements. Finally General Hale ordered all the Pennsylvanians to advance, and the rebels withdrew. The local governor has explained that the incident was a complete mistake and has repudiated his subordinates' action. Aguinaldo declared to this correspondent that the Filipino who made the trouble merely pretended to be an officer, and is entirely unconnected with the insurgent army. Aguinaldo complained that the Spaniards were "disseminating false reports for the purpose of fomenting antagonism between the Filipinos and the Americans."

The whole interview conveyed the impression that Aguinaldo desires absolute independence, regards the mission of the Americans here as accomplished and expects their withdrawal. "Just as the French, with Lafayette, withdrew after helping the Americans in the war of independence, a war of humanity." Just now Aguinaldo maintains the role of extreme friendship.

REPLY TO SPAIN'S PROTEST.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A Madrid dispatch in regard to the American reply to the Spanish note, protesting against hostilities on the part of the insurgents of the Philippine islands, was shown to the first secretary of the French embassy yesterday. He said that as Ambassador Cambon was absent from Washington for several weeks, the reply was not sent by him personally. If such a reply had been made, it would have gone through the hands of the first secretary, but he declined positively to say whether or not he had forwarded a message of such a character.

The officials of the state department also refused to make known the nature of the communications exchanged between the two governments regarding the matter. It is known, however, that in response to urgent appeals from the Spanish government to protect the Spaniards living in the Philippines from the insurgents during the continuance of the truce now in force, General Otis was instructed to use his influence with the insurgent leaders to cause them to stop active hostilities for the time. Touching the departure from Manila of insurgent parties on ships to carry the revolution among other islands of the group, it is learned that such expeditions have not been sent out since the signature of the protocol, and the incident which formed the basis of the Spanish representations on the subject happened sometime ago when it was warranted.

EACH TO HAVE A CONTRACT.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The navy department has arrived at what it regards as a fair and satisfactory settlement of the question of awarding the contracts for the construction of the three battleships. Upon examination of the plans submitted by the bidders, it was found that the only thoroughly satisfactory one was that submitted by Cramp, who had simply taken the alternate plans suggested by the navy department, which amounted to lengthening the hull of the ships from 15 to 25 feet, in order to gain room for the more powerful engines required to drive the ship at a speed of 18½ knots, instead of 16 knots, as at first proposed. After considering the subject in all aspects, the board of naval bureau chiefs has hit upon a solution of the question. It has invited the Newport News company and the Union iron works to amend their plans so as to make their ships identical with that proposed by Cramp.

DENBY FAVORS POSSESSION.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Charles Denby, former minister of the United States to China, paid his respects to the president Monday. In answer to inquiries, he said that in his judgment the United States should retain permanent possession of all or practically all of the Philippine islands. To surrender them to Spain would be only to invite a controversy, and possibly war, among the European nations for their possession. If the United States is to make an effort to secure any considerable portion of the markets of the far east, the Philippines would be of very great advantage to us.

COLONEL CHARLES DENBY.

Mr. Denby thought that the eastern question had been practically settled, for the present at least. He did not believe that there was anything in the situation to justify the expectation of a partition of China among the powers. Russia had already secured territorial concessions which completely satisfied all her desires in that particular direction, and as trade and trade facilities were the only objects of English and German concern in China, he saw no good reason why they should desire her dismemberment. In any event Mr. Denby said he did not look for any immediate change in the present status.

ABANDONED THE PARADE.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The plan of having a parade in New York of the troops returning from Porto Rico and those at Montauk Point has been definitely abandoned. This is the result of conferences on the subject between the president and General Miles, and of consultations with army officers at New York and Camp Wikoff.

TWO WINTER HOSPITALS.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Interesting details of the plans of the war department for the establishment of two large and well equipped winter hospitals for the troops were furnished by Surgeon General Sternberg yesterday. He said the medical department for sometime had been at work erecting such a hospital on the government reservation at Fort Monroe. There is already at the fort a tent hospital in excellent shape, capable of accommodating 500 patients. The new hospital is intended for the reception of sick soldiers returning from Porto Rico.

Looking ahead to the possibility of an extended occupancy of Cuban ports by the army, with the resulting requirements upon the medical department for the care of the sick, Dr. Sternberg is planning for another hospital on even a larger scale at some of the southern ports below Fortress Monroe and more accessible from Cuba. The impression prevails that the hospital will be located either in Charleston or Savannah.

"FROM MY OWN ORDERS."

Detroit, Sept. 13.—Concerning reports from Camp Wikoff that the camp is preparing to break up under peremptory new orders from General Miles, Secretary Alger said: "There is nothing new in that. Camp Wikoff from the first was merely intended as a detention camp. The purpose from the first has been to get the soldiers away from there as soon as possible. No change in purpose is indicated by these dispatches from my own orders given before I left Washington."

INSURGENTS LOSE VESSELS.

Madrid, Sept. 13.—Captain Aunon, minister of marine, received an important dispatch from the Philippines, describing a conflict between the Spanish gunboats and an insurgent flotilla, in which the former successfully prevented an insurgent landing in the Visayas. According to the dispatch, the insurgents had five vessels, all of which were sunk. The Spaniards had no loss, but the telegrams assert that hundreds of the insurgents are believed to have perished.

HONORED THEIR GOVERNOR.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The First regiment of volunteers, New Hampshire's quota in men to uphold the country's flag, went through yesterday what was probably its last dress ceremony before it is finally mustered out of service, the occasion being a grand review complimentary to Governor Ramsdell. The regiment as it passed in review was a revelation. It swung along with the precision of regulars and showed far different organization from that which the governor reviewed last May. As the colors came in front of the reviewing party the bands of music ceased and the trumpets played "To the colors," a ceremony in the tactics heretofore overlooked by the state militia.

CROPS MATURED RAPIDLY.

Boston, Sept. 13.—Crops of all kinds have matured rapidly. The showers serve to keep the meadows and pastures green. The warm, clear weather of the first days of last week was favorable to growing crops, and the cooler weather at the close helped to mature corn, grain, colored the fruit, and favored farm work generally. Light to killing frost occurred on the mornings of the 10th, 11th and 12th, though damage resulted in but few sections. In the vicinity of Northfield, Vt., vines, tender vegetation and corn-fodder were injured to a considerable extent. A portion of the corn crop in many sections of the district is still subject to injury. Excepting corn, crops are now generally secured. Fall feed is still plentiful, and the winter season at present promises to begin under most favorable conditions.

Seeding in many instances is completed, and is nearing the end for the entire district. It has been favored by good weather. Corn is being secured; with few exceptions the crop is the largest of recent years. Many silos have been filled with good crops; this work will soon be finished. Buckwheat is mostly harvested; the crop is considered excellent.

Grass continues in excellent condition in most sections. Pastures and meadows are green. Considerable hay (second crop) was secured during the week. In some sections the barns are full to overflowing, and many acres of grass will not be cut.

Apples are coloring rapidly, earlier than usual in places. Wind has caused dropping. Fall berries are in sufficient supply. Cranberry picking has begun, though little has yet been done; all report a light crop of good fruit. Pears and plums are in fair supply. Grapes are ripening.

Tomatoes have ripened rapidly in most sections, and the supply is abundant. Potato digging is in progress throughout the district; the crop is uneven, though the yield, it is believed, will fully equal the average. While the complaint of rot is widespread, great loss will result in but few sections. The warm, moist weather has not favored cabbage, lima beans and cauliflower.

Tobacco is about secured, and is curing well, although the warm days were not favorable. The crop exceeds the average in quantity, and is of good quality.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is stated officially that Colonel Charles F. Woodward, late colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteers, has applied for his old post as colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer militia.

The post hospital at the Washington barracks, the Sternberg and Sanger field hospitals at Chickamauga park, and the military hospitals at Ponce, Porto Rico, have been designated as general hospitals, and are placed under the exclusive control of the surgeon general of the army.

The International Silver company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital not to exceed $30,000,000, has made an offer for the stock of the Meriden, Conn., concerns. This contemplates the combination under one head of nearly 20 of the largest silver and silverplateware concerns in the country.

The caucus which it is customary to hold in Concord on the night before the state convention of New Hampshire Republicans was much livelier than usual. Senator Chandler and Ex-Governor Busiel opposed the appointment by the caucus of a committee on resolutions, urging that it should be done by the convention. They were beaten, 218 to 90.

KILLED A BABY.

Indianapolis, Sept. 13.—While Mrs. Cornelius Driscoll of this city was attending the funeral of Howard Lansing, her cousin, who was murdered Saturday night by George White, her 5-year-old daughter picked up a rifle to amuse her 6-months-old brother, who was crying. In some manner the gun was discharged. The bullet struck the baby in the forehead, causing instant death.

ROBBERS WELL REWARDED.

Bennington, Sept. 13.—The Richmond store at Hoosick was entered by burglars Sunday night, and the safe was blown open. The booty was $312 in cash, a diamond ring, and a number of valuable papers.

Private James S. Drumm, Company M, Ninth Massachusetts of Lowell, is the guest of Earl Thompson, 127 East Hollis street, Nashua.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady canvassers; $8 per week salary. Call at 69 Middlesex street, room 6, from 8 to 12 a. m., 4 to 8 p. m.

WANTED—A table girl. Inquire at 870 Chelmsford street, Lincoln Square Dining Rooms.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 65.

WANTED—A good man to go into partnership with F. L. Wyeth in the Custom Shirt business. Mr. Wyeth to furnish said partner with shirts made in any style and length to please partner, and to deliver the same within one month. The partner agreeing to pay $1.00 or more each, according to quality, and to wear out said shirt promptly, so Wyeth can make him more. Address F. L. Wyeth, Lowell, or telephone clerk at office.

WANTED—Five kitchen girls at the Central Employment office, 225 Dutham street. R. A. Moore.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 34, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 31 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—At once, agent to sell home grown nursery stock. For terms address Southworth Bros., Beverly, Mass.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleaned or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 101 Merrimack street.

WANTED—300 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 352 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single plain sewing machinist, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

WANT NOONAN'S?—Yes, you want Noonan's. Insure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moore's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dowe, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Hoody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Strayed or stolen brindle and white dog, name and license number on collar. Reward at 242 Broadway.

LOST—At Lakeview Sunday afternoon a pocketbook containing a sum of money and two notes was taken from a lady's pocket. If the person will return notes no questions will be asked and reward will be given. Dascios Studio, 79 Central street.

LOST—On Friday a pocketbook containing a sum of money. Reward. Samuel Gordon, 71 Railroad street.

TO LET.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank Building, 145 Merrimack Street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rents moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 92 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

TENEMENT TO LET—Half a house, seven rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar, large yard at 38 Sargent street. Terms easy, $16 per month. Enquire 38 Sargent street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
H. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 571-2.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL,
young men for war, and Dows' Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, assuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 359 Central street.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Shop, Carriages, Delivery Wagons, Bicycle, Mill, Stable and Street Use.
Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed furnished. Lantern Globes, white, red or blue.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

CALL at 563 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ready's boiler shop, Fay street. Inquire of J. M. Dutman, 1 Coral street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under surry and Stanhope in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 89 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 373 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 55x80, on a 60 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1183 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 3 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

NOTICE—I have six different kinds of stamps for cancelling Internal Revenue Stamps, also everything in the rubber stamp line. J. H. Fellows, 128 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out
and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 976 Middlesex street, where you can save money by having your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid new 2½-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
SHARON HOUSE
Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1 to Oct. 1.
D. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker and Funeral Director
189 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 161-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

2-MONEY SAVERS-2
1 lot of Little Boys' Russet Lace Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, regular price $1.00, our price, 85c. a Pair.
1 lot of Misses' Chocolate Color Lace Spring Heel Shoes, regular $1.50 values, to close out $1.00 a Pair.
The above Shoes are reasonable and will give entire satisfaction as to fit and wear. The changing of shades for each season compels us to suffer a loss rather than carry them over.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

JUST TRY US.
When you find that your carriage is showing the need of repairs. We are the expert carriage repairers of Lowell, and give to every job the careful attention which has made the name of SAWYER stand for the BEST when used in connection with
CARRIAGE REPAIRS OR CARRIAGE BUILDING.
We will call and get your vehicle if you will send a card asking us to do so.
SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

We owe an apology to our patrons for the delay in announcing our Great Special Sale of the E. C. Wescott Co. stock which we recently purchased at auction. The stock was so large and varied that it has taken us much longer to get it in readiness than we anticipated, but we are pleased to say that we shall have it ready next week and will announce full particulars as early as possible. Meanwhile we shall offer a

GREAT BARGAIN
IN SLIGHTLY DAMAGED
Lace Curtains
Thursday Morning, Sept. 15.

The entire stock of LACE CURTAINS that were slightly damaged by the recent fire in the stock room of the Glasgow Manufacturing Co., Boston, have been purchased by us and will be placed on sale

Thursday Morning Next
At 8 O'Clock.

The Glasgow Co. are large Importers and these curtains were all new and handsome designs of this season's importation. The damage was largely by water and smoke and confined principally to the outside wrappers, the curtains themselves being injured only by a slight odor of smoke which is fast disappearing. They represent Irish Point, Brussels, Fish Net, Nottingham, Tambour and other desirable grades.

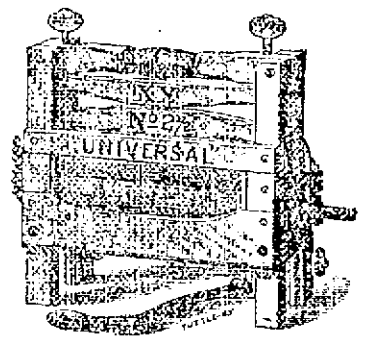
This special sale will take place in our wide centre aisle, Palmer street, which will afford plenty of room for the large display as well as prompt attention to customers.

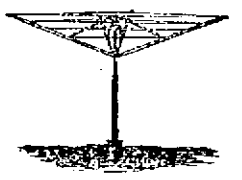
We closed the entire lot at a mere nominal price a few hours after the insurance underwriters had adjusted the loss and shall offer them at unprecedented low prices, being less than one-half the cost of importation.

Sale to commence Thursday morning. Call early and secure the best selection.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

WRINGERS $1.48 and Upwards.





We have all the leading makes. Our ball bearing Wringer is the easiest turning Wringer in the world.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St.

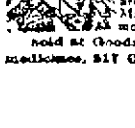
DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 26, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.



WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

IF TEXAS HAD SEVENTY MILLION PEOPLE--

It Would Have Only the Density of Population of Our New Colony, Porto Rico.

While it is undoubtedly true that an enormous amount of development of one sort and another is possible in every one of the island colonies which yesterday were Spain's but to-day are ours, if anybody's, it is also true that there is much misapprehension regarding them.

For instance, there has been a great deal of talk about the undeveloped agricultural resources of Porto Rico, and more than one ordinarily level-headed American has dreamed dreams of fortunes to be made there by raising certain crops. But these dreams are generally regarded as delusive by the well informed, for Porto Rico is already over-cultivated, if anything. Certainly her soil is far more assiduously tended than that of any state in this Union. There may be some sections in a few of the older states that have reached a grade of agricultural development approaching that of Porto Rico, but they are few and small. And there is no comparison whatever between the high state of cultivation attained there and the agricultural development of the greater part of the available farming land in this country.

This statement is made primarily on the evidence of travellers in Porto Rico who speak with wonder of the thorough subjugation of the soil there, but it need not rest on their evidence alone. It is fully borne out by figures, which sometimes lie, but are perfectly trustworthy in this instance. Porto Rico, with an area of only 3,550 square miles, less than one-thirteenth the area of the state of New York, has a population of about 800,000, or 225 to the square mile, and most of this population is agricultural at that. The United States, with an area of 3,600,-000 square miles, has a population of about 74,500,000, or only 21 to the square mile, a much larger proportion living in cities and towns than is the case in Porto Rico.

There are, in truth, only two states in our Union that support a larger population to the square mile than Porto Rico. These are Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Massachusetts, with an area of 8,315 square miles, has a population of 2,238,943, or 269 to the square mile. Little Rhode Island, with 1,250 square miles, has 345,506, or 276 to the square mile. But neither of these states is chiefly agricultural—in fact the bulk of the population in both is supported by the mills and factories in the cities and towns. The farms of neither Massachusetts nor Rhode Island are cultivated with anything like the care bestowed upon the Porto Rican acres, nor will they be until the United States is desperately crowded, much more desperately, perhaps, than it will be in the lifetime of anyone who reads this article.

No state besides these two approaches Poro Rico in density of population. New Jersey, largely a manufacturing and suburban community, supports 184 persons to the square mile; Connecticut, chiefly by manufactures, supports 149 to the square mile; New York supports 132, vastly more than half by commercial and manufacturing enterprises, and Pennsylvania, with the third largest city in the Union, and her myriads of miners, 116.

These figures are enough to show that the enterprising American, desirous of winning wealth by agricultural pursuits, would find far more room for his ambitions in some of the most thickly populated states of the Union than in Porto Rico, to say nothing of California, with its vast territory, embracing 158,360 square miles, whereon dwell about 1,300,000 souls, or eight to the square mile; or Texas, extending over 265,780, with 2,230,000 inhabitants and about the same density. There is, in fact, a better chance for agricultural expansion in Michigan or Missouri, or Illinois or Indiana or any other state in the country except those which are too arid or too mountainous to cultivate profitably.

It is a little different with Cuba, and yet the population of that fair island, though not to be compared as to density with that of Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey or Connecticut, is still greater than that of the United States as a whole. Before the beginning of the insurrection, which was followed by the Spanish-American war, Cuba had a population of more than 1,600,000, which was supported on 43,220 square miles, or about 34 to the mile. Allowing for all probable decrease, Cuba must still contain 1,000,000 souls.

This, however, is by no means dense enough to preclude a great degree of agricultural expansion, especially as the soil of Cuba is wondrously productive; there is no arid area and nearly every square foot of territory can be cultivated. Aside from climatic drawbacks, Cuba should, and, in spite of them probably will, furnish a field for the agricultural exploitation of much American capital. It is within the knowledge of the writer that the promoters of at least half a dozen schemes of this sort are now endeavoring to float stock and bonds in New York to carry them on. Some who invest will probably make money, but there isn't the slightest doubt that others—particularly among those who make primary investments, will lose their funds with neatness and dispatch.

Still another sort of condition exists in the Philippines, where with an area of 114,326 square miles, the population is about 9,500,000, or 83 to the square mile.

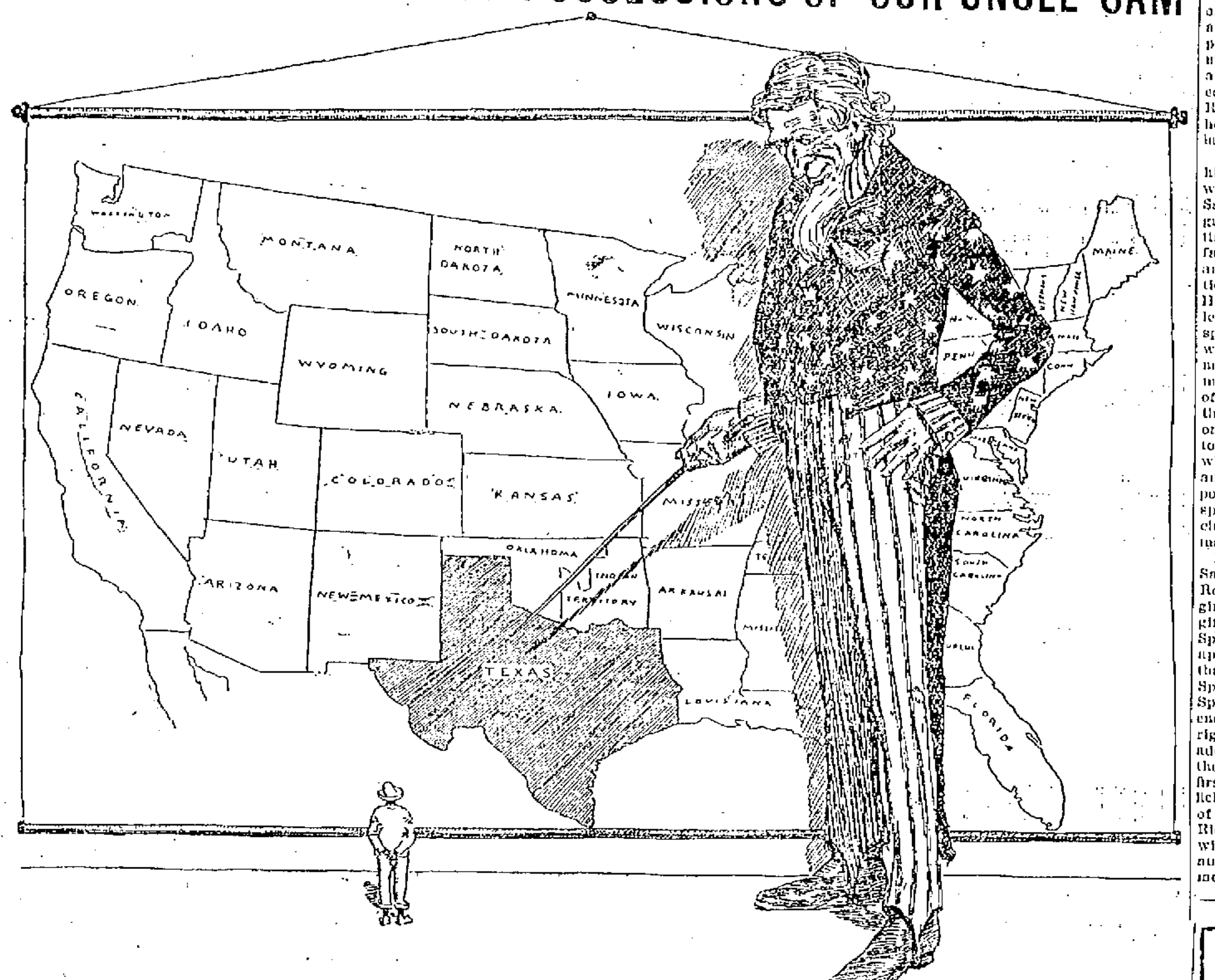
This is really denser than it seems, since the proportion of arable acres in that group of oriental islands is much smaller than in either Cuba or Porto Rico. The density in the Philippines is almost the same as in Delaware, where the area is 2,050 square miles and the population 168,493, or about 82 to the mile. Yet, should the Philippines finally fall under our dominion, there will undoubtedly be some cultivation of their soil by American capital, though it is highly improbable that laborers from America or any other country of a temperate climate can be employed on the plantations because of the climate.

The same will undoubtedly hold good with regard to the West Indian islands. Thus, while American capital may be profitably employed in the agricultural development and surely will find a place in the commercial development of the Spanish islands, they will afford little or no outlet for the surplus labor of this country. American managers will undoubtedly direct whatever American enterprises are established in any of the islands and a few Americans may find employment as clerks, but even they will be few, since men of native birth, who can stand the climate better, may be hired for smaller wages in both Cuba and Porto Rico than Americans would demand, while in the Philippines the Chinese—in some respects the finest clerks in the world—may be had for stipends that would seem pitiful to the most modest occidental. But this is trenching on a problem which is sure to be taken up by the labor organizations of the country and over which more than one pitched political battle is certain to be fought.

The total population of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines is 11,800,000, or a little more than one-seventh as large as the population of the United States and almost identical with that of New England and the State of New York combined. The population of the Philippines is about once and a half as large as that of New York.

The total area of the Spanish islands is 161,096 square miles, about one-twenty-second of the area of the United States, which is 3,602,990 square miles, a little more than the area of California, while the entire Philippine archipelago, with Cuba and Porto Rico crowded alongside, would have ample room in a sea as big as Texas, with more than 100,000 square miles to spare for water space.

ONLY A DROP IN THE VAST POSSESSIONS OF OUR UNCLE SAM



If the population of the United States were settled as densely as that of Porto Rico, it would require an area of only 331,111 square miles for its support, or about twice the territory of all the islands and a little more than that of Texas and Louisiana combined. Were the entire United States peopled as densely as Porto Rico its inhabitants would number 810,672,750, or more than twice the vast population of China.

PORTO RICO'S "NIGHTINGALE OF THE HILLS."

Lola Rodriquez de Tio, Whose Songs Have Added Fuel to the Freedom-Forging Flames.

Lola Rodriguez de Tio is a woman with three reputations, each of them excellent and extraordinary. She ranks high among the world's conchologists, as a poetess she is read with keen emotion and delight wherever the Spanish language is understood, and as a public speaker she is one of the leaders of Porto Rican thought. An exile from her native island of Porto Rico, and a refugee from Cuba, whence she fled from the wrath of Weyler, with her husband, also an exile, some time before the butcher was recalled, she is living now in New York city, with Signor Tio and their daughter, a graduate in philosophy of the University of Havana. The Tio home is a charming center of the intellectual life of the Porto Rican colony and affords an admirable illustration of the hospitality for which Porto Rico is so famous. There the poetess holds court, and with her husband, formerly the editor of those outspoken papers, La Razon and La Patria, debates before her friends upon the future of the island they love so fondly.

Signora Tio, "the nightingale of the hills," as the Porto Ricans call her, was born in the Villa de las Lomas, San Yerman, in September, 1851. Her grandmother had been a writer of distinction and an admirable linguist. Her father was a doctor of laws, a scholar and an eloquent advocate with practice extending over the whole island. His example was her inheritance. She learned unconsciously from him to speak directly and agreeably and to write gracefully. He was an autonomist, though at that time the government of Porto Rico forbade the use of that word by any political party on the island, saying it was only a synonym for Separatist. The daughter took kindly to her father's ideas, and when hardly in her 'teens was an out and out Separatist. She wrote many popular songs and ballads full of the spirit of freedom. These had a wide circulation and were the lullabys of many a Porto Rican household.

Dr. Nalverde, a political exile from San Domingo, and a friend of Signor Rodriguez, interested himself in the girl's education, being attracted by her gift of poesy, and instructed her in the Spanish classical style. She was an apt scholar and soon composed verse that attracted attention throughout the Spanish West Indies and even in Spain. In 1873, the year that saw the end of slavery in Porto Rico, Lola Rodriguez, then just 22 year old, made an address at the graduation exercises of the college in Mayaguez. She was the first woman in the island to speak publicly before an audience. It was a time of much political excitement. Porto Ricans were eager for reform. They wished Spain to separate the military and civil departments of the government. They were willing, they said, to have a captain general, but let him confine himself to military affairs exclusively and let another man hold the chief civil office. They wished also to elect their own provincial governors, instead of having them sent over by Spain, who appointed them not because of their fitness, but because she wished them out of the way. These worthy Spanish appointees shed tears on leaving their beloved Spain, but swore upon their honor to return again as soon as they had stolen enough to pay their debts. Another thing the native Porto Ricans wished was freedom of the press. The captain general's regulations demanded that at least four hours before any paper was issued the proof sheets should be sent to the censor for approval. His blue pencil was a judgment against which there was no appeal.

The signorita spoke eloquently, though guardedly of all these things. She besought Spain to give a mother's love to her child, far from her, almost hidden in the bosom of the sea, and she prayed that the child should show herself worthy of such love and deserving of perfect trust. The grace of the speaker's manner, the beauty of her language, won all hearts, and the brave words she spoke wrought her audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. In a day she had added to her fame throughout the island. She was poetess and prophetess in one. Her college address was the beginning of an active propaganda in Porto Rico that ended only when she and her husband were offered their choice between jail and the wide, wide world.

La Razon and La Patria were suppressed, but the words of the patriot editor remained in the minds of the people. Even a captain general cannot imprison an idea. Nor could the ballads and poems of the sweet singer of the hills be exiled. The first volume, "Mes Cantares," appeared in 1876, and soon was in every book stall in Mexico, Central America, South America, the West Indies and even in Spain. A second volume appeared in Caracas, Venezuela, in 1878, followed by "Mis Poesias" in 1889, and "Mi Libro de Cuba" in 1892. In Caracas a warm friendship sprang up between the Tios and Professor Hostos, who was then at the head of educational affairs in Venezuela. The Tios are enthusiastically expectant of good results from the professor's present mission to the island, whence he was banished many years ago. After two years in Caracas a new governor general came from Spain to Porto Rico and the poetess returned to her native island, where she and her husband continued the work they had done so much to promote in earlier years. In the meantime Signora Tio' poems were gaining fame for the authoress. An Italian critic known as Amiels, was adding to his reputation by translating them, Fastenrath was calling them to the attention of the Germans and several French critics, among them Pierre Loti, were putting them into copy for the Parisian publishers. In Spain Mendez Pelayo, a member of the academy, a distinguished critic, called a meeting of his confreres, among whom were Peunranda, Balaguer, Campillo and Lepoldo Alaz, who sent a testimonial of congratulation to Signora Tio and a diamond brooch in the symbolic design of a harp. This is the proudest of her possessions. She wore it when she sat for the accompanying picture.

In 1887 Porto Rico was again too uncomfortable, owing to official persecutions, and the Tios came to New York, whence they soon went to Cuba. Then the poetess, who for some years had been gathering and classifying the shells of the Antilles as a recreation and diversion from her political and literary work, made the acquaintance of several eminent naturalists, who brought her to the notice of their friends in other parts of the world. She received many contributions from distant lands. One enthusiastic conchologist in the Philippines, no less a personage than the captain general himself, wrote that the interest her exquisite verse had awakened in him had been augmented intensely now that he learned from his esteemed friend, Carlos de la Torre, that the queen of verse had rare knowledge of shells as well as rythm. He begged her to accept a few specimens from the island of the Pacific. With the letter came a complete collection of the shells of the Philippine islands.

While the Tios were in Cuba Signorita Tio entered the University of Havana and in due course was graduated from that famous seat of learning with the degree of doctor of philosophy. Signor Tio was busy with his editorial work and the poetess carried on her propaganda against Spanish oppression. In 1892 her fourth volume of poems appeared and the Spanish speaking world accorded it a hearty welcome. The outbreak of the revolution gave much encouragement to the cause for which the Tios had dedicated their lives, but with the coming of Weyler they soon suffered a persecution compared to which their troubles in Porto Rico were mild indeed, and they were glad to escape with their lives.

A proposal has been made by a French chemist to obtain easily assimilable iron tonics from vegetables by feeding the plants judiciously with iron fertilisers.

Young lady (tailor-made): "Take my seat, please."

Old Lady (near-sighted, but grateful): "Thank you, sir. You are the only gentleman in the car."

LOLA RODRIQUEZ DE TIO, POETESS.

WHAT PORTO RICANS THINK OF SAGASTA.

Porto Ricans have a liking for Sagasta, though they detest the government of which he is the head. All things considered they have got along better under him than under any other Spanish premier. He granted them a large measure of the reforms they asked for and they are grateful, though they admit the granting was by no means voluntary, but was done reluctantly and under protest. Still the aged statesman has met many of the islanders, and all of them agree that personally he is charming. He is jolly and interesting and speaks frankly.

In this he differs from all other Spaniards in Madrid. There is nothing of the rhetorician about him; no flourishes of speech; no elaborate and ornate periods about the honor and dignity of the nation. He knows all about these two Spanish attributes; and he would rejoice to find they existed elsewhere than in the imaginations of the orators in the Cortes. As he does not find anything tangible about this honor and dignity, he accepts the condition and does the best he can. He worships the god of things as they are, and does not attempt to instill practical, hopeful common sense into minds unfitted to receive it. He does not urge the rhetoricians to move forward toward high ideals, but he lets them talk and manager them. That is the Porto Rican view.

Sagasta has done well for himself, but he has done more for Spain than any other minister of recent times. He has lived among pilferers and possibly is a pilferer himself, but his simple life and the commonplace lodgings he occupies on the first floor of an ordinary apartment house on the Plaza Celenque do not indicate that he has amassed great wealth.

He is almost the only Spaniard in official life that uses the word "steal." The others say "interfiltration," or "percolation." He will have none of the elaborate euphonistic vocabulary of the official class. He is as frank as Dean Swift and as keen in wit, but he has a suavity the Dean sorely lacked. He believes in himself and is sure he can do as well by Spain as any other man, consequently, as he loves power, he accepts office. When he is out he does not worry. Indeed, he has stepped out voluntarily several times. He used to see-saw gracefully with Canovas, and apparently was on the best understanding with his political opponent. The "up and down" scheme was carried on with courteous consideration.

Although Sagasta is a Grand Master of the order of Masons, he is the intimate friend of the high functionaries of the Roman Catholic church in Spain. This speaks volumes for his urbanity and tact. He has been a sort of grandpa to the boy king, and has won the confidence of the queen regent so that she trusts him implicitly. He was minister of state under Alfonso XII, under Marshal Serrano during his regency (1868-'70), under Amadeus of Aosta, the second son of Victor Emanuel, who resigned in 1873, and under General Prim, who, in 1868, was president of the council, minister of war and commander-in-chief of the army, with the rank of marshal. Something in this reminds one of Talleyrand, who took care to stand well with whoever was in power, saying, in explanation that by so doing he could best serve France.

INTERESTING FACTS.

If Paul Jones in ghostly guise wanders around the warships of our new navy he must see many surprising accessories to the fighting and working forces as organized in his day. One novel and necessary addition to the crew of a warship of the present time is the submarine diver. The importance of this individual to the welfare of a warship has been amply shown during the recent operations against the Spanish fleets. Speed has been the most important point in the manoeuvring during the opening events of the war, and this has rendered it necessary for our ships to be in the best possible trim for fast work, as, owing to the lack of drydocks to enable us to clean the foul bottoms of our vessels when they come off a long voyage, it has been necessary to send divers down to do the work as best they could.

It has not been done well, but it has been the best kind of substitute that could be found for the proper article. The submarine divers are able only to scrape away the barnacles and seaweed, and even then they are so handicapped by the heaviness and unhandiness of their dress that it is impossible to do the work in any but a clumsy and incomplete way.

But, good or bad, the diver has become a necessary part of the ship's crew. Many warships carry one or more trained divers. He must be possessed of an exceptionally strong constitution, and above all without the slightest tendency to any heart trouble.

A clever adaptation of the principle of cataphoresis, by which medicines are driven through the skin to any part within the body by means of electrical currents, has been made in the decoration of leather. The zinc covered table on which the hide or skin is placed forms the positive pole for the generation of current. The fluid dyeing material is poured on this table, and the negative pole is then connected to the leather. The current stamps the required design on the immediate surface of the leather and carries the coloring matter within. Patterns may be made on the leather by covering it with an ordinary stencil system and connecting the plates to the negative pole.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.
Sun rises—5:23; sets, 5:56.
Moon rises—3.57 a. m.
High water—10 a. m.; 10:15 p. m.

No well-defined storm appeared on the chart last night, and the indications seemed favorable to a continuance of fair weather in New England through part and perhaps all of Wednesday. The warmer weather is moving east and will doubtless reach the eastern states by Wednesday or Thursday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WITH TEA.

We have received a new lot of Clothes Baskets one with a pound of 65-cent Tea. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

Stationery at bottom prices. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The water board met last night, but transacted only business of minor importance.

Have your steam boiler put in order before cold weather. Drop postal to E. J. Carroll & Co., 73 Middle street.

Alfred R. Kenedy and Edgar F. Cilley of this city, and Amos Fitzgerald of Pewksbury left yesterday for Dartmouth college.

Walter H. Mason, teacher of pianoforte will resume his classes on and after Sept. 12, 1898. Residence, 838 Bridge street.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

A. F. Roach has transfered his liquor business from Crosby street to the corner of Palmer and Middle Sts. where none but the best ales and liquors will be kept. Give Andy a call.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The board of health was to have held a conference yesterday afternoon with Supt. True of the lands and buildings department with reference to the building of a contagion hospital, but owing to the absence of Supt. True the meeting was necessarily deferred.

MISS MILLER'S INJURY.

Miss Ruby Miller of 1134 Lawrence street, who was injured at Scripture's laundry Saturday, has now recovered. Her injuries were caused by slipping on a wet floor and striking on her elbow, not from an attack of hysteria, as erroneously reported.

THE LIVELY RUSSELL BOYS.

James S. Russell of Lowell, aged 91, has been visiting his brother, Dr. William L. Russell, of Barre, aged 99, and it is said that the boys had great fun while together. They had a rollicking game of croquet, then took a round or two at whist. Then for livelier diversion they scampered off to the old "sopsy" apple tree in the orchard the scene of many a youthful depredation in the past, raced up its wide-spreading branches and filled their pockets with red-streaked fruit. After that they concluded that a swim in the brook down in the meadow would be about The thing and after a lively gambol in the sparkling waters, they raced up to the barn for a frolic in the sweet-smelling hay mow. A tramp of about four miles after the cows during which the boys picked ten quarts of blackberries, a corn-roast in the evening, followed by a good, old-fashioned shakedown in the kitchen, and another round of whist, filled out a day long to be remembered by the Russell boys.—Athol Transcript.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

BY WEAVERS' UNION ON THE DEATH OF A MEMBER.

Resolutions on the death of Sister Annie Curley:

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to summon before His heavenly throne our esteemed friend and worthy member, Annie Curley, thus severing the many pleasant ties that bound us from our earliest acquaintance; be it therefore

Resolved, that while we bow in submission to an all wise Providence in removing from our midst a sister who by her many virtues had endeared herself to every member of our union; we, the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union, are filled with grief at the loss of a sister who was wise and fearless in counsel and ever foremost amongst her brethren in laboring to spread the principles that form the foundation of our union;

Resolved, that we tender our heartfelt sympathy to her husband and children in this, their hour of affliction. She was an exemplary wife, a prudent, faithful and loving mother, who was to them an able and worthy guide and protector, and we trust that God in His goodness will give to them strength and fortitude to enable them to sustain their loss and to look with hope to that future when those who were ever dear to each other in this transitory life will again meet and be forever united;

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be published in the local papers and placed upon our records as a token of the esteem in which our late sister, Annie Curley, was held by the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union.

Lizzie Cannon,
Nellie Donnelly,
Annie McMullen,
Committee on Resolutions.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

THE FIGHT STOPPED

Erne-Lavigne Match Suppressed by Sheriff.

WOULD NOT ALLOW EVEN A SPARING EXHIBITION.

Jack Bonner Defeated Dan Creedon.

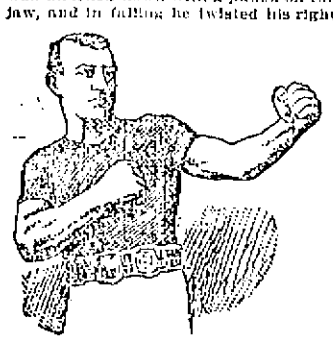
Cheektowaga, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Erne-Lavigne fight was declared off, the sheriff declining to permit the men to give even a sparring exhibition. The preliminary was also prevented by the sheriff, although he declined to make an arrest.

The spectators were greatly excited and roundly denounced the action of the sheriff, but no open act of violence was committed. A long and wordy wrangle between the sheriff and attorney then occurred, and after a long delay Beckwith and O'Donnell left the ring.

Secretary Wilson of the club was very bitter against the district attorney and sheriff, and hinted that the political influence of a New York little promoter was the cause of the contest being stopped. He said that he intended to go right ahead and would carry the matter to the highest courts in the state to establish the legality of the boxing, and he expressed himself as being satisfied that a verdict would be rendered in his favor.

CREEDON'S SPRAINED ANKLE.

New York, Sept. 13.—Jack Bonner, the middleweight pugilist from Summit, Pa., gained an easy victory over Dan Creedon, the Australian boxer, in the second round of their fight at the Greater New York Athletic club last night. Creedon was knocked down with a punch on the jaw, and in falling he twisted his right



DAN CREEDON.

ankle. He tried to regain his feet while the referee was counting off the seconds, but his ankle was too badly injured for him to stand up straight, and he fell again and was counted out. The doctor who attended the Australian found the ankle badly sprained.

BOXING GOSSIP.

The popular verdict regarding umpires is that they are a race of "robbers," "skins," and "thieves," or when honest a tribe of "lobsters," and "no goods." The pugilistic referee is in the same box. In the good old palmy days it was the custom to choose him at the ring side that the friends of either man might not have a chance to "get him" and corrupt him. With the advent of boxing clubs, "the professional referee," the man who is paid for his services, sprang into being. Macon was the first American who ever offered compensation to referee a fight. That was several years ago when the friends of Tommy Warren and Patsy O'Leary agreed on him as referee and offered him $100 and expenses from New York to Louisville, and return if he would serve. He declined the offer, partly because he was engaged in the newspaper business in the east and could not well leave his duties for a week, but mainly because he did not want to be paid dependent of fighters. In the old days a referee served for the love of sport. Now he wants to be paid for his services and well paid too.

In bringing off their fight at Buffalo Corbett and McCoy, win or lose stand to make a nice little sum of money out of it. A purse of $20,000 is hung up. Besides, the veriscope holds forth glittering visions of wealth. Both fighters are to share in this harvest of shekels if one is ever reaped. Neither sees the slightest reason why the reproduction of the coming battle should not equal in popularity the pictures of the Creedon affair.

As an instance of the success achieved by the Fitzsimmon veriscope it may be called to mind that a week's profit in Kansas City were $1,600.

If McCoy conquers the ex-champion his total financial returns will probably amount to $50,000 or over, for in addition to the veriscope percentage there will be scores of large and successful bets to his credit. The Kid always backs himself heavily.

John L. Sullivan while in New York the other night was asked:

"What do you think will be the outcome of the fight between Corbett and McCoy at Buffalo?"

"Fight? You mean the boxing match they have arranged. It ought to be worth seeing. But you oughtnt to refer to it as a fight, for you know they won't stand for a prize fight in Buffalo so they say a sparring match. Yes, but not a prize fight. I'd rather not try to trip the winner.

"I telgraphed Corbett, extending my sympathy when he met with the loss of his parents and told him he could count upon me as his friends at any time. I meant it and will stick to it.

Bouts scheduled for the remainder of the week:

WEDNESDAY.

George Byers vs. Frank Childs and Tony Drew vs. Jim Burroughs, Lenox A. C., New York.

THURSDAY.

Joe Brunner vs. Chick Crocker, Dayton.

Billy Ernst vs. Bobby Dobbs, Greenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

FRIDAY.

Bob Armstrong vs. Steve O'Donnell, Philadelphia.

Oscar Gardner vs. Jerry Marshall, Louisville.

SATURDAY.

Austin Rice vs. Patsy Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The ingenious father of an estimable young lady in Sheffield says Pearson's Weekly, recently rigged up a clever contrivance by which he discouraged a certain young man who had been accustomed to make love to his daughter. The old gentleman recently caught the young man and girl rather close together on the sofa. He read the girl a lecture, and made her promise not to let the young man sit beside her on the sofa again. He was suspicious and decided not to trust the girl's promise so he called in an electrician to carry out a little scheme of his. A contact plate was fitted just under the cushion of the sofa and another to the bottom of the frame in such a way that when the weight of two persons here down on the top plate, it would touch the other and close the circuit. Wires were run from the plate to the old man's bedroom, where as soon as the circuit would close, a small bell would ring. All this was done without the knowledge of the girl. The next night the young man called again and everything was as it should be until the old folks retired about 10 o'clock. About half an hour later the bell upstairs rang furiously. The old man sneaked downstairs and caught the lovers snuggled very close together on the sofa. The young man escaped with his life, fortunately, but the poor girl is locked up on a diet of bread and water.

The Sun delivery room assumed its winter lonesomeness again yesterday when the corps of newsboys returned to school to resume their studies. The only "lagger" was Mickey Neville who insisted that he was not playing "yuk" but only waiting for two o'clock. Hickey Donohue, the manager of the department, will not for some time tell first able to instruct second able to do some special "job of work."

PROMINENT RESIDENT.

EDWIN K. PARKHURST OF CHELMSFORD PASSES AWAY.

Elwin K. Parkhurst, a well known resident of Chelmsford, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning at 1 o'clock in his home in South street, aged 70 years. He had been in failing health about two years but his sudden death was wholly unexpected.

Nearly all his life was spent in Chelmsford and at all times he was assisting in the uplifting of the inhabitants. More than 20 years ago he instituted the Village Improvement association which is a fit monument to his memory.

Mr. Parkhurst was a man of more than average mental endowments and in his prime was a vigorous writer and a forcible, logical speaker. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Charlotte M. Howe who left two children, one now surviving, Mrs. Lester Ballard of New Salem. In 1853 he married Miss Olevia Larcom, a younger sister of the poet, Lucy Larcom, who survives him. Of their eight children the following are living: Charles E., Harry L., Edgar F., and Mrs. W. Hall of Chelmsford; Edwin L. of Lowell; Charlotte M. of Nashua, N. H., and Mrs. George L. Avery of Newton Highlands.

GOES ON FOREVER.

Col. William A. Gile, counsel for "Bunco" Reed, has filed his brief in the renowned case which came up in Middlesex county and which was appealed to the supreme court, the brief being heard at the immediate sitting of the supreme court in Middlesex county. In the superior court, from a Worcester county case, a new move has been made by Colonel Gile and another condition has been added to this interesting case with its many phases. Colonel Gile has filed a petition for a review of proceedings.

TILL TAPPER CAUGHT.

Dennis F. Shea, 19 years of age, was arrested last night by Officer Markham on the charge of larceny. It appears that he went into a Salem street store and managed to extract the sum of $4 from the till. He was discovered and placed under arrest.

THE SCHOOLS OPEN

And the Little Ones Desert the Streets.

NEW VARNUM AND NEW MOODY STREET SCHOOLS BEGIN

With a Large Number of Pupils.

The streets in the residential portion of the city once more present their quiet and almost deserted appearance between the hours of 9 and 12, and 2 and 4, for yesterday morning the school bell announced the opening of another scholastic year and the youngsters not altogether reluctantly gave up their play and shambled off to school. They presented a fine appearance as they entered the schools yesterday. Children always do on the first day. They are always rigged out "to kill" and it was ever thus.

The opening of the schools was most auspicious. Of course it is too early to estimate the number of pupils attending, for it will take surely a week to get them all in, but judging from the number that attended yesterday the school year will be a big one in point of attendance.

I saw Supt. Whitcomb at his office last night just as he had finished a busy day's work.

Speaking of the opening, he said: "The opening was a very satisfactory one as far as I have learned. I visited about one-third of the schools, including the new ones. Every teacher appeared at his or her room and all rooms are well filled, though there is no lack of accommodations.

The Varnum school is one of the new ones, that is to say, its addition of eight rooms is new. Heretofore, we have been obliged to farm out a large number of pupils, which was somewhat detrimental to the interest of the school. Now, however his has been remedied. The Varnum school is now a 17-room building and 16 of these are occupied.

When it gets in running order, I believe it will have between 600 and 700 pupils.

The other new school is the primary on New Moody street in Pawtucketville, which was much needed. As you well know, the growth of Pawtucketville's population within the past few years has been great, and the Pawtucketville school at the corner of Fourth avenue and Mammoth road has been crowded having four primary rooms in addition to its grammar classes.

The great increase of population being in the district opened up by the new Moody street bridge, it was deemed feasible to erect a primary school in that district and hence the erection of the four-room school which opened yesterday with well filled rooms.

At present there are four rooms under the head of the New Moody street school but of these three are in the new building and one remains where it was before, in the Pawtucketville school. This is done to accommodate the children who live near the Pawtucketville school, at the request of their parents. An extra teacher was required at New Moody school, the number of pupils being larger than was anticipated. The pupils here are comfortably quartered, old furniture being in place there temporarily. New furniture was asked for, you will remember, and was objected to by Mayor Bennett. As the result, it has not yet arrived. The children, however, are comfortably situated."

In the high school, Principal Cyrus W. Irish and his large staff of assistants had the work pretty well in hand at noon and he stated that there are 283 pupils in the entering class, against 277 last year. The school will number about 770 pupils, there being no material change from last year. There will doubtless be a slight increase during the present week, or from 10 to 20. Many of the boys, Mr. Irish says, have selected manual training and with that and the English course ,they are put over into the old Moody school. That will relieve the high school building of about 40 pupils, thus obviating the necessity for an overflow room. It would not be possible to accommodate all at the high school building.

Principal Cyrus A. Durgin has his hands full at the Bartlett school but it is easy to see that all new and difficult problems will be quickly solved and the wheels will soon be running without friction. The connection of this school with the Normal school necessitates a good deal of extra work on the part of the principal and teachers. This will be the model and the practice school for the normal school graduates, but the work in this line will not begin immediately. It was impossible to tell the number of pupils attending in the morning, as the work of grading was not completed. There are 12 teachers in the grammar department and two in the primary, the latter being at present in the School street building, but the department will be moved into the Bartlett school as soon as the necessary furniture is put in. Miss Ring and Miss Alvord are in charge of the primary department. The Kindergarten department is under the direction of Miss Belle Perham and Miss Clare S. Reed.

Mr. A. L. Bacheller, principal of the Green school, states that the attendance this year will be a little larger than last year. There are 10 rooms, and approximately an attendance of 465 scholars, an average of about 46 to each room. Some of the rooms were pretty crowded this morning, while others were not full, but the grading is not yet completed, and Mr. Bacheller thinks the attendance in the various rooms will be equalized and that there will be no overflow room required. The teachers are the same as last year, 11 in number.

From all indications it is believed that the number of school children this year will be greater than that of last year.

LOWELL MEN DEFEATED.

The Lowell & Suburban Street Railroad company base ball team played a return with the Worcester Street Railway company in Worcester yesterday and were defeated by a score of 10 to 2.

The Lowell men returned by way of the Worcester & Nashua railroad and came from Nashua by electric cars.

Quartermaster W. W. Crum from U. S. S. Indiana, is visiting his brother, John Marshal, Jr., of North Chelmsford

Miss Essie Kirby of Quimby avenue has returned from a few weeks vacation spent with friends in Graniteville.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MAINE ELECTIONS

The Republicans Win With Reduced Vote.

ANOTHER STRAW INDICATING PUBLIC FEELING.

Manley Tries to Minimize the Rebuff.

Augusta, Sept. 13.—The election throughout the state was marked by comparative apathy on the part of the Republicans, who felt secure, while the Democrats, taking perhaps a little more interest and with an apparent desire to make a better showing than in 1894 or 1896, put some vim into the campaign, the result of which was seen in nearly every town. Whether the breach between the silver and gold wings of the party had been healed during the past two years, or there was more interest in some of the local contests because of a feeling against a Republican candidate, it nevertheless was apparent that the opposition made a better showing during the day than the party in power.

Returns at midnight from 191 towns out of 430 gave Powers (Rep.), 33,395; Lord (Dem.), 19,237. The same towns in 1894 gave Cleaves (Rep.), 42,187; Johnson (Dem.), 19,852. These figures indicate Governor Powers' plurality about 26,000; a Republican loss of 21 percent, and a Democratic loss of only 6 percent.

The lower branch of the legislature will probably stand 138 Republicans to 18 Democrats, a gain of 12 for the latter. The senate, however, will remain unchanged, being as in former years solidly Republican.

All four Republican congressmen were elected, but Speaker Reed's majority was reduced.

Chairman Manley sent a dispatch to Senator Hanna, in which he said: "The Republicans of Maine have again proven their allegiance to the party, and have loyally endorsed the national and state administrations. They send words of hearty congratulation to the president of the United States and to the heroes of the army and navy, who, on land and on sea, have so magnificently upheld the nation's honor. For the first time in the history of the Republican party, the campaign has been conducted without the distribution of any political literature and without a single speech being made, save those made by the Democratic candidates for governor and for congress in the first district. While the total vote is light, slightly exceeding 80,000, we have elected our governor by the largest majority ever given for the past 25 years, with the exceptions of 1894 and 1896. Indications point to exceeding 25,000 majority. We have carried every county, elected every state senator, and will have at least 130 out of 151 members of the house of representatives."

A BOON TO MOTHERS.

IF ANY LOWELL MOTHER HAS LOOKED FOR THIS, FOLLOW THE ADVICE.

Wherever we go and among all classes, we find children suffering from weak kidneys. The intelligent mother knows that this is not a habit and searches for a remedy. It is something very hard to relieve and the family physician tells her that the child will grow out of it in time. Sometimes they do and sometimes they do not. In the meantime, annoyance and embarrassment is the result. If anyone knows a remedy, is it not an act of charity, is it not a duty to make it public? Should selfishness or pride keep it concealed? Mrs. Nellie Dunn, of corner Winter and Fourth streets, Ansonia, Conn., has used Doan's Kidney Pills in her family and makes the following statement for the benefit of anxious mothers and the relief of interesting little children.

Mrs. Dunn says: "I have a little boy of eleven years of age that was very much troubled with weak kidneys. When he was six years old, he would go in bathing frequently and remain in for a long time. That was when I first noticed any difficulty with his kidneys and his got so bad that he would wet the bed every night. I have taken him up at 11 o'clock, but it would occur two or three times before morning. This caused me any amount of work, and I was not strong. Besides, I knew it should not be neglected; yet we got nothing to relieve him. Finally, I read somewhere that Doan's Kidney Pills would prevent such occurrences and I procured them from a drug store. They have really been the means of strengthening the kidneys of the child and preventing the nocturnal urination. I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills and I heartily recommend them to any mother having a child so afflicted. They will relieve the mother of an immense amount of work, the child of so much embarrassment, besides performing a duty the parent owes the child, to prevent it growing up with weak kidneys."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE ASSASSIN'S LIFE

Murderer of the Empress Turned Loose at Ten.

He Never Knew Parental Regard—Fear Lest He be Looked Upon as a Degenerate—The Emperor's Woe.

Genova, Sept. 13.—On the order of a magistrate, the empress of Austria's assassin was measured and photographed. Portraits were given to the press and will be distributed to police in the cities where he has lived.

In the course of a second examination as to his history and the motives for the crime, he said he had never known his father or mother. He was brought up at Parma, Italy, in a charity school, and, at the age of 10, was thrown on the streets without resources. He worked as an unskilled laborer until he was 20. Then he served in the Italian army three years and a half. On leaving his regiment he was employed as a valet of the Prince of Aragon for three months. At this time anarchist ideas began to possess his mind and, to use his own words "prevented me from remaining in servitude."

In the course of a life of adventure he happened to be at Buda-Pesth in 1894. There for the first time he saw Empress Elizabeth. He was miserable and without work, and applied to the Italian consul to be returned to Italy. The consul sent him to Fiume. His description of his subsequent wanderings was vague, but he said he seldom if ever obtained work. While staying at Lausanne he saw a file outside of a junkshop, purchased it, with no preconceived purpose, and made a clumsy wood handle for it.

In prison he has boasted of his crime, and he has addressed a letter to a Milan newspaper, expressing a fear lest he be mistaken by Professor Caesar Lombroso for a degenerate. Dilating in this communication upon the objects of militant anarchy, he wrote: "Above all it is the great who must be struck. Not only sovereigns and their ministers will be reached by the comrades, but all who make men miserable on earth." He says he was not impelled by misery to kill the empress, as such a course would have been idiotic; but he committed the deed "in order that such crimes, following on upon the other, might cause all who impoverish the populace to tremble and shiver." The document concludes with this declaration: "I am an anarchist by conviction."

HAS FAITH IN GOD.

Vienna, Sept. 13.—The emperor of Austria and his daughter attended mass yesterday in the private chapel of the Schoenbrunne palace. His majesty showed evidences of intense grief, but he said he did not lose faith in God, and expressed a wish for confession and communion.

During the day the emperor read with much emotion a passage in the last letter he received from the empress, in which she expressed herself as being pleased at the prospect of returning to Vienna in a few days, in order to witness the jubilee festivities. He discharged state duties with the usual earnestness, and insisted upon replying personally to the numberless messages of sympathy he has received since the assassination.

ON LOWELL ROAD

NASHUA CYCLIST COLLIDED WITH RUNAWAY HORSE.

Harry Clark, a well known Nashua bicyclist, was the victim of a painful accident while riding on the Lowell road last evening. He was wheeling towards the city when a runaway horse came tearing down the road towards him. He rode to one side in order to give the animal a wide berth but unfortunately he took the side of the road that the horse wanted.

He was struck with terrific force and hurled against a barbed wire fence near the Godfrey place. He was picked up in an unconscious condition. He was badly bruised and cut about the head and shoulders. His hands and face were also torn by the barbed wire.

GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Lowell General Hospital has made provision for the care of such returning soldiers as may need treatment. It can probably care for twenty such patients, in addition to its average number.

The position of this hospital, on the high banks of the Merrimack, makes it especially favorable for such patients. That every possible benefit of the pure air may be utilized. It is proposed to pitch a large hospital tent for day use. Protection will then be secured, with all possible advantages for speedy convalescence.

The death of Miss Dorothy Phinney, an army nurse and a graduate of this hospital, who passed away in the discharge of her duties is to be commemorated in a suitable way by direction of the trustees. Miss Phinney, late head nurse at King's County hospital Brooklyn, N. Y., as an army nurse was most faithful and heroic in her care of the fever stricken soldiers in the camp at Chickamauga Park and gave her life for their lives. She is worthy of remembrance as a type of the true nurse's courage and devotion.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Among the cases in the calendar are Barker vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co.; Smith vs. Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co.; Sparks vs. City of Lowell; Laykin vs. same; Jefferson vs. Richardson; Maroney, admr., vs. Boott Cotton Mills; Dancose vs. Tremont & Suffolk Mills; Hill, pro ami, vs. Mass. Mohair Plush Co.; Corp. et al. vs. Lowell Electric Light Co.; Tully vs. Lowell Manufacturing Co.; Elden vs. Western Union Telegraph Co. Some eight or ten cases were ready for trial.

SHORT LIST FOR TRIAL.

799 Lewis, pro ami, vs. Mulkerin.
820. Rand vs. Laycock and trustee.
3791 Doblias vs. O'Connell.
3830. Twitchell vs. O'Boyle.
3790. Thorne vs. Baker.
3815. Marra vs. Blake.
3915 Hall vs. Quirk.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers' association met at the Arlington hotel last night, initiated seven, and had five propositions. A sociable is planned for the near future, and Messrs. Conley, Dwyer and Cluin were appointed a committee. A committee consisting of Messrs. Cluin, Gallagher, Quill, Lemaire and Dwyer was appointed to confer with the Journeyman barbers regarding hours and grievances.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

CONTINUE THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

OF

Ladies', Misses', Men's, Boys' and Children's

FALL AND WINTER

UNDERCLOTHING AND HOSIERY

which "opened up" September 9th. The cool nights and mornings are here in dead earnest; great comfort can be had by having your supply of the above goods in the house where you can meet any sudden change of the weather. There is no humbug or deception about this sale.

One-half Wool Vests and Pants worth $4.00 for four garments, cost you but 39 cents each, or four garments for $1.50.

No such prices have been made during the last 50 years and the above is only a sample of the entire Great Special Drive Sale. Fail not to investigate today or tonight.

$2,000 worth of New Cloaks, Bonnets, Boots, Blankets, Hands, Skirts, Dresses, Slips for Infants and Little Children and not a last year's article in the stock. No trouble to show our stock whether you desire to buy or not. But do not fail to give us a look.

CENTRAL STREET.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1898. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

GOMEZ RESIGNS

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

GEN. GOMEZ

Resigned as Head of Cuban Army.

Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 13.—An unconfirmed report was received by General Lawton last night saying General Maximo Gomez, the insurgent commander, has tendered his resignation of the command of the Cuban army to the Cuban government at Camaguey and that it has been accepted.

Gomez, it appears, has been protesting against the government's yielding the control of the affairs of the island to the Americans, and that his explanation for resigning was his disapproval of "Passive submission to conditions tending to the practical discrediting and retirement of the Cuban republic as such and the establishing of the absolute dominion of the United States."

The Cubans at Santiago were much excited by the report and there was an animated scene at the San Carlos this morning when the matter was discussed. The matter was disbelieved by many who say Gomez's resignation at this time is utterly improbable. Others however, say Gomez resents the putting of the Cuban army under the authority of American generals and claims the Cubans should resist, even by force of arms if necessary.

Generals Cebroso, Castillo, Pedro, Prez and other insurgent leaders have turned over their commands to General Lawton.

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Morristown, N. J., Sept. 13.—The sun rose clear and bright for the second day of the United States amateur championship and except for the slight haziness of the air, promised another ideal day for golf. Crowds even in greater numbers than yesterday flocked here as early as 8 o'clock to witness the singling of today's 32 to the 16 who compete tomorrow.

Vanderpool, the Morris county man and Morton of the Westchester county club, who tied yesterday at 189 for qualification stood on the first tee, ready to play two holes for the right of qualification. Morton made a splendid low drive, landing ball for an easy lift. Vanderpool made a fine high drive amidst the cheers of adherents and approached within ten feet of the green. Morton lofted and fell within a few inches of the hole. Vanderpool's loft carried the ball over the hole. Both made the hole on their next strokes. On the second hole, Morton made a good drive, but Vanderpool made a high, curving drive, throwing it in the side of the hill and throwing it in the side of the bowl. Morton lofted his ball within a foot of the hole. Vanderpool went away beyond. Morton putted and made the hole, beating Vanderpool, who missed the hole putting. At 9.50 the second day was opened by W. J. Travis of the Oakland Golf club, Bayside, L. I., who started with a good drive. J. Insley Blair, the Morris county player, followed with a beautiful drive, but the force with which the ball was driven caused it to roll over the edge of the green down the slope, giving a position for a hard loft. Both made the first hole in four strokes.

BANKER DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Woonsocket, R. I., Sept. 13.—John F. Mansfield, a bank officer here and former well known manufacturer of scythes at Millville, Mass, and Foresdale, R. I., died this morning at his home near Slatersville, aged 78.

SHAFTER'S REPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—General Shafter called at the state department this afternoon and submitted his report on the Santiago campaign. It covers from beginning to end the operations of the army under his command in Cuba.

SILVER CO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 13.—The Meriden Britannia Camp and the Wilcox Silver Plate company have issued circulars to their stockholders stating that the International Silver company has been formed under the laws of New Jersey with a capital stock of $15,000,000 preferred and $15,000,000 common stock.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.

GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF

ZYNO

The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.

Goodale's Drug Store.

MYSTERY DEEPENS

No Clue to the Identity of the Victim.

Parts of Whose Body Were Discovered Yesterday and This Morning.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 13.—The mystery surrounding the discovery yesterday afternoon near the Seaview avenue bridge of the trunkless head of a murdered woman was further complicated today by the finding of the missing trunk in almost the same spot which marked the gruesome find of yesterday.

There is every reason to believe that the trunk was placed in the water some time between 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock this morning. Two policemen and hundreds of people could not find the trunk yesterday afternoon, but at half-past five this morning, it was found by the first person who went near the bridge.

Up to this time the remains have not been identified. They appear to be those of a woman about 30 years old, five feet 2 inches tall, weighing about 115 pounds, with dark hair and dark greyish blue eyes.

The face is rather thin and the general expression appears rather pinched. The body seem to be that of a person who had suffered and who lived in destitute circumstances, the features are good, the eyebrows are pretty, noticeable for their pencilling, the teeth set full in the mouth and the lower ones protrude slightly. The front teeth are filled with gold.

In the opinion of the doctors, the dismemberment of the body is regarded as the work of an expert.

It is also thought by superficial examination that it is a case of malpractice, which resulted in a failure and a desire to get rid of the body without the aid of an undertaker. The body had been cut open and some portions of the contents of the abdomen are missing. The heart and lungs are there. The dismemberment had been made in four places. The head is severed from the neck, the trunk is cut in two just below the ribs, the thighs are cut off just below the body and the legs are severed just above the knee.

All the cuts are clean and free from rough marks, showing that a very sharp knife was used. The bones were also cut with a very sharp saw. There is no bungling of any kind about the job. It is done thoroughly and is without a doubt the work of a man with a complete knowledge of surgery.

One part of the trunk was wrapped up in a rubber cloth and in addition it was enclosed in a piece of a carriage cover. The other part of the trunk was wrapped in cotton cloth and around that more of the rubber cloth.

String and cord were used to tie up the bundles and attach the stones. The string is the common hemp quality which is used often in hardware stores. The cord is of good quality and is somewhat similar to what was once used for pictures, before the days of the wire hangings. There is also a piece of a corset string, which it is thought was taken from the woman's corset.

The corset string is the only article of woman's wearing apparel found with the remains.

Part of a man's under garment was found with the head. It is the left leg of a pair of cotton drawers of rather good quality, but somewhat worn. The garment had been torn right in half as though called into use in a hurry.

Perhaps the most suspicious circumstances connected with the case is that a piece of cotton cloth was stuffed in the mouth. The cloth looks as though it was torn off the corner of a sheet. There were some discolorations upon it, but their nature could not be determined.

As soon as the matter was reported to Supt. Birmingham, he set his men to work upon it promptly. But there is absolutely no clue either to the identity of the woman or man who did the job.

The only thing that seems now assured is that it was done in this city.

This conclusion is arrived at from the fact that the remains when first found did not appear to have been long dead and from the discovery of the missing trunk this morning.

In connection with the finding of the parts of the trunk it is to be noted that a team was heard to drive furiously on to the bridge about half past one this morning and to return a few moments later driving just as fact. The team was heard by John J. Calhoun, who lives on Seaview avenue about 300 feet north of the bridge.

Mr. Calhoun assisted in the search for the remains yesterday afternoon. He was so wrought up over it that he could not sleep. He was tossing about on his bed at the hour named when he heard the carriage come down the street from the direction of the river, and drive on to the bridge. The horse was going very fast.

Mr. Calhoun did not connect it with the tragedy at first, but when, after a few minutes, when just about time enough to allow the team to go to the end of the bridge and return had elapsed he connected it with the tragedy.

Later a newspaper correspondent, Holmes of New York, has identified the head found in the Yellow Mill river as that of Rachel Warner, a professional nurse. He says she had treated him professionally and that she had often told him that her husband treated her cruelly.

ORDERED TO CAMP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Light battery F, 4th artillery, has been ordered from Camp Wikoff, Montauk, to Fort Adams, R. I.

FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 4 qt. Porcelain Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. el. 1212.

FIRE AND SMOKE

Make a Splendid Combination in

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Cigar—Pure, Sweet, Fragrant.

T. J. DOWD, Mfgr., Nashua, N. H.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St, Cor. Post Office Avenue. Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps. C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables. MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

CABINET MEETS

Talks Over the Situation in in Manila

ALSO DISCUSSES PEACE COMMISSIONERS' INTENTIONS.

Secy. Day's Resignation Not Received.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—After a session lasting nearly two and a half hours today the cabinet took a recess until 3.30 o'clock this afternoon. The situation at Manila was discussed at length but the personal business of the meeting was the discussion of the letter of instructions to be given to the commission which will meet in Paris to formulate a treaty of peace with Spain. Several of the members of the cabinet who were taking their vacation were recalled by the president to attend today's meeting. Secretary Day has not yet sent his resignation to the president.

EMPLOYES ENJOINED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 13.—In the Equity session of the Supreme court today, Judge Lathrop enjoined the Globe street railway employes from carrying on further business. The case was brought to the attention of the court by F. T. Hammond assistant attorney general, who acted at the instance of Insurance Commissioner Cutting. Judge Lathrop declined to appoint a receiver.

LOST DIAMONDS.

AND SILKS FOUND AT NORTHERN DEPOT STOREHOUSE.

Diamonds and silk dresses, supposed to have been stolen July 19 last at the Middlesex street station were found in the storehouse yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Swett, the owner, was confident she left the case containing the goods in the railroad station. An employe found it near the railroad track and labelling it placed it in the storehouse. Monday, on examining the storehouse for other property he found the missing case and the owner was notified.

THE BROOKLYN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Acting Secretary Allen has given orders for the cruiser Brooklyn, now at New York, to proceed to Newport, R. I., to accept the hospitalities of the citizens of that place.

The people have subscribed a considerable sum of money to defray the expenses of a reception to the sailors and have arranged an elaborate program for their entertainment.

OTHER LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ON PAGES 2 AND 5.

THE ECONOMICAL

SHOE BUYER

Is the one that sees to it

First—that the shoes are of good quality.

Second—that they are fairly priced.

That the shoes we sell are of good quality, knowing ones will not doubt; that they are fairly priced, even competitors will admit.

YOUTHS' SCHOOL SHOES.

60c. for Little Gents' Spring Heel, satin calf bal., sizes 8 to 13 1-2.

75c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bals, sizes 11 to 2.

99c. for Youths' Tap Sole Bal, warranted extra solid, sizes 11 to 2.

$1.23 for Youths' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.23 for Youths' Box Calf, heels and spring heels.

$1.49 for Youths' Box Calf, London and bull dog toe.

$1.49 for Youths' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

89c. for Boys' Tap Sole Bal.

99c. for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and opera toe.

$1.23 for Boys' Double Sole Bal, warranted solid.

$1.23 for Boys' Satin Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Calf Bal, London and bull dog toes.

$1.49 for Boys' Never Rip Double Sole Grain Bal.

$1.73 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles.

$1.98 for Boys' Fall and Winter Russet, three soles, extra heavy.

$1.73, $1.98 and $2.50 for Boys' Genuine Box Calf, three soles, bal.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

49 TO 59 CENTRAL STR

PRIV. MARSHALL ILL

One of Company M's Missing Privates.

Arrived in Boston Today and is is Very Ill at the City Hospital—Sec'y Alger Asked by Gov. Wolcott to Help Locate Privates Bagley and Carr.

Private John H. Marshall, one of Company M's three missing men, has been located and this morning arrived on the hospital ship Relief and was taken to the city hospital in Boston where he is now critically ill.

He was located in Boston this morning by Arthur Salmon of this city who searched the city over until he found him.

Mr. Salmon states that Private Marshall is very ill and slightly delirious as a result of his hard experience.

There are still two members of Company M missing, and they are Charles S. Carr and George Bagley.

It is thought they are at Santiago and Mr. Salmon yesterday asked Governor Wolcott to interest himself in the matter and assist in locating the two missing men.

As a result, Gov. Wolcott today wired Secretary Alger the facts of the case, requesting him to also assist in locating the men.

Secretary Alger, it is said, has replied that he will wire the authorities at Santiago immediately and if Carr and Bagley are there, they will be speedily located.

Arthur Salmon telephoned from Boston this noon that Gillow and McNulty are not on the Relief; in fact there is not a single officer on board. He says that a special train will be run to get the soldiers who did not come in the Relief.

Putnam & Son

MOST MEN

Who wear good clothes will find our new suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. as satisfactory as those from the merchant tailor.

Like the tailor, we make these suits to fit, when alterations are necessary.

Fall suits from Rogers, Peet & Co., patterns that you'll not find in any other "ready made," stock, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00.

Fall Top Coats.

Dark colors in medium length.

Light colors in Coverts and Venetians, $4.00, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 up to $20.00.

BLACK AND BLUE

SERGE SUITS

Single and double breasted, rough faced and smooth. Coats silk faced or plain, $8.00, $10.00 up to $22.00 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

An Important Fact

We forgot to mention in connection with this sale, is that there is a large quantity of goods bought before the dissolution of the firm for the fall trade, which are now coming in every day.

ALL OF IT TO BE SACRIFICED LIKE THE REST.

See the fine Golden Oak Chamber Set, just come in. The regular price would have been $60.00; sale price $42.50.

A fine Mahogany finished Set, regular $47.50, sale price $35.00.

A solid Oak Set, regular $35.00, sale price $25.00. And a good Hard Wood Set for $12.50 at the Great Dissolution of Partnership Sale.

A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s

16 Merrimack Street.

THE SUN EXTRA! 5 O'CLOCK

MANY ARE SICK

Co. M. Men Now Yielding to the Fever.

SOME OF THE CASES ARE SERIOUS.

Soldiers Should Have Gone to the Hospital.

The fever is striking the boys of the Ninth who have returned to this city. Dr. Harrington who is attending many of them, made the following report last night:

Henry W. Whiteley, feverish, but doing well at his home, 38 Albion street; Anson G. Thurston, B street, very sick with malarial fever; Private McKenna, Court street, high fever; Ralph E. Black, 78 Rock street, symptoms of typhoid fever; Private Patterson Woodbury street, better last night; Richard Yarnold, B street, very sick with typhoid fever; Frank Yarnold, much improved.

Perhaps the most serious case of all is that of Duncan V. Bowers, Lawrence street. Dr. E. J. Welch, who is attending him, says that Bowers is suffering from typhoid fever and may not be out for weeks.

Anson G. Thurston was apparently a well man when he returned home last week, but a few days ago he was seized with a chill and the doctor says that now he is in bad shape. Private McKenna of Court street is also very ill.

James Brennan, Bridge street, and William Coleman, 213 Middlesex street, are able to be out and about. Coleman reached home on Labor Day, accompanied by his mother, who had gone on to Montauk to nurse him back to health. He has lost between 30 and 40 pounds but says he is feeling much improved.

Corp. Laing, who has been on the streets too much for his own good, went to Boston yesterday and got the overcoat sent with others from Camp Alger to the East armory. It will not be surprising to hear of Laing having a relapse if he is not more prudent. Leon Sarre is doing finely.

Corp. Blakeley has at last given in to sickness and yesterday could not see visitors. His illness is not at all serious.

"Bob" Myers of Tewksbury Centre has returned to his home after having seen some tough service in Porto Rico with the hospital corps. "Bob" is suffering with rheumatism and malaria, while as an additional souvenir of his trip to Porto Rico he carries a scar made by a Mauser bullet.

Private Elmer E. Crowell of the Ninth Mass., is one of the patients at the hospital. He belongs in Lowell, Mass., and is a member of Wamesit lodge, K. of P. in that city. His lodge has kept good watch over him and the attention of the local lodges has been called to his case, so that he may receive the care and attention which is his due. He is very sick, but has a private room and skilful nursing. He said last night that he felt much better than when he arrived.—Bridgeport (Conn.) Evening Post.

LATEST DEATHS.

OF NEW ENGLAND SOLDIERS AS REPORTED.

Following are latest deaths of New England soldiers:

Bakke, Jacob, Co. D, 8th U. S. Infantry, at City hospital, Boston.

Cook, George O., Co. D, 8th Massachusetts, at home, Dorchester.

Foley, Patrick J., Co. E, 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Gleason, George W., Co. L, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Geotford, Bernard, Co. G, 16th U. S. Infantry, at Rhode Island hospital, Providence.

Heaphy, James, Co. L, 1st Maine, at Eye and Ear Infirmary, Portland.

Hosmer, Ralph P., corporal, Co. I, 9th Massachusetts at Utuado, Porto Rico.

John, Ralph S., Torrey's Rough Riders, at Regimental hospital, Jacksonville, Fla.

Kelly, James H., Co. D, 9th Massachusetts, at St. Peter's hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.

McTiernan, James F., Co. G, 9th Massachusetts, at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Montgomery, William J., Co. H, 9th Massachusetts, at City hospital, Boston.

Stewart, Peter L., Co. D, 1st Rhode Island at St. Joseph's hospital, Lancaster, Penn.

HISTORY OF SIXTH REGIMENT.

Dennis J. Nawn of the Union Market has received a letter from Private Albert F. Nealey of Co. C, Sixth Regiment. It is dated at Utuado, Porto Rico, Aug 28, and from it the following extracts are taken:

"I have been promoted to second cook and Eddie Young is head cook, so there is no fear of starving. Tomorrow all of the sick will be sent home and we will soon follow after them.

Yesterday one of the fellows in the Sixth Illinois shot himself in the head, the bullet tearing half his head off. He was despondent.

Here is the history of the Sixth Regiment up to date:

Camp Dewey, May 6 to May 20.
Camp Alger, May 23 to July 5.
Charleston, S. C., July 7 and 8
On board U. S. S Yale, July 8 to 25
Landed at Guanica, July 25.
First battle at Yauco, 4 a. m., July 26.

Twelve mile march from Yauco to Talabora, July 30.

SINGER BURIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 3.—The remains of the Marchesa D'Alligri (Blanche Roosevelt) the American singer and novelist, whose death was announced on Saturday last, were buried this morning in Bromley cemetery. Burial was private.

FELL DISASTER

Follows the Gold Hunters of Yukon.

MANY PROSPECTORS WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN

While Wrecked Vessels Lie on Beach.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Washn., Sept. 13.—W. C. Strong, who has arrived here from St. Michaels on the steamer Garronne, says that the Garronne sighted considerable wreckage west of Unamik Pass. The wreckage appeared to be that of a schooner, but no marks of identification were found. Mr. Strong says Kotzebue Sound has proven to be another source of disappointment. Misfortune has been the lot of a large number of prospectors who were lured to that section by stories of its golden wealth. Parties just from there report a most distressing condition of affairs. Not one dollar's worth of gold has been found and hundreds of men are on the beach waiting an opportunity to get away. Nearly as many more are working their way to the beach to secure transportation out. Four thousand dollars worth of supplies are piled on the beach and offered for sale, but purchasers cannot be found. There are several small schooners in the sound which will soon sail, bringing all they can accommodate. It is thought that gold exists at the headwaters of the stream emptying into Kotzebue South, but these streams are not navigable for canoes and the mountains are almost impassable. One to two expeditions are organized to reach the headwaters of the streams, but will go up the Kokmluk river and cross the dividing snow this winter. Among the arrivals from St. Michael's is a party consisting of W. H. Buckingham, J. F. Benson, E. E. Melaley of Canton, Ohio. This party took a forty foot steamlaunch to St. Michael's, to be used in the transportation of their supplies up the Yukon and also in prospecting various streams.

On August 18, just before they were to start up the river, a severe storm visited St. Michael's wrecking the craft which together with their outfit, went to the bottom, compelling the party to return. The same storm wrecked several other small craft and a huge wave carried a large sternwheel steamer belonging to a Pacific company high and dry on the beach.

STEAMER JESSIE LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—E. B. Wixtar, who arrived here today from St. Michael's, Alaska, brings confirmation of the previously published report of the loss of the steamer Jessie at the mouth of the Kuskowill river in July with 18 lives. The news was brought to St. Michael's by a trader named Ling who said that only one Indian survived. The bodies of Captain Murphy and Rev. Fr. Welsh had been washed ashore.

The passengers of the Jessie were members of the Columbia Exploration company. Rev. Fr. Welsh had been taken aboard to pilot the party up the Kuskowill. The Jessie had in tow the barge Minerva, which was washed ashore.

DANGEROUS RUNAWAY.

A horse attached to a light wagon, standing at the corner of Palmer and Market streets, became frightened this morning and ran away. Turning into Palmer street from Market street the wagon tipped and both shafts were broken. Two sticks of dynamite which were in the team were thrown to the pavement. The animal's career was checked by the overturning of the wagon. The outfit belongs to J. F. Roberge of Chelmsford.

NEW CHARTER.

WANTED BY THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 13.—The city council has adopted a resolution providing for a commission of nine members to prepare an entirely new form of government for the city of Chicago. It is the initial step for a consolidation of the town, city and county governments. The resolution after reciting the evils growing out of the present justice system, makes a general complaint of the present charter of Chicago as being behind the needs of the city. Six of the members of the commission are to be appointed by the mayor and the other three by the county commissioners.

MISSHARD'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL.

Is thoroughly up to date. Reporting style taught as soon as rudiments are acquired. Isaac Pitman system. All-finger method of typ writing. All machines used. Hildreth Building.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUE.

The congregation Rahlath Jacob has engaged Rev. J. Garfunkle of New York to officiate the coming high holidays, Rosh Hashono and Yomkipur, which commence the 16 and 17 inst. Rev. Joseph Garfunkle is well known as a good singer and cantor. He will be assisted by choir.

Hood's Pills

Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organism in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

OTIS ALLEN, Who Observed His 90th Birthday Yesterday.

PRES. McKINLEY

Congratulates Otis Allen of This City

UPON THE OBSERVANCE OF HIS 90TH. BIRTHDAY.

Our Esteemed Fellow Citizen Highly Honored.

Many friends called at the home of venerable Otis Allen, 945 Middlesex street, yesterday to tender him their congratulations on the occasion of his 90th birthday. Mr. Allen was assisted in receiving by his son, Major Thomas O. Allen, his wife, their son, Otis Allen, 2nd, and a niece, Miss Louise Allen of West Chelmsford, Miss Jennie Allen, and Miss Louise, daughter of Hon. Charles H. Allen, another son, who assisted in the dining room where the Page company served a delightful spread. Mrs. Jacob Nichols, sister of the late Mrs. Allen, was also present.

Assistant Secretary Allen was unable to be present, but sent a filial letter of regret.

A feature of the occasion was the receipt from President McKinley of a kind note of congratulation which read as follows:

Executive Mansion,
Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.

Mr. Otis Allen:

Dear Sir—I heartily congratulate you on having reached your 90th birthday. I wish you all good things.

Wm. McKinley.

Another feature was the appearance of two other nonagerarians to greet Mr. Allen in the persons of Isaac Cooper, aged 92, and James S. Russell, 91.

Among others who called during the reception hours were: Mayor James W. Bennett, ex-Mayor Sewall G. Mack, a veteran in years himself; Dr. Thos. G. Gerrish, J. W. B. Shaw, Stephen C. Davis, Sidney Davis, J. U. Gage, A. D. Puffer and wife, S. G. Parker and daughter, Miss Lora Parker, Rev. Dr. J. M. Greene of the Eliot Colgregational church (Mr Allen's pastor), and daughter, Solon W. Stevens, Esq., J. Tyler Stevens, and wife, Frank S. Petey and wife, Mrs. Wm. Nichols, Miss Beard of the city library, Major G. Perkins, Deacon Wm. Benner, Chas. E. Adams, Capt. J. G. Hill, Treasurer Wm. A. Eastman of the Lowell Hosiery and wife, Mr Holden, Jacob Baron, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wheelock, Albert Wheeler, ex-Councilman Frank Gray, W. H. Worcester, Mr. and Mrs Lorenzo Phelps and Miss Lizzie Morrison.

Among those from the large box shop were J. Barlow Thomas, the business manager; J. G. Merchant, the engineer for many years, and Messrs. Johnson and Peterson, one of whom has been in the employ of Mr. Allen about 30 years.

TRUNK MYSTERY

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept 13.—The trunk, the missing portion of the dismembered body of the supposed murdered woman, found on the Mud flats here last night, was found this morning at the same place the other parts of the body were discovered at.

CONTRACT AWARDED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Healey, Tibbitts &Co., of this city hav been awarded the contract for constructing the coaling station at Pago Pago. Their bid of $142,000 while not the lowest, was considered the most satisfactory and Commissioner Tanner, U. S. N. who came to the coast to pass upon the matter decided to accept it. The work will take about a year and include wharves, coal bunkers and houses.

ANARCHY IS RIFE

Manifesto Issued in Milan by the Leaders.

PRISONER SHOUTED DEATH TO THE KING.

Riots Feared as Result of Episode.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rome, Sept. 13.—An anarchistic manifesto, signed by "the revolutionary committee" has been distributed in Milan during the past few days. The police yesterday arrested an Italian who was engaged in distributing the manifesto. The prisoner, who had just arrived from Switzerland, when he was seized, shouted "Long live anarchy." Death to the King." Some of the people in the crowd present at the time of the arrest interfered with the police officers who made the arrest and several persons were injured on both sides before the anarchist was lodged in the police depot.

The newspapers here remark that the recent riots at Milan commenced in a similar manner.

POLICE COURT

DEVER RECEIVES A SIMILAR SENTENCE TO EARLE'S.

Thomas H. Dever, who accompanied William Earle when the watch was stolen from Mr. Carey, was sentenced to one year in jail. Dever's record is almost as long and as black as that of his companion, his first appearance in court being in 1882. His offences were of a variety also.

"Why don't you sentence me to be hanged?" asked Owen Riley when the court fined him $10 for drunkenness and held him in $100 to keep the peace for six months. Riley was disturbing the neighborhood last night when he was gathered in by Officer Ryan. Another point that Riley took exception on was the fact that an officer had no right to take him from his own house, but the court informed him that "it is not for the publicity given but the wrong done to society and drunkenness leads to other crimes."

Dennis Shea was arrested last night by Officer Markham for the larceny of $1 from the store of P. H. Brosnahan on Salem street, on complaint of Peter E. McMahon, one of the clerks. Mr. McMahon testified that last evening about 10 o'clock he was sitting in a rear room of the saloon and no one was in the outer room. He was atracted by the ringing up of the cash regisfer and rushing out found Shea making off with a handful of silver. The register was open and the 10-cent key was up. He was sentenced to the Massachusetts Reformatory.

Thomas Bridgos, larceny, also went to the Massachusetts reformatory. A charge of drunkenness was placed on file.

Seven drunks, two $1, one released.

James Cunningham was sentenced to six months in the workhouse.

Rose Langlois was sent to Sherborn for a term of one year.

Basil Manoff, probably a Portuguese, was fined $12 for peddling without a license. Manoff said through an interpreter that he came here from New York only two days ago and didn't understand the laws.

More than a dozen continued cases were heard after the regular session.

TURKEY SNUBBED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Sept. 13.—The United States, it is announced has replied to a recent note of the Turkish government, declining to accept Turkey's repudiation of the responsibility for the American losses during the Armenian troubles.

TRIAL OF CASES

Begun in Superior Court This Morning.

JUDGE SHERMAN PRESIDES OVER THE SESSION.

Cowley-O'Connell Case Was Continued.

At the opening of court this morning Judge Sherman of Lawrence was on the bench. Quite a large gathering of attorneys and spectators was present and more expressions of disappointment were heard. The acoustic properties of the court room are miserable.

At the opening, Lawyers Cowley and Courtney began the arguments in Lawyer Cowley's motion to strike the case of Cowley vs. O'Connell from the list this term. This is a libel case that has been in the court for some time. Mr. O'Connell instructed his counsel to request trial at once. Judge Sherman suggested that the several Cowley vs. O'Connell cases might be tried together but he struck the first case from the calendar and reserved his ruling in the other.

The first jury was impanelled this morning as follows: John Addun, assessor, Reading, foreman; John J. Morse, cooper, Townsend; Bowman G. Gale, painter, Groton; Jacob L. Burtt, farmer, Tewksbury; William R. Fowle, poultry dealer, Chelmsford; Horace B. Lang, carpenter, Lowell; Hiram E. Gates, farmer, Acton; Fred E. Pollard, carpenter, Dracut; Patrick B. Monahan, teamster, Lowell; Merrick A. Stone, retired, Reading; Reuben A. Sherburne, farmer, Tyngsboro.

The first case was an action of tort to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been received by a dog bite.

The plaintiff in the case is one Lewis who sues in behalf of his son, Henry L. Lewis, who was bitten in the face, it is alleged, by a vicious dog owned by Michael Mulkerin, the defendant. Thirteen witnesses for the plaintiff were sworn, a majority of them, including the plaintiff, colored persons, and the case promises to take up the entire day's session. All parties in the case are from Somerville.

FUNERALS.

COGGINS—The funeral of Miss Martha Coggins took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home in Tewksbury. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Mr. Whiting officiating. Appropriate musical selections were rendered effectively by a quartette. Interment was in the Tewksbury cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. Hert, Marshall, J. K. Knowlton, P. Fairgraves and H. P. Dinsmore.

There were many floral pieces, among which were: Sickle and a wreath from the Tewksbury grange; lyre from Y.P.S.C.E. of the Congregational church, anchor from the church, anchor from Mr. and Mrs. Al. C. Tingley, basket from the primary department of the Congregational Sunday school, spray of roses from Mr. and Mrs. Lee, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Leonard, wreath from Congregational Sunday school, basket from Spaulding family, spray of flowers from Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Chandler, basket from Mr. and Mrs. Dinsmore.

CONNORS—The funeral of Julia Agnes Connors, daughter of Police Sergeant Connors, took place this afternoon from the home of the parents, 282 Concord street, and was very largely attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker O'Donnell.

HART—The funeral of John Hart took place this morning from his late home, 21 Coburn street. Funeral services were held at St. Michael's church Rev. Fr. Boland officiating. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were Timothy Harrington, James Shields, John Carmody, Michael McDonough, Thomas Joyce, Joseph Gallagher.

PERSONAL.

Cleveland J. Cheney, superintendent of streets, was taken suddenly and seriously ill while about to enter the city hall yesterday afternoon. He was assisted within the building and given medical attendance. His physician last night ordered him to take a month's rest and he will leave the city today.

Miss Grace W. Blood of 318 High street has returned from her vacation.

Mr. James Miller and Miss Ruby Miller of 1134 Lawrence street have been on a visit to Revere Beach.

Dr. F. L. Farrington, the dentist, will spend the next two weeks in New York and New Jersey.

Mr. Marion S. Clark, cashier of the Thorndike street freight office, for the next two weeks will be at Colebrook, N. H.

John Green, formerly of this city, is on from Washington, D. C., for a vacation.

Edward Burns of Concord, N. H., a private in the First New Hampshire regiment, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. George A. Clark and son Harold of Lane street have returned from Plymouth N. H. They camped at Mount Pero.

Miss Mollie C. Johnson, who has been visiting her uncle, Lawyer Peaslee of Laconia, N. H., has returned to this city.

Mr. George Carey has returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Bass Rocks.

Mrs. John Merrill of Wilton, N. H., has returned home from a visit to her Lowell friends.

Mrs. Catherine Meguire of Centralville Heights has returned from a pleasant vacation.

Miss Abbie Riley, who has been sojourning in Derry, N. H., has returned home.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE STREET WORK

Committee Disposes of Considerable Business.

IT WAS VOTED TO PAVE BRIDGE STREET.

No Walk for the Parker Driveway.

There was a meeting of the street committee last night, at which considerable business was disposed of.

Alderman Derby's motion that the superintendent be instructed to lay out a gravel driveway in the J. M. G. Parker estate to take the place of the concrete walk destroyed by the extension of Beech street was defeated.

It was voted to recommend a sidewalk in Powell street. Hastings street having been covered with gravel and rolled, petitioners for macadam were given leave to withdraw.

A communication was received from Daniel Gage, calling attention to the condition of a part of Pawtucket street. Attention has been called to it for several years and there has always been a remonstrance to paving. Referred to Councilman Kennedy.

A petition for the paving or macadamizing of Mammoth road was read and Mr. Howe moved that smooth paving be used from Fourth to Eighth avenue. A motion that such a recommendation be made to the city council caused Mr. Pelrce to inquire where the money was coming from.

Mr. Howe did not know, but he said that he wanted something done for the street if possible.

Mr. Kennedy did not think that the department could afford to do the work.

Upon motion of Mr. Derby the matter was referred to Supt. Cheney for an estimate. Several petitions were laid upon the table including one to pave with smooth paving a portion of Market street.

The old petition for the paving of Pollard, Kirk, and Geranium avenues was left without action. The avenues are private passageways.

Mr. Howe asked to have New Moody street macadamized as had been voted early in the year. It was stated that Supt. Cheney intended to do the work at an early date.

Messrs. Kennedy and Beaulieu were appointed a committee to look into a claim of James C. Donovan in Wilder street.

The request of Councilman Fagan for a crossing somewhere was referred to Supt. Cheney.

Mr. Howe moved that any surplus earth that might come from the extension of Beech street be dumped upon the J. M. G. Parker estate.

This renewed the question of building a new driveway concerning which, said Mr. Derby, action had once been taken, though nobody remembered it. Mr. Howe's motion was lost.

Mr. Derby moved that the superintendent be instructed to repave Bridge street from the square to Central bridge. He said that he understood that there would be a petition for the removal of some more of the trees in the street. The motion was passed.

The hearings were voted for Sept. 26.

HANDKERCHIEF SALE.

J. V. Keyes & Co. are having their annual handkerchief sale. Some special bargains in all linen at 10 and 12½ cents for both ladies and gents. Also a nice line for the little ones at 5 cents each.
—J. V. Keyes and Co.

RAILROAD EMPLOYES

ARE ENJOYING AN OUTING TODAY.

The employes of the Lynn & Boston electric road came to this city on a special electric car this morning. They had a bugler with them and as they passed through the Square they cheered loudly. They went to Mountain Rock grove where they will play ball. Then they had a dinner at noon and afterwards boarded their car and went to Glen Forest. They will return to this city and if they get back in time will go for a sail up the Merrimack.

About fifty employes of the Lowell & Suburban road went on an outing to Salisbury beach this morning. They had a special car, gaily decorated.

SEAL HERD DIMINISHING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—C. H. Townsend, chief of the division of fisheries, United States fish commission, who was the official inspector of the seal herd for several years and a member of the recent Behring Sea commission, has just returned from an inspection tour of the islands. His observations from year to year conclusively prove that the herd is rapidly diminishing in numbers, declining from 10 to 15 per cent. each this season, this being the customary falling off since ocean sealing became general. He says that pelagic sealing is carried on by schooners owned in British Columbia, to the exclusion of the American vessels.

REPORT OF FIRES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The report of fires in the state of New Hampshire for the six months ending July 1, 1898, is as follows:

Total number of fires, 241. Total loss on buildings and contents, $366,179. Total amount of insurance paid on the same, $256,533.

Of the total number of fires 39 were the result of exposure; the real number of conflagrations were therefore 202.

NEWSPAPER BOAT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 3.—The Norwegian steamer Albis, of the Munson Line, has just arrived from Nuevitas, en route to Galveston. She brings the crew and correspondents from the newspaper despatch boat Panapaha, which was totally wrecked off Nuevitas on September 6. All on board the despatch boat were saved.

THE DREYFUS CASE

Precipitates a Row in French Cabinet.

PROBABILITY THAT CERTAIN MEMBERS WILL RESIGN.

More Trouble Before the Matter is Settled.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The Rappel and the Matin today say that at yesterday's cabinet council the minister for war, Gen. Zurlinden, explained his reasons for opposing a revision of the Dreyfus case. Premier Brisson and Minister of Education Bourgeois, these papers add, urged Gen. Zurlinden to change his determination but the president, M. Faure sided with the minister of war. An excited discussion followed and the council was adjourned until the afternoon, when calmness was restored. M. Bourgeois then pointed out the consequences of the crisis and further discussion of the matter was adjourned until Saturday next.

The newspapers here are unanimous in expressing the opinion that the situation is serious. They say that temporizing will only delay the decision which, if favorable, to a revision of the case, will cause the resignation of Gen. Zurlinden and which, if hostile, will lead to a withdrawal from the cabinet of M. Brisson and will result in a general crisis.

It is rumored that in view of the possible resignation of Gen. Zurlinden M. Brisson has sounded Gen. Brugere, who, it is said, is disposed to accept the portfolio.

DEATHS.

BENSON—Annie May Benson, daughter of Andrew and Isabella Benson, died Sunday in Billerica, aged 19 years.

CROWLEY—Mary Crowley, a former resident of this city, died Sunday at her home, 133 Chelsea street, Charlestown The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

LITTLE—Mrs. Helen H. Little, aged 63 years, died Sunday at St. John's hospital. Deceased was the wife of George W. Little of Plymouth, N. H., to which place the remains will be sent for burial.

MARRIOTT—Mrs. John Marriott of this city died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Wall, South Boston. The remains will be forwarded to this city for burial.

JAMESON—John Jameson, infant son of William Jameson of Chicopee Falls, died yesterday at the residence of David Campbell, 1320 Gorham street.

ARMSLEY—Mary L. Armsley, died Sunday at her home in Dracut, aged 43 years.

COURSER—Mrs. Mary Courser, aged 85 years, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her nephew, William Fury, 4 Forest View avenue. Funeral will be held tomorrow morning. Mass will be celebrated at St. Michael's church.

DUPLESIS—William, infant son of Wilbur and Annie Duplesis, died today at 10 Chase street.

MAGUIRE—Margaret Maguire, an old resident of this city died at her home, 1210 Gorham street, this morning. She is survived by one son and one daughter.

MISS DAVIS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 13.—Miss Winnie Davis passed a comfortable night and no material change is reported in her condition this morning. She is still unable to retain nourishment.

NOTICE.

Every member of Division No. 1, A.O.H., is requested to attend the special monthly meeting to be held in their hall Monday evening, the 15th inst., as business of importance is to be brought to their attention.

Per order.
—Thomas Miles, Recording Secy.

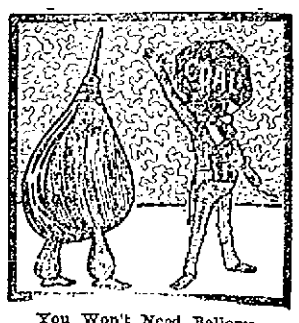
REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The republican state convention which assembled here today was one of the largest political gatherings ever held in the state, more than 700 delegates being in attendance. The contest for the nomination was unusually spirited so far as the preliminary movements before the assembling of the convention were concerned. Slight differences of opinion were developed with regard to the platform utterances of the party but the committee on resolutions was able to arrive at a conclusion satisfactory to themselves shortly before the convention assembled.

Hon. Frank W. Rollins of Concord was nominated for governor.

WANTED—Four or five respectable men to board and room in good locality. Apply at this office.



You Won't Need Bellows

To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.

D. W. HORNE & SON,
18 Central Street.

A LOST OPPORTUNITY.

SPAIN:—O, if I'd only stood in with you Alger;
YOU could annihilate your whole army!

Royal

Absolutely the Best in all that goes to make up the perfect corset. In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.

Superiority Unquestioned. Made in great variety of styles, and in all lengths, colors and sizes.

Sold by all first-class dealers.

Worcester

Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust. Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.

If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.

Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

Corsets

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

United Order of Independent Odd Fellows initiated one candidate and worked the degree on three at the regular meeting held in Post 120 G.A.R. hall last night. A committee has been elected to attend the government meeting in Boston.

Wamesit lodge, K. of P, at its regular meeting in K. of P. hall last night initiated two candidates and received propositions.

Concord lodge, American Order Fraternal Helpers, held its regular meeting last night in Post 155 hall and received three applications for membership.

At the regular meeting of the American Benefit society in Union hall last night two propositions were received.

MUSIC HALL.

Rose Sanger's Royal Stars—This company, under the management of Frank Forrester, entertained an audience at Music Hall last night with a program whose chief fault was brevity and this will be remedied in the subsequent performances this and tomorrow evenings and tomorrow afternoon. The opening "vocal jubilee" and songs by Misses Gertrude Warren, Nellie Franklyn, and Messrs. Crowley and Lyons. The olio had Varnell, who juggled in funny fashion as a "Rube;" the Carlisle sisters, Tillie and May, who sang "Won't Somebody Give me a Kiss?" and "A Bunch of Roses on Her Hat," and ended with a dance; Ellis and Raymond in an Irish and Dutch act; Miss Gertrude Warren, who sang "Break the News to Mother" and "The Little Pumpkin Colored Coons;" Tom Crowley and Toby Lyons in a dialogue; and Miss Nellie Franklyn in a trio of songs. They were "Paris, Paris" "The Brooklyn Handicap," and "Roguish Mary," closing with a dance. Miss Franklyn is a great favorite and her songs made, as usual, a decided hit. The bill closed with "Miss Columbia's Review" in which Miss Franklyn sang "Tommy Atkins" with spirit. Mamie Lamb led in a march and May Blanchard made a striking figure as "Lieut. Rush."

For the balance of the engagement the cast will be strengthened by new features, several additional artists having been secured.

Rose Sanger Company—On Wednesday evening in addition to the regular performance of the Rose Sanger company the audience will have an opportunity to hear a few remarks by Corporal David Blakeley of Co. M, Ninth regiment, he being the only perfectly well man in this city who returned from the battle of Santiago. Manager Doody has cordially invited all soldiers who have seen active service at the front to attend the performance in uniform and they will occupy seats reserved for them free of charge.

COLORED QUARTETTE.

A quartette of colored men from the Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga., gave an excellent musical entertainment at the Highland Congregational church last night. They were accompanied by the son of the founder of the university, who is their business manager. The young men are exceedingly bright and have the rich, mellow voices so characteristic of their race. They are also excellent guitar and mandolin players and the instrumental selections gave special pleasure to the audience.

Miss Ida Sturgore is registered at the Atlantic House, Salisbury.

MR. MOTT'S SENTENCES.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 11.—Chairman Mott of the L.A.W. racing board today issued the following bulletin:

Dr. W. R. Gwinn, Fall River, Mass., is placed upon the list of those to whom sanction will be refused for failing to award prizes.

Division 41, A.O.H., Boston; Immaculate Conception church, Everett; St. Mary's church, Revere; Cambridge Typographical union (Massachusetts), are suspended from the sanction privileges for promoting unsanctioned races.

Professional record accepted.

One-half mile against time, unpaced, made by William Martin at Newby Oval, Indianapolis, Aug. 24, 1898 time, 55 3-5s.

Transferred to the professional class: Robert J. and Charles J. Nugent, Rockport, Mass.; James T. Flynn, Gloucester, Mass.; clause D vote of board.

Registered: No. 1072, R. J. Swenson, Providence, R. I.

Suspended: S. J. Johnson, No. 16, and J. J. Casey, No. 2137, Worcester, Mass., are fined $10 and suspended until fine is paid for not riding to win in a handicap race; G. Stover, Boston, Mass.; M. Galvin and T. Shinley, Everett, Mass.; A. Given, Revere, Mass.; E. Phillips, Cambridge, Mass., and E. McDonald, Cambridge, Mass., to Oct. 6, 1898, unsanctioned races.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK and GLASGOW,
Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $17.25 to $60 single, $30.75 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $20.50; prepaid, $21.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 24 State street, Boston, or
Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

DON'T YOU WITCH
you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 359 Central St.

Perfection!
A large word, but the only one to fittingly apply to our
Sunlight $3 Shoe
Made expressly for us by W. L. Douglas Co., who are the largest manufacturers of Men's Shoes in the world.

Made for us only, sold by us only. We stand by every pair of Sunlight Shoes. Keep in the front by wearing the famous
SUNLIGHT SHOES
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.
101 Central St., Opp. Market.

THE BEST TEST
of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the peaky things every time. 359 Central Street.

A Few Refrigerators
Left to close out at less than cost. We also have a few
Baby Carriages
That we will dispose of at a bargain. If you are in need, be sure and call.
Bear in Mind
That we repair all kinds of Stoves and Ranges. We carry a Stove Lining that will fit any stove, and you may have it for 25c.
A good Broom for 10c.
Folding Stool for 15c.
Iron Bed, brass trimmed, with all iron spring, for $5.00. Look our stock over and you will find something you want.
GAYNOR & CO.
95 Prescott Street.

SERGEANT ASPIN

Returned With Co. M, Recruits Last Saturday.

HIS INTERESTING STORY OF THEIR EXPERIENCE.

He Tells About the Long March.

Sergt. Aspin, who was with the Company M recruits down South, returned home Saturday night and tells the following interesting story:

The sergeant says: "We marched all the way from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap just for exercise. Of course, we might have had train accommodations, but marching was thought to be conducive to our health so the entire division turned out for the long tramp. The first day was fearfully hot and when we got to the place of pitching tents, one of the Michigan men fell dead. He was a big strapping fellow.

"In this march Lieut. Healey of Company K, Clinton, who was in this city as a recruiting officer two months ago, was prostrated by the heat. He did not get a furlough until we reached Middleton.

"From Burke station we walked to Bull Run, a distance of 12 miles. Here everybody turned out to hunt for relics, of which there were many. Capt. Ducan of the 22d Kansas dug into the grave of a confederate soldier and was caught and court-martialled. Five years was his sentence, I heard later.

"Manassas was our next station, 12 miles away and from there we went to Thoroughfare Gap, where we remained a couple of weeks. There were many moonshiners in this vicinity and the boys went out looking for them. The whiskey manufactured by the moonshiners was of a very poor quality and many of the fellows couldn't drink it.

"On the march from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap considerable foraging was done. At night the boys would turn out and rob orchards, kill cows and clean out farm houses. It was all done on the quiet so that no arrests were made.

"At Thoroughfare Gap, a board of survey was organized for the purpose of going back over the road and ascertaining the amount of damage done to farmers by the soldiers. When they have completed their work a report will be sent into the war department and the farmers will be reimbursed.

"From Thoroughfare Gap we took the train to Camp Meade, Middleton. We found it an excellent site for a camp but there is none like Camp Dalton, our final objective point. I have no complaint to make of the food 'we got.'"

Sergt. Aspin did not come back with all of his men. Fred Harrington of Lowell was left in the hospital at Thoroughfare Gap, suffering from typhoid fever. Andre Perrin is sick with fever at a hospital in Middleton. John J. McMillan of Nashua is in the same hospital with the same illness. Those who have returned are:

George Morris, John Murray, Richard J. O'Malley, Marston M. Richards, Thomas Roach, Charles Saxon, Napoleon Soucl, Frederick Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Wm. J. Taylor, Edward J. Winn, John Winn of Lawrence, Henry Magee, Mark P. Burrett of Lawrence, Geo. H. Brown, Jos. Brown, John J. Donahue, Thomas Earl, Dennis Flaherty, John Fryer, Peter Gaudette, John J. Hickey, Thos. Joncas, Chas. Lennon, Pat Lynch, Michael McCarty, Owen McPartland, Luke Merrick.

FROM THEIR BOY.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McKenzie of 27 West Fourth street have received the following letter from their son, James, a member of Company C, Sixth regiment:

Utuado, Aug. 22, 1898.

Dear Father and Mother: I write to let you know that I am still in the land of the living and in the best of health, hoping to hear the same of everybody at home. I think my Lowell friends must have forgotten me as I haven't received a letter since I left Camp Alger and I feel very lonely. You have no idea how a letter cheers us up.

We are all waiting for the word to take transports home as we are at present lying in two feet of mud and have to root around like pigs to find a dry spot. We reached here just in time for the rainy season and have had rain every day, more or less, ever since.

The scenery of Porto Rico is beautiful. Nothing can be seen but mountains in this section and they are a perfect picture. There is fruit in profusion. We got oranges, bananas, cocoanuts, mangoes and lemons very cheap. Cigars are free and two cents apiece and we swap a hard tack for a cigar.

Since we landed we have done a great deal of walking over mountains and it has been no easy thing. We have marched about 90 miles in all. Many were prostrated by the heat. Among them was McGlynn, who was laid up for more than a week. We had to carry our beds, tents, rifles, haversacks, so that the boys were played out.

At the foot of our company street runs a large stream and we swim in it and get water for cooking from it. McGlynn sends his best regards. We may be home in a month or six weeks perhaps sooner.

I have signed over my state pay, $7 a month, to you, so that you can draw it every month. Let me know if you get it or not.

No more at present from your soldier boy, James McKenzie.

"BE PROUD OF HIM."

A letter has been received from New York by the mother of Chester F. Cummings, Co. M, 9th regiment. It states that he is in St. Francis' hospital, New York city, and is rapidly improving and hopes to reach home in a week or ten days. He has splendid care. The letter closes with the statement that "He is a nice boy and his country ought to be proud of him." It is signed "A Friend."

TEWKSBURY FISHERMEN.

Unusually good luck was experienced by a fishing party of Tewksbury men who went out from Marblehead Friday morning under the guidance of George Flint. About 1500 pounds of fish, mostly pollock, with a few cod, were pulled on to the deck of the Flying Cloud, Capt. Trefry, on which vessel so many parties have gone from Lowell and its vicinity this summer. The party went down Thursday afternoon and returned Friday night. There was very little wind in the morning but they finally got out about 9 o'clock and later a good breeze sprang up. The first prize for the biggest fish was captured by Mr. Hibbard. Other members of the party were John B. Bailey, E. W. Bailey, W. J. Hardy, James Flint, Fred Hardy, John Maddox, Andrew Conley, Nathan Bailey, Elliott French, Messrs Lovell Anderson, Bogan, Wood, Hibbard, Carter, Brunswick, Webb, Ed. Toye, Jason Fuller, and Albert Hardy.

GOLDEN WEDDING

Celebrated by Two Former Lowell Residents.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES METCALF OF ANDOVER.

Passed Fifty Years of Married Life.

Mr. and Mrs. James Adams Metcalf of Andover celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home in that town yesterday. Both are enjoying fairly good health and were able to relieve the many relatives and friends who called to congratulate them. Guests were present from Boston, Walpole, Lowell, Lawrence and Salem, as well as many neighbors and friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Metcalf are among the town's best known citizens. Mr. Metcalf was born in Winthrop, Me., in 1824. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and in 1844 went to Lowell where he learned his trade as a machinist.

Later he removed to Lawrence where he worked at his trade in the corporations of that city. For some time he held the position as steward at the Lawrence jail under the administration of Sheriff (now Keeper) Herrick.

His next move was to Salem, where he was employed as foreman in machine shops. He went to Andover with his family about four years ago.

In 1861 Mr. Metcalf enlisted in the 1st New Jersey volunteers and in 1864 reenlisted in the 4th Massachusetts heavy artillery and served until 1865 when he was discharged at the end of the war. He enlisted the second time as corporal. He passed through the famous peninsular campaign under McClellan and contracted malaria, which has affected his health ever since. He has not been an invalid, but has not been able to do much work on account of weakness. Mr. Metcalf is a member of Needham Post, 39, G.A.R., of Lawrence.

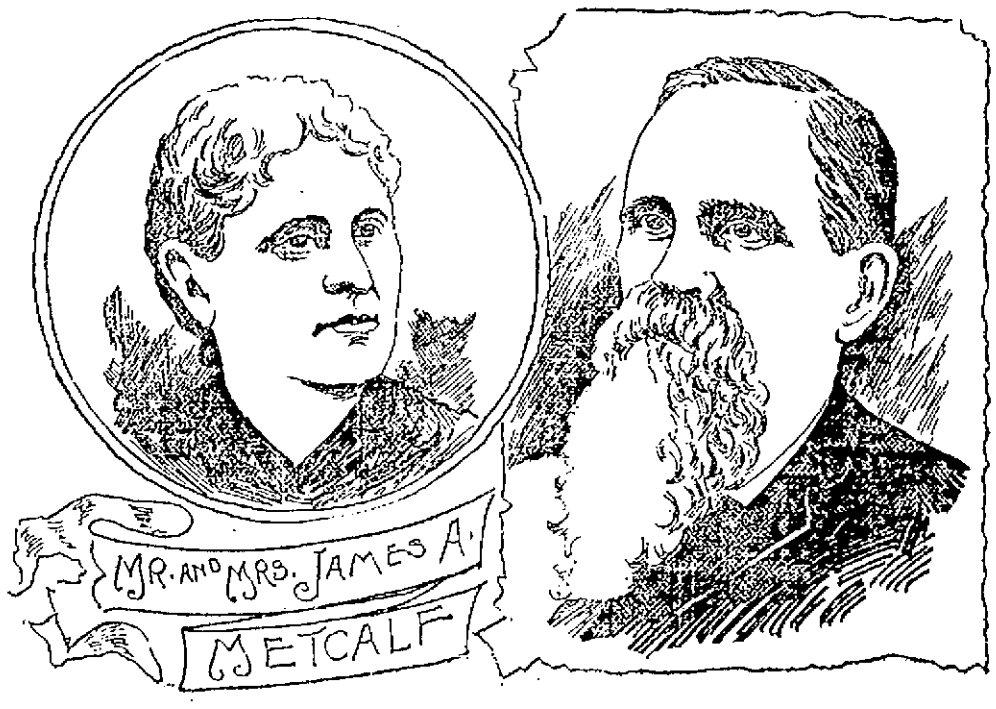
Mr. Metcalf was married in Lowell. Mrs. Metcalf's maiden name was Lucinda B. Hutchins. She was born in Rumford, Me., in 1828.

They have had three children. Only one is living, a daughter Miss S. Isabel Metcalf, who lives with her parents.

Mr. Metcalf and Mrs. W. W. Allen of Walpole, his sister, are all who are left of a family of seven. Their mother, Mrs. Chloe F. Metcalf, died only a year ago at the advanced age of 100 years and six months. She retained her vigor to a remarkable degree and attended church regularly until within a few weeks of her death in Walpole.

To a reporter, Mrs. Metcalf said that she had not realized the awful loss of life in the civil war as in the recent conflict, for in the days of the rebellion news was not gathered and printed so quickly as nowadays.

Miss Amelia Tellier of Nashua has returned from a visit spent with friends in Lowell.



WHO CELEBRATED THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING YESTERDAY.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Cramp, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain Killer
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Turn your back on him

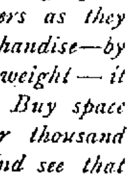
and leave the store, if he offers to sell you something "just as good as"
Ivorine
Washing Powder
You're the one who will suffer if you get the wrong kind—*not the clerk.*
A cake of fine, white Glycerine Toilet Soap is given *free* with every package of "Ivorine."
You pay for the washing powder—not the soap.
THE J. D. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get. When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



It is surprising that after all the expense of repairing the county court house, the court room should be too small.

AS TO A GREAT MILL STRIKE.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—As a reader of your paper, who knows your sympathies go with the laboring people, I would like to ask if you would favor a great mill strike at the present time.

Yours, etc,

J. A. G.

In reply to the above query, we would not favor a strike large or small except as a last resort and only after united and systematic agitation of the demands by other means. Under no conditions would we favor or endorse a great mill strike at the present time, because it would injure only the strikers. From all appearances the mills would hesitate but little in shutting down for a couple of months. Some of them claim to be running at a loss. The mills of Fall River are curtailing production in order to help a bad market and they are no worse off than the Lowell mills. That being so, it would probably be useless to make any general demand for an increase of wages at the present time.

BOLTING REPUBLICANS OUT AGAINST GOV. WOLCOTT.

The East Hampton Republican club has resolved not to support Gov. Wolcott for a renomination, mainly because he reappointed Warren E. Lock as commissioner of savings banks. The club has sent out the following manifesto which fully justifies its opposition. It seems that the people who have their earnings in savings banks should resent such an appointment, just as has the East Hampton Republican club. If there is any office to which an honest official should be appointed, it is that of savings bank commissioner. The manifesto follows:

"It is with regret that we place ourselves in antagonism to the plans, however vaguely formed, of any members of the republican party who look with favor upon the candidacy of his excellency, Roger Wolcott, but we believe that our duty as citizens of this commonwealth compels us to do so, and we make this announcement of our purpose to the end that we may receive the aid of all those who think with us.

"Our action in this matter is founded upon the belief that the governor of Massachusetts should execute the duties of his high office with wisdom, and with naught in view but the interests of the commonwealth and this we think his excellency, Roger Wolcott, has in some cases failed to do.

"We bear in mind many matters which have given rise to criticisms of the governor and reflections upon the commonwealth, but the cause which more than any other leads us to our determination is the recent re-appointment of Warren E. Locke as a commissioner of savings banks.

"We believe that the honor of our commonwealth and the feeling of security among the people demand that everyone having authority in our savings banks should be of sufficient competence and of undoubted reliability. The Hampshire Savings bank of Northampton was plundered in such a way as to convict Savings Bank Commissioner Locke of gross incompetence or unpardonable negligence, for it at once clearly appeared that had he been faithful in the discharge of his official duty, the misappropriation of funds would have been detected.

"In spite of this fact and after his attention had been expressly called to it by a dignified and weighty remonstrance, the governor re-appointed the commissioner, and thereby, as we suggest, so openly violated his duty as to render him unworthy of continuance in an office which requires him to appoint the guardians of the people's savings. The result has been to cause the belief that the political power of our commonwealth has been abused, and to destroy the confidence of the people in our political officials.

"We believe that the republican party means to stand for what is right; we believe that it means to see that our laws are properly executed, that our political officials are the servants and not the rulers of the people, that personal ambition of individuals must yield to the welfare of the state, and we call upon the republican party to be true to its purposes by nominating as its candidate for the coming year a man who will use his public power wholly for the public good."

The bath committee appointed some time ago by the city council has been discharged because we presume that the time for doing anything is past. If ever a committee had a right to be dishonorably discharged, it was that committee. Nothing could be more needed in Lowell than public baths but so far as we can learn this committee never made any attempt to secure them. There may have been obstacles in the way, but if so the committee had a right in self-defence to let the public know just why they could not accomplish the object for which they were appointed.

The tax bills for the year are being distributed and the people are realizing for the first time the meaning of the business administration which Mayor Bennett was elected to manage. The tax rate has been advanced and the amount of increase in each case is seen by a comparison with the bills of last year. Already the tax payers are vowing vengeance against the business administration and resolving to have one of a different kind next year.

Otis Allen is to be congratulated as a citizen of Lowell upon his long business and official career and upon having a son, Hon. Charles H. Allen, assistant secretary of the navy. Otis Allen observed his 93th birthday yesterday and looks as hale and hearty as most men twenty years younger.

NINTH'S HISTORY.

BRIEF REVIEW OF THE REGIMENT'S SERVICE SINCE MAY.

Following is the record of the Ninth Massachusetts United States volunteers in the war:

May 3.—Responding to the president's call, the order mustering the Massachusetts militia, including the Ninth regiment at Camp Dewey, Framingham, was promulgated.

May 4.—The Ninth regiment on the way to camp at South Framingham, is reviewed by the governor at the state house. The Ninth reaches camp.

May 8.—The Ninth being mustered in at South Framingham. Plenty of recruits.

May 13.—Ninth ordered to join the Sixth at Camp Alger. (Dunn Loring.)

May 20.—Irish societies visit camp Dewey and present the Ninth with a splendid stand of colors.

May 31.—The Ninth starts for Camp Alger under Col. Fred B. Bogan.

June 7.—A detail of officers of the Ninth ordered to return to Boston to recruit the companies to full war strength.

June 20.—Preliminary marching orders received. Destination thought to be Cuba.

June 26.—United States ship Harvard sails from Newport News with the Ninth regiment on board, bound for Santiago.

July 1.—Ninth arrives at Altares and the men are immediately march on to the fighting line.

July 30.—Death of Maj. P. J. Grady of the Ninth.

Aug. 9.—Col. Fred B. Bogan of the Ninth dies at his home in Charlestown.

Aug. 13.—Col. Bogan's funeral. Whole Fifth regiment attends as escort.

Aug. 25-26.—Transports sail from Santiago with the Ninth bound for Montauk Point.

Aug. 31.—Ninth arrives at Montauk preparatory to being mustered out.

Sept. 8.—Ninth leaves Montauk for home.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

AN INHERITANCE TAX

EVIDENCE THAT SUCH A MEASURE WOULD BE GOOD PUBLIC POLICY.

The Dangers That Lie In Vast Individual Fortunes — How England Has Left Us Far Behind — Inequalities of Our Present System of Taxation.

Thieves are imprisoned not for revenge, but because it is not good public policy to allow thieves to run at large. Murderers are not executed for revenge, but because it is considered good public policy. So we might go through the entire list, and we would always find that society claims the right to do whatever is considered necessary or desirable for the public good.

The rapid amassing of immense fortunes is a comparatively recent thing. The discoveries of science and mechanical invention have brought new forces into play, increasing the production of wealth to a phenomenal degree. Steamboats, railroads and the telegraph favor the concentration of wealth. A few have controlled these forces in such a way that these few have become extremely wealthy, while many in the lower ranks have been robbed of the opportunity to make an honest living. As the few immense private fortunes have grown in size the list of the unemployed, tramps and paupers, has also grown. The public good demands that taxation should be equal, or if any exception is made it should be the homes of the poor, for the home of the toiler is the cornerstone of our national existence. But we all know that corporations pay far less than their due proportion of taxes and that the extremely wealthy find ways to make their taxation far less than their due proportion as compared with the poor householder.

Our national taxes are paid indirectly on consumption—duty on clothes, sugar, etc., and internal revenue on tobacco, etc. Many of the extremely wealthy escape this taxation by living abroad. There is one way that these inequalities could be in a manner corrected, and that is by a national inheritance tax. Many states are adopting this kind of taxation, but it is not properly a state function, for those whom it touches get out of it by simply moving to another state. For this reason George Gould bought or built a house in New Jersey and lives there a part of the time in order to claim that as his residence in order to escape the inheritance tax of New York. It can easily be seen that this tax should be uniform in every part of the country regardless of state lines. It should apply only to large fortunes and be progressively heavier on larger fortunes. Would it not be good public policy to not allow a single heir to inherit more than $1,000,000? Then the multimillionaires would disappear with the present generation, and everybody would be benefited, even the millionaires themselves, and the public good would be greatly promoted.

In the new war tax law there is an inheritance tax feature. I will watch the operation of this with great interest. We should prepare to increase this soon, for our need of such a tax is greater than that of any other country, for wealth concentration has progressed much more rapidly here than in any other part of the world, yet other countries have had such a tax for many years, and our tax just passed as a part of the war revenue law is comparatively light. Look out for it being declared unconstitutional by the supreme court, for our present court is very accommodating to wealth. Other countries have no written constitution by the inflexibility of which and an accommodating court laws distasteful to wealth can be set aside. Our constitution is patterned after the English government of 1776, and being written it is inflexible and unchangeable, except by amendments, which are very difficult to make.

Thus we have tied ourselves to the English model of 1776, while England, unhampered by a written constitution, has gone on, and in many ways the government is much nearer the people and the people are more free than here. It is predicted that the recent amendments to the English inheritance tax law will finally break up the large estates in that country, and such a result is contemplated with satisfaction by the patriotic and unselfish there. We would like to have some of that kind of patriotism here. It would do more good than the jingo kind of patriotism.

Good public policy demands that immense fortunes be divided in a way that no single heir shall inherit more than $1,000,000 until we can find a way to secure a more just distribution than we now have of wealth at the time of its production. Such vast accumulations of wealth do not come justly. Yes, legally perhaps in many instances, but our laws are not perfect yet. What is legal is not necessarily just and right. We must put justice into our laws as fast as we learn how. In the meantime we must tax large inheritances heavily, both because it is demanded by the public welfare and it is just and right to do it.—Dr. C. F. Taylor in Medical World.

Immortality of Debt.

It is indeed a fitting term. Immortality of debt! It never dies. It is a curse that has hung over the world thousands of years. It is one of the institutions of "civilization," but it is used generally to the advantage of civilized barbarians. Horace Greeley used to advocate the abolition of all laws for the collection of debt. The suggestion is a good one. It chops the dog's tail off right back of its ears.—Norton's Monthly.

The Deadly File.

Populism will drive out capital.—Kansas City Journal (1896).

The effects of a British-Russian war would be serious. The Kansas farmers are already embarrassed for storage room in localities where the banks refuse to accept more deposits.—Kansas City Journal (1898).

ODD FELLOWS.

PREPARATIONS FOR PARADE IN

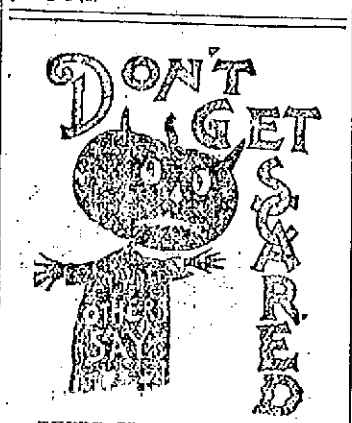
The general committee of the local lodges of Odd Fellows met last evening and forwarded the plans for the visit to Boston and participation in the big parade a week from tomorrow.

The start from Lowell will be made at 8.30 a. m. instead of 8 o'clock as has previously been announced.

Centralville lodge has chosen Charles W. Nevers as its chief marshal; Veritas has chosen Azro H. Schoolcraft and Lowell lodge will be marshalled by S. C. Smiley.

At the meeting of Centralville lodge, I.O.O.F., tomorrow night, President Geo. H. Taylor of the common council will entertain the members with an interesting account of his recent European trip.

Miss Mae Folger Stevens, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solon Stevens, will leave Lowell Wednesday to enter Wheaton Seminary, Norton, Mass., from which institution her sister, Mrs. Ralph A. Day, graduated four years ago.



THERE IS NONE SO GOOD
As the Rochester Brewing Co.'s products. A new car lot just received from the brewery. It's the perfection of brewing. Their "Standard Brand" our bottling, 24 bottles in case, $1.35 per case, or in the wood in halves and quarters or on draught at the bar.
Their Bavarian and Premier at $2.10 per case; Rienzi and Bohemian at $1.85 per case; and Pale and export at $1.70 per case are of particular merit and possess unusual keeping qualities.
JOHN M. PEVEY,
65-67 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
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DR. PEFFER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LEGAULT & CO.
Keep the Latest Styles in
Summer Jewelry
Belts, Pocket Books, Waist Sets, Combs, Chatelaines, etc.
70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

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GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
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The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

Prof. E. J. BORJES
Will Resume
TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN
Oct. 1, at 83 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at special rates.

SEWING MACHINES
We sell regular $65 Machines at
$33.00.
By buying at our store you save canvassers' profits.

Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

Boston and Maine Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Western Division.

Corrected to June 27, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, §6.42, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.45, §3.00, 4.55, §5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Corrected to June 27, 1898: Trains leave Middlesex Street Depot, Lowell:
For Boston, 5.49, 6.36, §6.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.28, 7.31, *7.48, †7.59, w8.16, *8.57, †9.19, w*9.36, *9.60, w10.50 11.00, *11.44 a m; w12.05, 12.16, w12.35, 1.43, w2.30, w2.55, §3.03, *3.17, *4.01, w4.06, 4.28, w5.10, 5.29, §5.42, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.49, 8.45, w9.06 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.23, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, w12.06, w4.15, 4.23, w6.59, 5.58, w8.45 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.08, w6.50 †7.33, w8.50, w9.25, 10.06, 10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w2.05, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w†11.35 p m. SUNDAYS, w915 a m, w12.06, w5.30, w8.45 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.25, w7.53 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.53 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.38, 6.50, *1.83, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 2.55, 4.06, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.06, 5.30, 8.45 p m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.55 a m; 12.03, 2.30, 2.55, 4.06, 6.15 p m.
For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R R, 2.30 p m, July 1 to September 9.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.08, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 2.55, 4.04, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, Exeter only, 8.15 a m; 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, 9.31 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.06, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS 5.30.
For Bangor Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 6.50 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m; 5.10 p m (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only

Southern Division.

For Woburn, 6.21, 7.01, 7.30, *7.43, 11.04 a m; 1.43, 4.22, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 4.25, 6.53 p m.
NOTE.—*Express. §Via Bedford.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 6.01 and 6.12 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 6.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Greenfield, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40, *10.00 a m, *12.11, 1.00, *1.40, *1.54, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *9.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a m (to Nashua only), 8.03 a m; 2.00, 6.02, *6.10, *8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.11, *1.40, 5.40, †*6.10 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a m; 1.40 p m; 3.41 p m. Saturdays only till August 27th inclusive.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *16.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.11, †*6.10 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—*1.40, *†8.40 p m; daily except Sunday.
D J FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H C TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.
References:
*Express; †Daily.
w Via Western Division.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
§ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.
EASTERN DISTRICT.—On and after July 1st, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I. with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.30 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.
C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.
Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

$35 Discount
On One Year Scholarships
To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
This school is strictly first-class in every detail, and, as a guaranty to the public, we respectfully challenge comparison of faculty and equipment with that of any other business and shorthand training school in New England.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 12, 13, 14. Matinee Wednesday.
MARIE SANGER'S
Royal Stars
Including the following well known people,
Jennette Warren, Nellie Franklyn, Lyons and Crowley, "Vannell," Gun Export, Reynolds Bros., Carlisle Sisters, 10—Comedians—10, 30—people—30.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 15, 16, 17. Usual Saturday Matinee.
High Class Vaudeville,
Presenting some of the best people in the vaudeville line. Seats on sale at Box office.

Glen Forest
LAWRENCE.
ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 12
Gorman's Novelty Company.
Refined Vaudeville Entertainers.

Lakeview
—PARK—
LOWELL'S IDEAL DAY RESORT.
Bowling, Dancing, Fishing, Boating.
THE FINEST ZOO
in New England, embracing a large collection of rare beasts and birds.
The D. L. Page Co. have sole charge of all catering and can serve one or one thousand with choicest viands.
Beginning Monday, Sept. 12,
THE ONLY
Hayes' Troubadours,
A company of artists unexcelled in fun making. Singers, dancers, sketch teams and mirth provokers. Performances every afternoon and evening, free.
FARE 5 CENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE
261 Dutton St., Lowell.
NOW OPEN.
CONTINUOUS SHOW
2 until 11 p. m.
ADMISSION
CENTS 5 CENTS

DYEING
Every Hour in the Day at the
BAY STATE
Dye Works
Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to
54 Prescott Street.

FLOWERS.
When in need of anything choice and artistic in the floral line go to
LAPHAM & CO.,
FLORISTS,
218 Merrimack St., Old City Hall Building.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL. [One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up, RESTAURANT. Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $16; his $28 Suits for $25; his $25 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.035 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
127 Central St., opp. American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 371 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER.
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 1st, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE SUN LATEST! 6 O'CLOCK

TWO DEATHS Resulted From Yellow Fever.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The following cablegram has been received at the war department from Gen. Brooke at Ponce:

"The number of sick among the troops in Porto Rico, 1,886, about 18 per cent.; 175 typhoid; 477 malaria; 1,264 diarrhoea. Investigation of two deaths at Ponce shows them to be yellow fever, which originated in the quartermaster's hospital. One more case has developed. All the troops at Ponce have been removed to camp. General Henry has taken precautions to prevent the disease spreading."

SIX KILLED Austro-Hungarian Empire Against Italians.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 13.—Special despatches from Vienna say the entire Austro-Hungarian empire is infuriated against the Italians as a result of the assassination of the empress and violent anti-Italian demonstrations have taken place at Trieste, where the Italians and natives have been fighting in the streets with sticks and stones, sometimes using revolvers. Six deaths are reported to have occurred there and troops were called out to suppress the disturbances. At Gratz an Italian peddler has been lynched and at Vienna fully fifteen hundred Italians employed on the municipal works have been summarily dismissed in order to avert a popular revolt and the Italian embassy there is guarded by a strong body of infantry.

CURRENCY TALK

Hon. Joseph Carey Addresses the Convention

THAT IS DISCUSSING CURRENCY IN OMAHA.

Says Gold Standard Should be Accepted.

Omaha, Sept. 13—Hon. Joseph Carey ex-United States senator from Wyoming, spoke on "The gold standard from the standpoint of the western state," at the currency convention today. He said in part:

"Our contention is that the best standard of money for the extreme west, or the country that is most thoroughly impregnated and imbued with the farmers alliance and populistic theories, is the best standard for the extreme east. Speaking of a standard we allude to that quality possessed by a metallic money which measures all values best, gives stability and elasticity, but circulates in all sections without depreciation that goes and comes without its value being questioned or suspicioned. The foundation of that standard among other things should be labor.

"The speaker has believed that a double standard might be maintained through international agreement, but such an agreement appears no longer probable. The adoption of the gold standard is rapidly being accepted by all the nations that have heretofore clung to silver. That the displacement of silver and the supremacy of gold as a standard has been brought about by conditions not the result of legislation or the result of any effort on the part of banks, banking institutions or individuals, but from natural causes, is rapidly becoming a fixed conviction.

"For centuries, acting on theories only, there have been those who have insisted that by legislation something could be created out of nothing. Many times has the experiment been tried and as often has it failed. There are those today, as there were yesterday, who claim that it is in the province of the government to create money. This was not tried in the United States previous to the war period, when driven by the urgent demand for currency to pay soldiers in the field, the congress of the United States resorted to the doubtful authority of issuing legal tender notes, commonly known as 'greenbacks,' first issuing $150,000,000, then $150,000,000 more, and still again making a third similar issue, or a total authorization of $450,000,000.

"It is difficult to tell how much there accounts cost the taxpayers of the United States. It has been estimated that it has increased the cost of war fully one-half; but whether that be true or not, we know that to a great extent it undermined the credit of the government when credit was most needed.

"The time has certainly arrived when the gold standard should be accepted by all the people and that the nation should be placed on a sound financial basis; that its course should be uniform and that the nation should go out of the banking business and not be compelled hereafter to go into the market and buy gold to maintain its established high credit.

WARM WELCOMES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The men of the First New Hampshire Volunteers went to their homes this afternoon on a 30 days' furlough. The cities and towns from which the different companies hail, have prepared warm welcomes for them. The men will return October 3, to be mustered out of the service. In the meantime, three officers and 60 privates remain behind to guard the government property at Camp Ramsdell.

LOWELL MAN

LIEUT. COMMANDER PILLSBURY PROMOTED.

Lieut. Commander John L. Pillsbury, U. S. N., who commanded the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, and who is now acting as equipment officer yesterday received orders to go to Washington to appear before the board for examination for promotion to the rank of commander. Mr. Pillsbury is a Lowell boy and is well known here.

PROBABLY LOST

British Bark David Morgan Not Heard From.

SHE HAD A GREAT CARGO ON BOARD

Sailed From Nagaski Last March.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—Private advices have been received in this city from London to the effect that the British bark, David Morgan, Captain McMillan, has probably been lost, together with her crew of 19 men. The Morgan sailed from this port on March 26, for Nagasaki, Japan, with a cargo o. 652,500 gallons of refined oil in cases and 5000 gallons of lubricating oil. She has been out nearly 175 days while the voyage should, under ordinary conditions have been made in from 120 to 130 days. The vessel is owned in Glasgow by A. Wier & Co.

CERVERA'S LETTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 13.—The following is a literal translation of a letter received by the Associated Press from Admiral Cervera:

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 11.

To the President of the Associated Press:

My Dear Sir—Tomorrow I sail for Spain and I wish to say to you as the representative of the greatest news association in the United States that I sail with a heart full of gratitude for the sympathy that has been shown me by the people of this country.

My farewell takes with it every assurance that the memory of this sympathy I shall actively conserve during the rest of my life.

I take advantage of this occasion to subscribe myself as your faithful and obedient servant who kisses your hand.

(Signed) Pasquale Cervera.

MILLS CLOSED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 13.—As a result of the weavers' strike at the Border City mills, the management has closed the entire plant. The weavers in the three mills number 500 and the other help as many more.

Mrs. Devine of Whipple street is visiting friends in Providence, R. I.

Miss Cora Partridge of Melrose Highlands who has been the guest of her friend, Miss Viola Wilson of 628 School street, this city, has returned home.

RELIEF ARRIVES

With 250 Sick Soldiers at Boston.

PRIVATE MARSHALL OF THE NINTH ABOARD,

But Cillow and McNulty Are Not There.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 13.—The hospital ship Relief with about 250 sick soldiers arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning from Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point. The vessel docked at Lewis' wharf.

The journey from Montauk to the Hub was without incident and the staff is which is composed of Surgeon-in-Chief Charles with eight assistants and a hospital corps of 25, in charge of Steward Jackson Marsden and McKee, had an easy time.

There was no typhoid fever case on board and only ten cases where the men had to be carried to land in stretchers. The men are all recovering from typhoid malarial and other camp life ailments in a tropical climate.

The following are the Massachusetts men:

Walter Bryan, Co. I, Ninth Infantry; Guy T. Lawson, Second Regiment; Martin Phillips, Co. K, Ninth; Michael A. Driscoll, Co. H., Ninth; C. H. Baker, Co. F, Second; Charles Holroyd, Co. F, Ninth; W. H. Marshall, Co. M, Ninth.

Owing to the Relief not stopping at quarantine there was considerable confusion and delay. Arrangements had been made whereby the volunteer aid society whose headquarters are in this city, should be notified by the quarantine officials, but as the vessel arrived several hours before it was expected and did not touch at quarantine, the state authorities were not notified until the ship was tied up at the wharf. The work of debarkation was not commenced until 9.40 o'clock.

Gov. Wolcott, accompanied by Adjutant General Dalton, arrived shortly after 10 o'clock.

The following men were taken from the vessel on stretchers and sent in ambulances to the city hospital:

Arthur Messenger, Company C, Third Infantry; Frank Macomber, Sixth Cavalry; Jacob Welzer, Company E, Seventh regiment; Thomas Jones, Company A, First regiment, D. C.; W. D. Inglemun, Troop H, Ninth Cavalry; H. A. Cantrell, Twentysecond Infantry Chas. H. Baker, Company F, Second Mass; Andrew Kirkpatrick, Twentieth Infantry; W. H. Marshall, Ninth Mass.

The hospital ship Relief is a three-decker and has five hospital wards with an aggregate number of cots amounting to 200.

The work of debarkation when begun was carried on swiftly and was viewed only by those directly interested and a number of reporters. At the head of the wharf, a platoon of 25 policemen under command of Sergeant Sheehan kept the thousands of spectators clear of the wharf.

LEHMAN WEDS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 13.—R. C. Lehman, the English rowing man, who has coached the Harvard crew for two seasons, and Miss Alice Marie Davis of Worcester were married at noon today at the Piedmont Congregational church in this city. Rev. Dr. Willard Scott officiated and the ceremony was followed by a breakfast at the home of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Lehman will sail for England tomorrow on the Majestic.

Mr. Lehman was attended at the ceremony by boating friends, the best man was C. D. Goldie of the Cambridge crew who rowed with him last year. Miss Jessie Davis, Miss Hannonde Peabody, and Miss Martha Peabody, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Peabody, Jr., of Milton, in whose family Mr. Lehmann and Miss Davis first met, and Miss Florence Taylor of this city, bridesmaids.

CLARKE NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—Frank G. Clarke of Peterborough was nominated for congress in the second district republican convention today, the nomination being made by acclamation.

MAINE RETURNS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

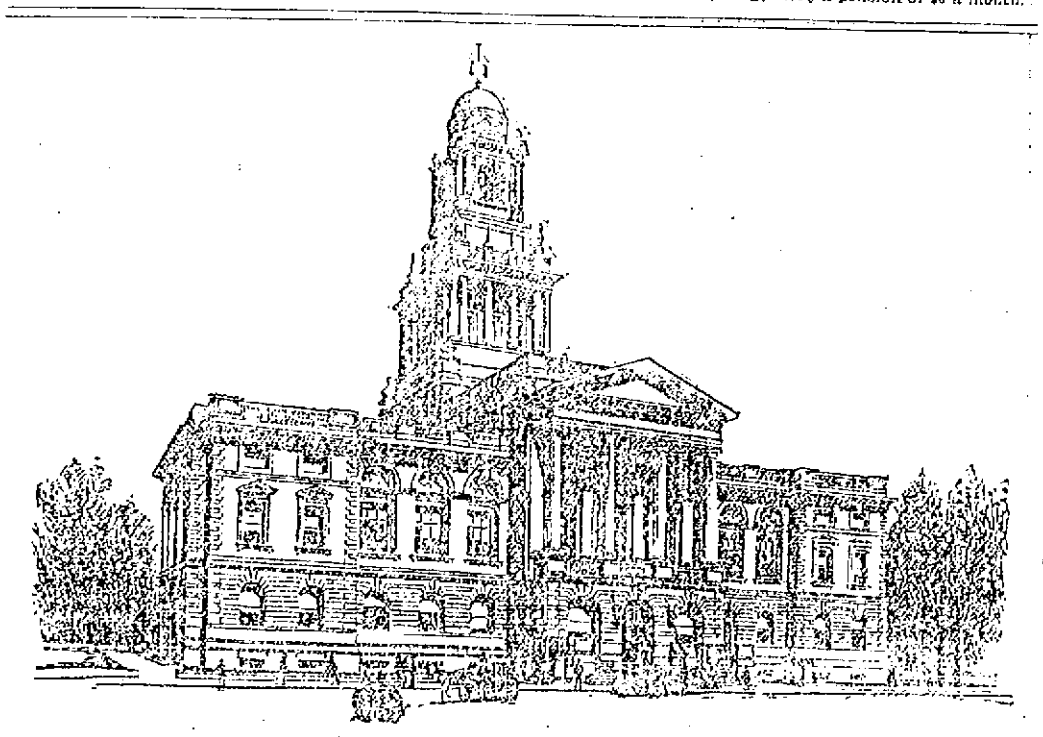
Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—The returns from the state election came in slowly last night, while today scarcely any of the missing towns were heard from. Of the total number of 430 cities, towns, and plantations, figures on the gubernatorial vote were received from 186, and these returns give Powers (rep.), 35,440; Lord (dem.), 19,475. Same towns in 1896 gave Cleaves (rep.) 44,813; Johnston (dem.), 29,535.

Mr. Reed carried his district but by a much less plurality than for years, his opponent, Rev. Mr. McKinney cutting down his margin from 9000 to less than 5000. Mr. Reed lost 19 per cent, while the democratic loss was less than 3 per cent.

Miss Etta Gannon, cashier at the 20th Century Shoe Store, and Miss Agnes Cassidy, have returned from a sojourn of the New England beaches. Sunday, by special request, Miss Gannon sang at St. Joseph's church, Lynn.

Henry A. Cuff of the Agawam pharmacy and Harry Melkiejohn have returned after a delightful trip through the provinces.

William C. Piper of this city has been granted a pension of $6 a month.



THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE FORMALLY DEDICATED YESTERDAY.

WOMAN'S REMAINS

Mutilated in Two Packages at Bridgeport, Conn.

Startling Evidence of Murder—The Head Battered and a Cloth Tied Over Her Mouth.

Bridgeport, Sept 13.—The police department is all agog over a gruesome find of two packages in the mud of a pond, which point conclusively to another murder mystery to unravel. The packages contained the head of a woman cut from the body near the ear, and the lower limbs which had been separated from the body, unjointed and cut in two at the knees, then tied together again and wrapped up in glazed paper. The head of the woman was battered and jammed on one side, and had a cloth tied over the mouth.

The packages were noticed by three lads who were on the north end of the bridge which crosses an arm of the mill pond. The boys called the attention of William Burr, who lives in the vicinity, to them. He procured a rake and finally landed the bundles. The police were notified immediately.

Medical Examiner Downes was at once informed of the discovery, and he immediately drove to the scene, and later communicated with Coroner Doten. Detective Cronin also, by good chance, happened to be in the neighborhood, and succeeded in retaining many apparently trifling articles which will probably be of invaluable assistance in working up the case. The medical examiner gave a permit for the dismembered parts to be removed to the morgue, where they were taken.

After the head had been cleaned and made presentable, as far as it was possible on account of its battered condition, photographs were taken for the purpose of possible identification. Two pictures in different positions were secured. The result was that it is the opinion of the authorities that the victim was a person of more than ordinary refinement. The features, however, are wan and thin. It is surmised that the woman was about five feet, six inches in height, her hair was braided in a manner as usual with many women before they retire, and was tied with a cotton cord. A number of the teeth were white and regular, and some were gold-filled, while only two or three in the back of the mouth were missing. The eyes were greyish blue. The pronounced characteristic of the face is the short, aquiline nose, which, it is believed, will afford a strong means of identification. The feet are small and shapely. The neck and also the limbs at the knees and thighs were severed in a manner showing a clean cutting of the flesh, and was clearly done by some one conversant with anatomy, and was either a butcher or a medical person. The authorities are inclined to believe that one of the former class was the guilty party.

Dr. Downes stated that the case was most curious, and one of so many contradictions that the solution of the mystery promises to be no easy task. In his opinion the body had been in the water about 24 hours when found, and that a large knife had been used to dismember the body, as in no place was the flesh torn. The limbs were sawed a leisurely manner and evidently with apart, but the entire work was done in much care, as no bruises were visible about the head. It is the opinion of the medical examiner that the death took place at night, from the arrangement of the woman's hair, and also from the appearance of the teeth that she had not lived in a plentiful manner of late.

There was also noticed that two stout cords were wound about the thighs so tightly as to cut into the flesh, and it was evident that whoever did the cutting was desirous to prevent the flow of blood. The limbs had one leg of a man's cotton drawers, of the kind that are worn in summer, wrapped about them; it was of good material, but there were no marks on it to assist in identification.

Two stones, weighing about 10 pounds each, were attached to the bundles. They were discolored from being in the water for a long time, and were undoubtedly taken from near the shore, where there is much refuse, by whoever tried to dispose of the remains.

All the articles which might assist in any way in the ferreting out of the crime were taken charge of by the police. The arms and trunk are still missing, although a persistent search was kept up in the vicinity of the place of the finding of the other portions of the body.

All sorts of theories are afloat, but not the slightest clue has been obtained, nor has there been anyone reported to the police as missing. The place where the dismembered parts were found is a very lonely spot, and may be approached at night with little fear of detection. The dentists of the city have been asked to examine the teeth to see if any of them could recognize the work which might assist in the identification.

BASE BALL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—The Philadelphias were never in yesterday's game. The Bostons played all the points, making everything count, and

WILLIAM W. HAMILTON.

winning easily. Hamilton's batting and base running were the features Attendance, 3135. Score:

Philadelphias.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Cooley, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	1
Douglass, 1 b.	3	0	0	7	0	1
Delehanty, l. f.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Lajoie, 2 b.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Flick, r. f.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Lauder, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	0	1
McFarland, c.	4	0	2	3	2	0
Orous, s. s.	4	0	0	3	2	1
Platt, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	28	1	5	24	11	4

Bostons.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	4	3	3	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	0	4	2	0
Collins, 3 b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	1	3	1	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Lewis, p.	3	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	32	7	7	24	9	0

Philadelphias	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1
Bostons	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	1	—7

Game called on account of darkness.

Earned run—Bostons, 1. Two-base hits—Delehanty, Hamilton, Bergen Sacrifice hits—Douglass, Lauder, Lewis Stolen bases—Hamilton, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphias, 7; Bostons, 7. Struck out—By Platt, 3; by Lewis, 2 Passed ball—McFarland, 1. Umpires—Gaffney and Smith. Time—2:20.

Inability to hit Hart and two errors by Dahlen defeated the Chicagoes in Pittsburg. Katall pitched a good game for the westerners, but allowed the Pittsburgs to bunch hits in the sixth.

The Baltimore club forgot how to bat Mercer at critical stages of yesterday's game, and the senators earned their victory by clean and fast work.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

PASSENGER TRAIN'S PLUNGE.

Texarkana, Tex., Sept. 13.—A passenger train on the Texas and Pacific railroad, consisting of an engine and four coaches, plunged through a bridge 12 miles south of Texarkana yesterday. One of the passengers was killed, and a number of others more or less seriously injured. Heavy rains have been falling for 36 hours. All streams are out of their banks, and much damage has been done. Washouts are reported on all railroads. The bridge had been weakened by the rain. The wreck was complete, car piling upon car in a mass of debris and wreckage.

THREATENED WITH DEATH.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 13.—According to advices received here from Barbadoes since the death of Mr. Pile, speaker of the house of assembly, Sept. 2, from the effects of the recent attempt to assassinate him, the governor and five public officials have been anonymously warned that a similar fate has been decreed for them, as a reward for their oppression." The worst feature of the Pile tragedy is that the government reward of $500 for information regarding the conspirators fails to induce their betrayal.

LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 13.—The fire in Jerome was one of the greatest calamities in the loss of life and destruction of property that ever occurred in Arizona. Among those who lost their lives are the following: Mexican woman and her two children; Wilford, an undertaker; a dry-goods clerk, name unknown; two laborers, names unknown. The number of missing is placed at 15.

Many people familiar with Jerome place the property loss at figures ranging from half to three quarters of a million dollars. There was but little insurance, the aggregate being less than $50,000. The loss is complete, it being stated that not even the commonest articles of use were saved. Much merchandise and other valuable goods were removed to places on the hillside, but the heat became so intense that nearly everything was destroyed in the end.

TWO BUILDINGS BURNED.

Salisbury, N. H., Sept. 13.—Hotel Chapman, patronized largely by summer guests, and the store of J. W. Little were burned to the ground yesterday afternoon. The fire was discovered on the third floor of the hotel, having evidently been caused by a defective chimney. The building burned rapidly, and the fire soon communicated with the store of Little, in which the postoffice was located. All the mail matter and most of the goods in the store were saved, and about two-third of the furniture of the hotel. The hotel was erected at a cost of $7200, and it is understood that all the losses are covered by insurance.

COULD NOT GO AWAY.

How a Little Woman with a Family Survived the Hot Summer.

She Managed to Keep Cool.

The Way She Did It Interesting, Others Should Follow Her Example.

I was talking the other day to a friend of mine, one of those energetic bright women who is always busy. She is the mother of quite a little family and her hands are more than full, for unfortunately their means are not such as to make the ordinary necessities of life any too easy to procure.

With a small bank account and a growing family it is pretty hard to get away for the summer and here is a case where my friend devised a way of keeping happy, cool and well in her own home, during the hot months.

When I asked her how she managed to always look so cool and kept so well, she said, "I lay it all to Moxie, the most delicious beverage that ever was made, and also I think the most healthful."

Then she went on to explain how regularly each week the grocer left a case of Moxie at the house. "Why," she said, "every one of us from the baby up simply love it, and I find that it does not upset the children's stomachs. A little of it seems to go a long way, as far as quenching thirst is concerned, so that none of us now are ruining our digestion by over-drinking.

Then again, Moxie is really and truly a nerve food. Our doctor explained this to me and told me how it nourishes the nervous system, just the same way as other kinds of food nourish other parts of the body. I know he is right, for since I have been drinking Moxie I have had no more nervousness, and those awful nervous headaches which I used to have, have entirely disappeared.

Now we all sleep sound and our appetites are splendid. This excuse of its being too hot to eat is all nonsense. If you will but do the way we do, and drink Moxie during the summer, you will see how easy it is to keep cool and well during the most trying heat.

TOURING THE WORLD.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 13—The Royal steamship Empress of China, has sailed for Hong Kong and Yokohama. Among her passengers was Thomas Bailey Aldrich of Boston, who, with his family, is making a trip around the world. Aldrich will spend a month or two in Japan before he returns. He will also penetrate the heart of India.

James F. Ecelmer, a manager of the Pacific Cable Co. of New York, is going to Japan to try and secure a bonus for the cable. He says capital has been guaranteed for the cable from San Francisco to Australia. Emerson Bainbridge, M. P., chairman of the Lancashire, Derbyshire and East Coast railway and Sheffield railway, was another passenger.

SOLDIERS TRIED

BY COURT MARTIAL AND MANY CONVICTED.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 13—The judge advocate of the independent division of troops stationed here reports regarding the trials of men by court martial that a total of 731 cases have been tried here since the troops came and of this number only 58 were acquitted. Six of those acquitted were regulars. There was only 13 serious cases and only four of these were regulars.

OFFICIALS DISAPPOINTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 13.—Whether or not a blunder was made by the officials at Montauk in sending only a few of Massachusetts men on the hospital ship Relief which arrived today is exercising the minds of the state officials and the officers of the Volunteer Aid association. It was generally understood that there was somewhere in the neighborhood of 120 Massachusetts men at Montauk, who were ready to leave and who would be included in the 250 that the state had offered to take into its hospitals here.

Gov. Wolcott was disappointed and somewhat surprised by the thought that some of the Massachusetts men were not able to stand the effects of such a journey. This was in part verified during the morning by a statement by Assistant Surgeon General Forwood, U.S.A., to Surgeon General Blood, M.V.M, in which he states that a few of the Massachusetts men were unavoidably detained but they would be sent to Boston by the Red Cross and that he would notify Surgeon-General Blood at the time of sailing.

Good coal, prompt delivery, good service guaranteed by Hoarke & Sullivan 223 Central street, 934 Gorham street.

BUGGY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Winchester, Va., Sept. 13.—A buggy, in which were Laura Dollinger, her sister and George Sisler, was struck by a freight train, and the two young women were killed. Sisler was badly injured.

Pass The

FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT

to the guest with a dainty appetite; pass them to the invalid who needs nourishment; pass them to any one at any time; with salad, soup or chowder they are sure to prove most acceptable because they are the most delicious biscuit ever baked. Sold everywhere with the word "Favorite" on every biscuit. Baked in the best bakery in New England.

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.

DEWEY SAYS The Filipinos Can't be Trusted.

Interview With Aguinaldo—Incident That Nearly Precipitated an Attack—Reply to Spain's Protest—Parade of Troops Abandoned—Camp Wikoff to be Abandoned.

Manila, Sept.13.—Rear Admiral Dewey considers the situation critical. It is understood he has asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship.

The correspondent of the Associated Press has had an interview with Aguinaldo, who said there were 67,000 insurgents armed with rifles. He added he could raise 100,000 men. Indeed, the insurgent leader pointed out, the whole population of the Philippine islands was willing to fight for their independence. Continuing, he said he had 9000 military prisoners, including 6000 in the vicinity of Manila, besides civil prisoners. Later Aguinaldo said the "provisional government" was now operating 28 provinces. He asserted that on Aug. 2 they elected delegates in number proportionate to the population. As to the Americans, Aguinaldo remarked that he considered them as brothers and that "the two sovereign republics were allied against a common enemy."

When questioned as to whether the future Filipino policy would be absolute independence, Aguinaldo excused himself from replying and asked what America intended to do. The correspondent being unable to answer this question, Aguinaldo continued: "We have been fighting for independence for a long time. The natives who profess to favor annexation are insincere. It is merely a ruse to ascertain American views."

Asked if the Filipinos would object to the retention of Manila, the general declined to answer.

Would the Filipinos object to America retaining a coaling station, if recognizing the independence of the islands or establishing a temporary protectorate over them? Aguinaldo again declined to answer. Pending the conclusion of the assembly, Aguinaldo said, he was confident there would be no trouble between America and the Filipinos.

The insurgents' leader denied having received a request from General Otis and Rear Admiral Dewey to withdraw his troops to a prescribed distance from Manila and Cavite, and he declined to discuss the effect of such a request. He further asserted that he had never conferred with the American authorities since the capitulation of Manila, and that he had never authorized the insurgents to search or disarm Americans crossing the lines.

The correspondent closely questioned him about last Saturday's incident when the Pennsylvania troops proceeded to establish a new outpost. The Filipinos objected and nearly precipitated hostilities, ordering the Americans to withdraw in 20 minutes. They issued ammunition and intercepted the American reinforcements. Finally General Hale ordered all the Pennsylvanians to advance, and the rebels withdrew. The local governor has explained that the incident was a complete mistake and has repudiated his subordinates' action. Aguinaldo declared to this correspondent that the Filipino who made the trouble merely pretended to be an officer, and is entirely unconnected with the insurgent army. Aguinaldo complained that the Spaniards were "disseminating false reports for the purpose of fomenting antagonism between the Filipinos and the Americans."

The whole interview conveyed the impression that Aguinaldo desires absolute independence, regards the mission of the Americans here as accomplished and expects their withdrawal, "just as the French, with Lafayette, withdrew after helping the Americans in the war of independence, a war of humanity." Just now Aguinaldo maintains the role of extreme friendship.

REPLY TO SPAIN'S PROTEST.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A Madrid dispatch in regard to the American reply to the Spanish note, protesting against hostilities on the part of the insurgents of the Philippine islands, was shown to the first secretary of the French embassy yesterday. He said that as Ambassador Cambon was absent from Washington for several weeks, the reply was not sent by him personally. If such a reply had been made, it would have gone through the hands of the first secretary, but he declined positively to say whether or not he had forwarded a message of such a character.

The officials of the state department also refused to make known the nature of the communications exchanged between the two governments regarding the matter. It is known, however, that in response to urgent appeals from the Spanish government to protect the Spaniards living in the Philippines from the insurgents during the continuance of the truce now in force, General Otis was instructed to use his influence with the insurgent leaders to cause them to stop active hostilities for the time. Touching the departure from Manila of insurgent parties on ships to carry the revolution among other islands of the group, it is learned that such expeditions have not been sent out since the signature of the protocol, and the incident which formed the basis of the Spanish representations on the subject happened sometime ago when it was warranted.

EACH TO HAVE A CONTRACT.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The navy department has arrived at what it regards as a fair and satisfactory settlement of the question of awarding the contracts for the construction of the three battleships. Upon examination of the plans submitted by the bidders, it was found that the only thoroughly satisfactory one was that submitted by Cramp, who had simply taken the alternate plans suggested by the navy department, which amounted to lengthening the hull of the ships from 15 to 25 feet, in order to gain room for the more powerful engines required to drive the ship at a speed of 13½ knots, instead of 16 knots, as at first proposed. After considering the subject in all aspects, the board of naval bureau chiefs has hit upon a solution of the question. It has invited the Newport News company and the Union Iron works to amend their plans so as to make their ships identical with that proposed by Cramp.

DENBY FAVORS POSSESSION.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Charles Denby, former minister of the United States to China, paid his respects to the president Monday. In answer to inquiries, he said that in his judgment the United States should retain permanent possession of all or practically all of the Philippine islands. To surrender them to Spain would be only to invite a controversy, and possibly war, among the European nations for their possession. If the United States is to make an effort to secure any considerable portion of the markets of the far east, the Philippines would be of very great advantage to us.

COLONEL CHARLES DENBY.

Mr. Denby thought that the eastern question had been practically settled, for the present at least. He did not believe that there was anything in the situation to justify the expectation of a partition of China among the powers. Russia had already secured territorial concessions which completely satisfied all her desires in that particular direction, and as trade and trade facilities were the only objects of English and German concern in China, he saw no good reason why they should desire her dismemberment. In any event Mr. Denby said he did not look for any immediate change in the present status.

ABANDONED THE PARADE.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The plan of having a parade in New York of the troops returning from Porto Rico and those at Montauk Point has been definitely abandoned. This is the result of conferences on the subject between the president and General Miles, and of consultations with army officers at New York and Camp Wikoff.

TWO WINTER HOSPITALS.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Interesting details of the plans of the war department for the establishment of two large and well equipped winter hospitals for the troops were furnished by Surgeon General Sternberg yesterday. He said the medical department for sometime had been at work erecting such a hospital on the government reservation at Fort Monroe. There is already at the fort a tent hospital in excellent shape, capable of accommodating 500 patients. The new hospital is intended for the reception of sick soldiers returning from Porto Rico.

Looking ahead to the possibility of an extended occupancy of Cuban ports by the army, with the resulting requirements upon the medical department for the care of the sick, Dr. Sternberg is planning for another hospital on even a larger scale at some of the southern ports below Fortress Monroe and more accessible from Cuba. The impression prevails that the hospital will be located either in Charleston or Savannah.

"FROM MY OWN ORDERS."

Detroit, Sept. 13.—Concerning reports from Camp Wikoff that the camp is preparing to break up under peremptory new orders from General Miles, Secretary Alger said: "There is nothing new in that. Camp Wikoff from the first was merely intended as a detention camp. The purpose from the first has been to get the soldiers away from there as soon as posible. No change in purpose is indicated by these dispatches from my own orders given before I left Washington."

INSURGENTS LOSE VESSELS.

Madrid, Sept.13.—Captain Aunon, minister of marine, received an important dispatch from the Philippines, describing a conflict between the Spanish gunboats and an insurgent flotilla, in which the former successfully prevented an insurgent landing in the Visayas. According to the dispatch, the insurgents had five vessels, all of which were sunk. The Spaniards had no loss, but the telegrams assert that hundreds of the insurgents are believed to have perished.

HONORED THEIR GOVERNOR.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 13.—The First regiment of volunteers, New Hampshire's quota in men to uphold the country's flag, went through yesterday what was probably its last dress ceremony before it is finally mustered out of service, the occasion being a grand review complimentary to Governor Ramsdell. The regiment as it passed in review was a revelation. It swung along with the precision of regulars and showed far different organization from that which the governor reviewed last May. As the colors came in front of the reviewing party the bands of music ceased and the trumpets played "To the colors," a ceremony in the tactics heretofore overlooked by the state militia.

CROPS MATURED RAPIDLY.

Boston, Sept. 13.—Crops of all kinds have matured rapidly. The showers serve to keep the meadows and pastures green. The warm, clear weather of the first days of last week was favorable to growing crops, and the cooler weather at the close helped to mature corn, grain, colored the fruit, and favored farm work generally. Light to killing frost occurred on the mornings of the 10th, 11th and 12th, though damage resulted in but few sections. In the vicinity of Northfield, Vt., vines, tender vegetation and corn-fodder were injured to a considerable extent. A portion of the corn crop in many sections of the district is still subject to injury. Excepting corn, crops are now generally secured. Fall feed is still plentiful, and the winter season at present promises to begin under most favorable conditions.

Seeding in many instances is completed, and is nearing the end for the entire district. It has been favored by good weather. Corn is being secured; with few exceptions the crop is the largest of recent years. Many silos have been filled with good crops; this work will soon be finished. Buckwheat is mostly harvested; the crop is considered excellent.

Grass continues in excellent condition in most sections. Pastures and meadows are green. Considerable hay (second crop) was secured during the week. In some sections the barns are full to overflowing, and many acres of grass will not be cut.

Apples are coloring rapidly, earlier than usual in places. Wind has caused dropping. Fall berries are in sufficient supply. Cranberry picking has begun, though little has yet been done; all report a light crop of good fruit. Pears and plums are in fair supply. Grapes are ripening.

Tomatoes have ripened rapidly in most sections, and the supply is abundant. Potato digging is in progress throughout the district; the crop is uneven, though the yield, it is believed, will fully equal the average. While the complaint of rot is widespread, great loss will result in but few sections. The warm, moist weather has not favored cabbage, lima beans and cauliflower.

Tobacco is about secured, and is curing well, although the warm days were not favorable. The crop exceeds the average in quantity, and is of good quality.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is stated officially that Colonel Charles F. Woodward, late colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteers, has applied for his old post as colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer militia.

The post hospital at the Washington barracks, the Sternberg and Sanger field hospitals at Chickamauga park, and the military hospitals at Ponce, Porto Rico, have been designated as general hospitals, and are placed under the exclusive control of the surgeon general of the army.

The International Silver company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital not to exceed $30,000,000, has made an offer for the stock of the Meriden, Conn., concerns. This contemplates the combination under one head of nearly 20 of the largest silver and silverplateware concerns in the country.

The caucus which it is customary to hold in Concord on the night before the state convention of New Hampshire Republicans was much livelier than usual. Senator Chandler and Ex-Governor Busiel opposed the appointment by the caucus of a committee on resolutions, urging that it should be done by the convention. They were beaten, 248 to 9.

KILLED A BABY.

Indianapolis, Sept. 13.—While Mrs. Cornelius Driscoll of this city was attending the funeral of Howard Lansing, her cousin, who was murdered Saturday night by George White, her 5-year-old daughter picked up a rifle to amuse her 4-months-old brother, who was crying. In some manner the gun was discharged. The bullet struck the baby in the forehead, causing instant death.

ROBBERS WELL REWARDED.

Bennington, Sept. 13.—The Richmond store at Hoosick was entered by burglars Sunday night, and the safe was blown open. The booty was $312 in cash, a diamond ring, and a number of valuable papers.

Private James S. Drumm, Company M, Ninth Massachusetts of Lowell, is the guest of Earl Thompson, 127 East Hollis street, Nashua.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady canvassers; $8 per week salary. Call at 24 Middlesex street, room 6, from 9 to 12 a. m., 4 to 6 p. m.

WANTED—A table girl. Inquire at 270 Chelmsford Street, Lincoln Square Dining Rooms.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 85.

WANTED—A good man to go into partnership with F. L. Wyeth in the Custom Shirt business. Mr. Wyeth to furnish said partner with shirts made in any style and length to please partner, and to deliver the same within one month. The partner agreeing to pay $1.00 or more each, according to quality, and to wear out said shirt promptly, so Wyeth can make him more. Address F. L. Wyeth, Lowell, or telephone clerk at office.

WANTED—Five kitchen girls at the Central Employment office, 225 Gorham street, R. A. Hoyle.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 53, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $150 a week. 81 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—At once, agent to sell home grown nursery stock. For terms address Southworth Bros., Beverly, Mass.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleaned or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 181 Merrimack street.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lewis Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 347 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 166 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 104 Central street.

WANT NOONAN'S—Yes, you who Noonan's Unsure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. F. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Down, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Hoody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Strayed or stolen brindle and white dog, name and license number on collar. Reward at 302 Broadway.

LOST—At Lakeview Sunday afternoon a pocketbook containing a sum of money and two notes was taken from a lady's pocket. If the person will return notes no questions will be asked and reward will be given. Doucios Studio, 20 Central street.

LOST—On Friday a pocketbook containing a sum of money. Reward. Samuel Gordon, 71 Railroad street.

TO LET.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank Building, 145 Merrimack Street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rates moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 263 Fayette street.

HORSE TO LET—9 Hillie street.

TENEMENT TO LET—Half a house, seven rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar, large yard at 81 Sargeant street. Terms easy, $16 per month. Inquire 83 Sargeant street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gavonis.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 571-2.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL,
young men for war, and Dows' Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, insuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 38 Central Street.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Shop, Carriages, Delivery Wagons, Bicycle, Mill, Stable and Street Use.
Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed furnished. Lantern Globes, white, red or blue.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

CALL at 250 Market street to buy or sell second hand furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ready's boiler shop, Fay street. Inquire of J. H. Butman, 1 Coral street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under surry and Stanhope in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 49 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair buildings, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street, 1st bell.

FOR SALE—The R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 50x80, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100. Also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1123 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

NOTICE—I have six different kinds of stamps for cancelling Internal Revenue Stamps, also everything in the rubber stamp line. J. M. Fellows, 156 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out
and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 395 Middlesex street, where you can save money by having your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very slightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1500. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
SHARON HOUSE
Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1, to Oct. 1.
B. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 461-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

2 MONEY SAVERS 2
1 lot of Little Boys' Russet Lace Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, regular price $1.00, our price, 85c. a Pair.
1 lot of Misses' Chocolate Color Lace Spring Heel Shoes, regular $1.50 values, to close out $1.00 a Pair.
The above Shoes are reasonable and will give entire satisfaction as to fit and wear. The changing of shades for each season compels us to suffer a loss rather than carry them over.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

JUST TRY US.
When you find that your carriage is showing the need of repairs. We are the expert carriage repairers of Lowell, and give to every job the careful attention which has made the name of SAWYER stand for the BEST when used in connection with
CARRIAGE REPAIRS OR CARRIAGE BUILDING.
We will call and get your vehicle if you will send a card asking us to do so.
SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

We owe an apology to our patrons for the delay in announcing our Great Special Sale of the E. C. Wescott Co. stock which we recently purchased at auction. The stock was so large and varied that it has taken us much longer to get it in readiness than we anticipated, but we are pleased to say that we shall have it ready next week and will announce full particulars as early as possible. Meanwhile we shall offer a

GREAT BARGAIN
IN SLIGHTLY DAMAGED
Lace Curtains
Thursday Morning, Sept. 15.

The entire stock of LACE CURTAINS that were slightly damaged by the recent fire in the stock room of the Glasgow Manufacturing Co., Boston, have been purchased by us and will be placed on sale

Thursday Morning Next
At 8 O'Clock.

The Glasgow Co. are large Importers and these curtains were all new and handsome designs of this season's importation. The damage was largely by water and smoke and confined principally to the outside wrappers, the curtains themselves being injured only by a slight odor of smoke which is fast disappearing. They represent Irish Point, Brussels, Fish Net, Nottingham, Tambour and other desirable grades.

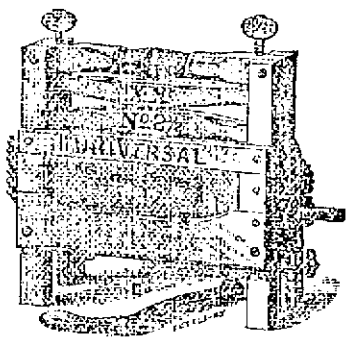
This special sale will take place in our wide centre aisle, Palmer street, which will afford plenty of room for the large display as well as prompt attention to customers.

We closed the entire lot at a mere nominal price a few hours after the insurance underwriters had adjusted the loss and shall offer them at unprecedented low prices, being less than one-half the cost of importation.

Sale to commence Thursday morning. Call early and secure the best selection.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

WRINGERS $1.48 and Upwards.



We have all the leading makes. Our ball bearing Wringer is the easiest turning Wringer in the world.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 26, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

IF TEXAS HAD SEVENTY MILLION PEOPLE--

It Would Have Only the Density of Population of Our New Colony, Porto Rico.

While it is undoubtedly true that an enormous amount of development of one sort and another is possible in every one of the island colonies which yesterday were Spain's but to-day are ours, if anybody's, it is also true that there is much misapprehension regarding them.

For instance, there has been a great deal of talk about the undeveloped agricultural resources of Porto Rico, and more than one ordinarily level-headed American has dreamed dreams of fortunes to be made there by raising certain crops. But these dreams are generally regarded as delusive by the well informed, for Porto Rico is already over-cultivated, if anything. Certainly her soil is far more assiduously tended than that of any state in this Union. There may be some sections in a few of the older states that have reached a grade of agricultural development approaching that of Porto Rico, but they are few and small. And there is no comparison whatever between the high state of cultivation attained there and the agricultural development of the greater part of the available farming land in this country.

This statement is made primarily on the evidence of travellers in Porto Rico who speak with wonder of the thorough subjugation of the soil there, but it need not rest on their evidence alone. It is fully borne out by figures, which sometimes lie, but are perfectly trustworthy in this instance. Porto Rico, with an area of only 3,550 square miles, less than one-thirteenth the area of the state of New York, has a population of about 800,000, or 225 to the square mile, and most of this population is agricultural at that. The United States, with an area of 3,500,000 square miles, has a population of about 74,500,000, or only 21 to the square mile, a much larger proportion living in cities and towns than is the case in Porto Rico.

There are, in truth, only two states in our Union that support a larger population to the square mile than Porto Rico. These are Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Massachusetts, with an area of 8,315 square miles, has a population of 2,238,943, or 269 to the square mile. Little Rhode Island, with 1,250 square miles, has 345,506, or 276 to the square mile. But neither of these states is chiefly agricultural—in fact the bulk of the population in both is supported by the mills and factories in the cities and towns. The farms of neither Massachusetts nor Rhode Island are cultivated with anything like the care bestowed upon the Porto Rican acres, nor will they be until the United States is desperately crowded, much more desperately, perhaps, than it will be in the lifetime of anyone who reads this article.

No state besides these two approaches Porto Rico in density of population. New Jersey, largely a manufacturing and suburban community, supports 184 persons to the square mile; Connecticut, chiefly by manufactures, supports 149 to the square mile; New York supports 132, vastly more than half by commercial and manufacturing enterprises, and Pennsylvania, with the third largest city in the Union, and her myriads of miners, 116.

These figures are enough to show that the enterprising American, desirous of winning wealth by agricultural pursuits, would find far more room for his ambitions in some of the most thickly populated states of the Union than in Porto Rico, to say nothing of California, with its vast territory, embracing 158,360 square miles, whereon dwell about 1,300,000 souls, or eight to the square mile; or Texas, extending over 265,780, with 2,236,000 inhabitants and about the same density. There is, in fact, a better chance for agricultural expansion in Michigan or Missouri, or Illinois or Indiana or any other state in the country except those which are too arid or too mountainous to cultivate profitably.

It is a little different with Cuba, and yet the population of that fair island, though not to be compared as to density with that of Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey or Connecticut, is still greater than that of the United States as a whole. Before the beginning of the insurrection, which was followed by the Spanish-American war, Cuba had a population of more than 1,500,000, which was supported on 43,220 square miles, or about 34 to the mile. Allowing for all probable decrease, Cuba must still contain 1,000,000 souls.

This, however, is by no means dense enough to preclude a great degree of agricultural expansion, especially as the soil of Cuba is wondrously productive; there is no arid area and nearly every square foot of territory can be cultivated. Aside from climatic drawbacks, Cuba should, and, in spite of them probably will, furnish a field for the agricultural exploitation of much American capital. It is within the knowledge of the writer that the promoters of at least half a dozen schemes of this sort are now endeavoring to float stock and bonds in New York to carry them on. Some who invest will probably make money, but there isn't the slightest doubt that others—particularly among those who make primary investments, will lose their funds with neatness and dispatch.

Still another sort of condition exists in the Philippines, where with an area of 114,326 square miles, the population is about 9,500,000, or 83 to the square mile.

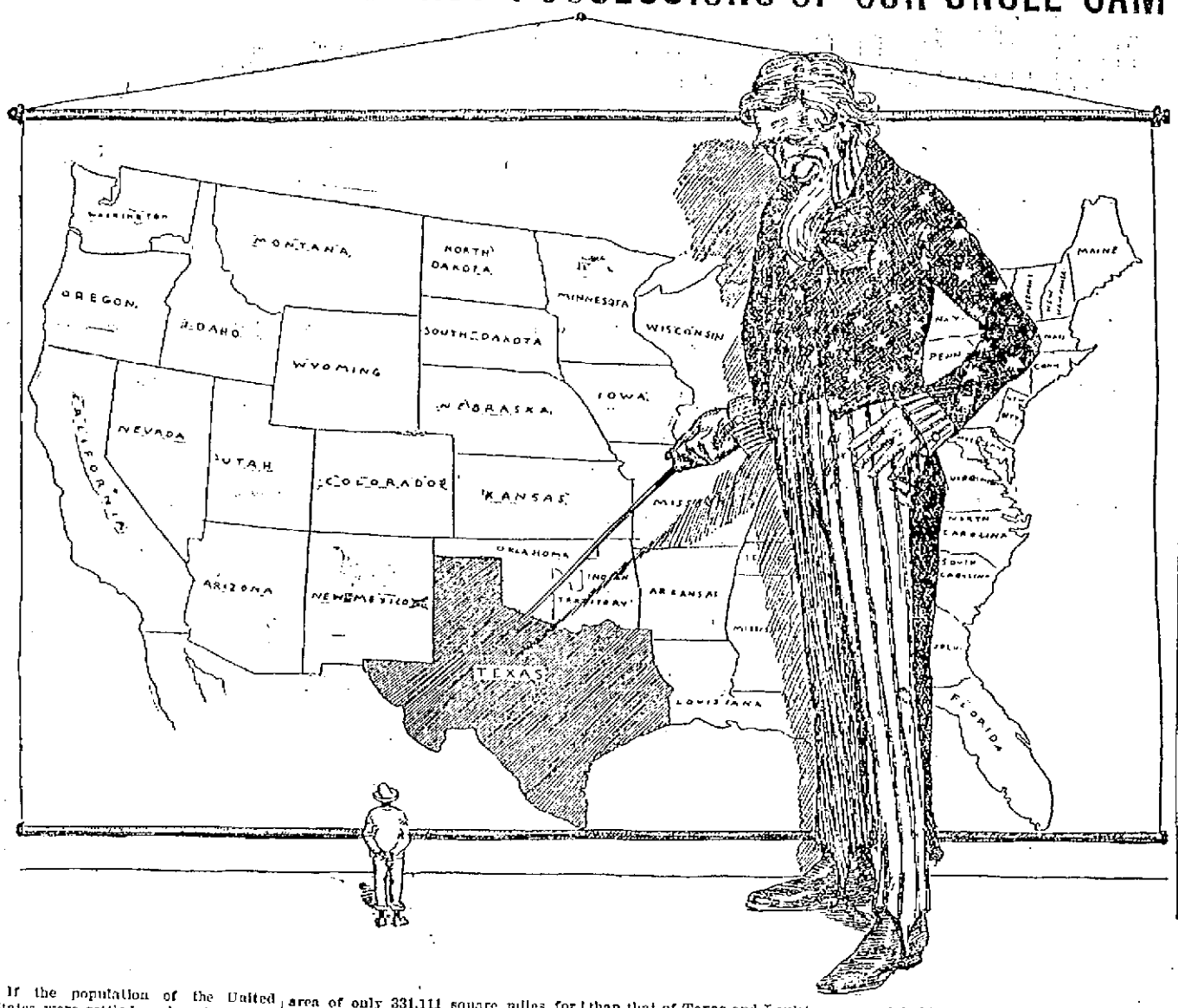
This is really denser than it seems, since the proportion of arable acres in that group of oriental islands is much smaller than in either Cuba or Porto Rico. The density in the Philippines is almost the same as in Delaware, where the area is 2,050 square miles and the population 168,493, or about 82 to the mile. Yet, should the Philippines finally fall under our dominion, there will undoubtedly be some cultivation of their soil by American capital, though it is highly improbable that laborers from America or any other country of a temperate climate can be employed on the plantations because of the climate.

The same will undoubtedly hold good with regard to the West Indian islands. Thus, while American capital may be profitably employed in the agricultural development and surely will find a place in the commercial development of the Spanish islands, they will afford little or no outlet for the surplus labor of this country. American managers will undoubtedly direct whatever American enterprises are established in any of the islands and a few Americans may find employment as clerks, but even they will be few, since men of native birth, who can stand the climate better, may be hired for smaller wages in both Cuba and Porto Rico than Americans would demand, while in the Philippines the Chinese—in some respects the finest clerks in the world—may be had for stipends that would seem pitiful to the most modest occidental. But this is trenching on a problem which is sure to be taken up by the labor organizations of the country and over which more than one pitched political battle is certain to be fought.

The total population of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines is 11,800,000, or a little more than one-seventh as large as the population of the United States and almost identical with that of New England and the State of New York combined. The population of the Philippines is about once and a half as large as that of New York.

The total area of the Spanish islands is 161,000 square miles, about one-twenty-second of the area of the United States, which is 3,602,990 square miles, a little more than the area of California, while the entire Philippine archipelago, with Cuba and Porto Rico crowded alongside, would have ample room in a sea as big as Texas, with more than 100,000 square miles to spare for water space.

ONLY A DROP IN THE VAST POSSESSIONS OF OUR UNCLE SAM



If the population of the United States were settled as densely as that of Porto Rico, it would require an area of only 331,111 square miles for its support, or about twice the territory of all the islands and a little more than that of Texas and Louisiana combined. Were the entire United States peopled as densely as Porto Rico its inhabitants would number 810,672,750, or more than twice the vast population of China.

PORTO RICO'S "NIGHTINGALE OF THE HILLS."

Lola Rodriquez de Tio, Whose Songs Have Added Fuel to the Freedom-Forging Flames.

Lola Rodriquez de Tio is a woman with three reputations, each of them excellent and extraordinary. She ranks high among the world's conchologists, as a poetess she is read with keen emotion and delight wherever the Spanish language is understood, and as a public speaker she is one of the leaders of Porto Rican thought. An exile from her native island of Porto Rico, and a refugee from Cuba, whence she fled from the wrath of Weyler with her husband, also an exile, some time before the butcher was recalled, she is living now in New York city, with Signor Tio and their daughter, a graduate in philosophy of the University of Havana. The Tio home is a charming center of the intellectual life of the Porto Rican colony and affords an admirable illustration of the hospitality for which Porto Rico is so famous. There the poetess holds court, and with her husband, formerly the editor of those outspoken papers, La Razon and La Patria, debates before her friends upon the future of the island they love so fondly.

Signora Tio, "the nightingale of the hills," as the Porto Ricans call her, was born in the Villa de las Lomas, San Yerman, in September, 1851. Her grandmother had been a writer of distinction and an admirable linguist. Her father was a doctor of laws, a scholar and an eloquent advocate with practice extending over the whole island. His example was her inheritance. She learned unconsciously from him to speak directly and agreeably and to write gracefully. He was an autonomist, though at that time the government of Porto Rico forbade the use of that word by any political party on the island, saying it was only a synonym for Separatist. The daughter took kindly to her father's ideas, and when hardly in her teens was an out and out Separatist. She wrote many popular songs and ballads full of the spirit of freedom. These had a wide circulation and were the lullabys of many a Porto Rican household.

Dr. Nalverde, a political exile from San Domingo, and a friend of Signor Rodriguez, interested himself in the girl's education, being attracted by her gift of poesy, and instructed her in the Spanish classical style. She was an apt scholar and soon composed verse that attracted attention throughout the Spanish West Indies and even in Spain. In 1873, the year that saw the end of slavery in Porto Rico, Lola Rodriguez, then just 22 year old, made an address at the graduation exercises of the college in Mayaguez. She was the first woman in the island to speak publicly before an audience. It was a time of much political excitement. Porto Ricans were eager for reform. They wished Spain to separate the military and civil departments of the government. They were willing, they said, to have a captain general, but let him confine himself to military affairs exclusively and let another man hold the chief civil office. They wished also to elect their own provincial governors, instead of having them sent over by Spain, who appointed them not because of their fitness, but because she wished them out of the way. These worthy Spanish appointees shed tears on leaving their beloved Spain, but swore upon their honor to return again as soon as they had stolen enough to pay their debts. Another thing the native Porto Ricans wished was freedom of the press. The captain general's regulations demanded that at least four hours before any paper was issued the proof sheets should be sent to the censor for approval. His blue pencil was a judgment against which there was no appeal.

The signorita spoke eloquently, though guardedly of all these things. She besought Spain to give a mother's love to her child, far from her, almost hidden in the bosom of the sea, and she prayed that the child should show herself worthy of such love and deserving of perfect trust. The grace of the speaker's manner, the beauty of her language, won all hearts, and the brave words she spoke wrought her audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. In a day she had added to her fame throughout the island. She was poetess and prophetess in one. Her college address was the beginning of an active propaganda in Porto Rico that ended only when she and her husband were offered their choice between jail and the wide, wide world.

La Razon and La Patria were suppressed, but the words of the patriot editor remained in the minds of the people. Even a captain general cannot imprison an idea. Nor could the ballads and poems of the sweet singer of the hills be exiled. The first volume, "Mes Cantares," appeared in 1876, and soon was in every book stall in Mexico, Central America, South America, the West Indies and even in Spain. A second volume appeared in Caracas, Venezuela, in 1878, followed by "Mis Poesias" in 1880, and "Mi Libro de Cuba" in 1892. In Caracas a warm friendship sprang up between the Tios and Professor Hostos, who was then at the head of educational affairs in Venezuela. The Tios are enthusiastically expectant of good results from the professor's present mission to the island, whence he was banished many years ago. After two years in Caracas a new governor general came from Spain to Porto Rico and the poetess returned to her native island, where she and her husband continued the work they had done so much to promote in earlier years. In the meantime Signora Tio' poems were gaining fame for the authoress. An Italian critic known as Amicis, was adding to his reputation by translating them. Fusetenrath was calling them to the attention of the Germans and several French critics, among them Pierre Loti, were putting them into copy for the Parisian publishers. In Spain Mendez Pelayo, a member of the academy, a distinguished critic, called a meeting of his confreres, among whom were Pezuranda, Balayuer, Campillo and Lepoldo Alas, who sent a testimonial of congratulation to Signora Tio and a diamond brooch in the symbolic design of a harp. This is the proudest of her possessions. She wore it when she sat for the accompanying picture.

In 1887 Porto Rico was again too uncomfortable, owing to official persecutions, and the Tios came to New York, whence they soon went to Cuba. Then the poetess, who for some years had been gathering and classifying the shells of the Antilles as a recreation and diversion from her political and literary work, made the acquaintance of several eminent naturalists, who brought her to the notice of their friends in other parts of the world. She received many contributions from distant lands. One enthusiastic conchologist in the Philippines, no less a personage than the captain general himself, wrote that the interest her exquisite verse had awakened in him had been augmented intensely now that he learned from his esteemed friend, Carlos de la Torre, that the queen of verse had rare knowledge of shells as well as rythm. He begged her to accept a few specimens from the island of the Pacific. With the letter came a complete collection of the shells of the Philippine islands.

While the Tios were in Cuba Signorita Tio entered the University of Havana and in due course was graduated from that famous seat of learning with the degree of doctor of philosophy. Signor Tio was busy with his editorial work and the poetess carried on her propaganda against Spanish oppression. In 1892 her fourth volume of poems appeared and the Spanish speaking world accorded it a hearty welcome. The outbreak of the revolution gave much encouragement to the cause for which the Tios had dedicated their lives, but with the coming of Weyler they soon suffered a persecution compared to which their troubles in Porto Rico were mild indeed, and they were glad to escape with their lives.

A proposal has been made by a French chemist to obtain easily assimilable iron ionics from vegetables by feeding the plants judiciously with iron fertilisers.

Young lady (tailor-made): "Take my seat, please."

Old Lady (near-sighted, but grateful): "Thank you, sir. You are the only gentleman in the car."

LOLA RODRIQUEZ DE TIO, POETESS.

WHAT PORTO RICANS THINK OF SAGASTA.

Porto Ricans have a liking for Sagasta, though they detest the government of which he is the head. All things considered they have got along better under him than under any other Spanish premier. He granted them a large measure of the reforms they asked for and they are grateful, though they admit the granting was by no means voluntary, but was done reluctantly and under protest. Still the aged statesman has not many of the islanders, and all of them agree that personally he is charming. He is jolly and interesting and speaks frankly.

In this he differs from all other Spaniards in Madrid. There is nothing of the rhetorician about him; no flourishes of speech; no elaborate and ornate periods about the honor and dignity of the nation. He knows all about these two Spanish attributes; and he would rejoice to find they existed elsewhere than in the imaginations of the orators in the Cortes. As he does not find anything tangible about this honor and dignity, he accepts the condition and does the best he can. He worships the god of things as they are, and does not attempt to instil practical, hopeful common sense into minds unfitted to receive it. He does not urge the rhetoricians to move forward toward high ideals, but he lets them talk and manage them. That is the Porto Rican view.

Sagasta has done well for himself, but he has done more for Spain than any other minister of recent times. He has lived among pilferers and possibly is a pilferer himself, but his simple life and the commonplace lodgings he occupies on the first floor of an ordinary apartment house on the Plaza Celenque do not indicate that he has amassed great wealth.

He is almost the only Spaniard in official life that uses the word "steal." The others say "interfiltration," or "percolation." He will have none of the elaborate euphonistic vocabulary of the official class. He is as frank as Dean Swift and as keen in wit, but he has a suavity the Dean sorely lacked. He believes in himself and is sure he can do as well by Spain as any other man, consequently, as he loves power, he accepts office. When he is out he does not worry. Indeed, he has stepped out voluntarily several times. He used to see-saw gracefully with Canovas, and apparently was on the best understanding with his political opponent. The "up and down" scheme was carried on with courteous consideration.

Although Sagasta is a Grand Master of the order of Masons, he is the intimate friend of the high functionaries of the Roman Catholic church in Spain. This speaks volumes for his urbanity and tact. He has been a sort of grandpa to the boy king, and has won the confidence of the queen regent so that she trusts him implicitly. He was minister of state under Alfonso XII, under Marshal Serrano during his regency (1868-'70), under Amadeus of Aosta, the second son of Victor Emmanuel, who resigned in 1873, and under General Prim, who, in 1868, was president of the council, minister of war and commander-in-chief of the army, with the rank of marshal. Something in this reminds one of Talleyrand, who took care to stand well with whoever was in power, saying, in explanation that by so doing he could best serve France.

INTERESTING FACTS.

If Paul Jones in ghostly guise wanders around the warships of our new navy he must see many surprising accessories to the fighting and working forces as organized in his day. One novel and necessary addition to the crew of a warship of the present time is the submarine diver. The importance of this individual to the welfare of a warship has been amply shown during the recent operations against the Spanish fleets. Speed has been the most important point in the manoeuvring during the opening events of the war, and this has rendered it necessary for our ships to be in the best possible trim for fast work, as, owing to the lack of drydocks to enable us to clean the foul bottoms of our vessels when they come off a long voyage, it has been necessary to send divers down to do the work as best they could.

It has not been done well, but it has been the best kind of substitute that could be found for the proper article. The submarine divers are able only to scrape away the barnacles and seaweed, and even then they are so handicapped by the heaviness and unhandiness of their dress that it is impossible to do the work in any but a clumsy and incomplete way.

But, good or bad, the diver has become a necessary part of the ship's crew. Many warships carry one or more trained divers. He must be possessed of an exceptionally strong constitution, and above all without the slightest tendency to any heart trouble.

A clever adaptation of the principle of cataphoresis, by which medicines are driven through the skin to any part within the body by means of electrical currents, has been made in the decoration of leather. The zinc covered table on which the hide or skin is placed forms the positive pole for the generation of current. The fluid dyeing material is poured on this table, and the negative pole is then connected to the leather. The current stamps the required design on the immediate surface of the leather and carries the coloring matter within. Patterns may be made on the leather by covering it with an ordinary stencil system and connecting the plates to the negative pole.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.
Sun rises—5:23; sets, 5:56.
Moon rises—3.57 a. m.
High water—10 a. m.; 10:15 p. m.

No well-defined storm appeared on the chart last night, and the indications seemed favorable to a continuance of fair weather in New England through part and perhaps all of Wednesday. The warmer weather is moving east and will doubtless reach the eastern states by Wednesday or Thursday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WITH TEA.

We have received a new lot of Clothes Baskets one with a pound of 50-cent Tea. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

Stationery at bottom prices. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The water board met last night, but transacted only business of minor importance.

Have your steam boiler put in order before cold weather. Drop postal to E. J. Carroll & Co., 73 Middle street.

Alfred R. Kenedy and Edgar F. Cilley of this city, and Amos Fitzgerald of Hewlsbury left yesterday for Dartmouth college.

Walter H. Mason, teacher of pianoforte will resume his classes on and after Sept. 12, 1898. Residence, 838 Bridge street.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

A. F. Roach has transferred his liquor business from Crosby street to the corner of Palmer and Middle Sts. where none but the best ales and liquors will be kept. Give Andy a call.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The board of health was to have held a conference yesterday afternoon with Supt. True of the lands and buildings department with reference to the building of a contagious hospital, but owing to the absence of Supt. True the meeting was necessarily deferred.

MISS MILLER'S INJURY.

Miss Ruby Miller of 1134 Lawrence street, who was injured at Scripture's laundry Saturday, has now recovered. Her injuries were caused by slipping on a wet floor and striking on her elbow, not from an attack of hysteria, as erroneously reported.

THE LIVELY RUSSELL BOYS.

James S. Russell of Lowell, aged 91, has been visiting his brother, Dr. William L. Russell, of Barre, aged 99, and it is said that the boys had great fun while together. They had a rollicking game of croquet, then took a round or two at whist. Then for livelier diversion they scampered off to the old "sopsy" apple tree in the orchard the scene of many a youthful depredation in the past, raced up its wide-spreading branches and filled their pockets with red-streaked fruit. After that they concluded that a swim in the brook down in the meadow would be about the thing and after a lively gambol in the sparkling waters, they raced up to the barn for a frolic in the sweet-smelling hay mow. A tramp of about four miles after the cows during which the boys picked ten quarts of blackberries, a corn-roast in the evening, followed by a good, old-fashioned shakedown in the kitchen, and another round of whist, filled out a day long to be remembered by the Russell boys.—Athol Transcript.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

BY WEAVERS' UNION ON THE DEATH OF A MEMBER.

Resolutions on the death of Sister Annie Curley:

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to summon before His heavenly throne our esteemed friend and worthy member, Annie Curley, thus severing the many pleasant ties that bound us from our earliest acquaintance; be it therefore

Resolved, that while we bow in submission to an all wise Providence in removing from our midst a sister who by her many virtues had endeared herself to every member of our union; we, the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union, are filled with grief at the loss of a sister who was wise and fearless in counsel and ever foremost amongst her brethren in laboring to spread the principles that form the foundation of our union;

Resolved, that we tender our heartfelt sympathy to her husband and children in this, their hour of affliction. She was an exemplary wife, a prudent, faithful and loving mother, who was to them an able and worthy guide and protector, and we trust that God in His goodness will give to them strength and fortitude to enable them to sustain their loss and to look with hope to that future when those who were ever dear to each other in this transitory life will again meet and be forever united;

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be published in the local papers and placed upon our records as a token of the esteem in which our late sister, Annie Curley, was held by the members of the Lowell Weavers' Protective union.

Lizzie Carmon,
Nellie Donnelly,
Annie McMullen,
Committee on Resolutions.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 97 MERRIMACK ST.

THE FIGHT STOPPED

Erne-Lavigne Match Suppressed by Sheriff.

WOULD NOT ALLOW EVEN A SPARING EXHIBITION.

Jack Bonner Defeated Dan Creedon.

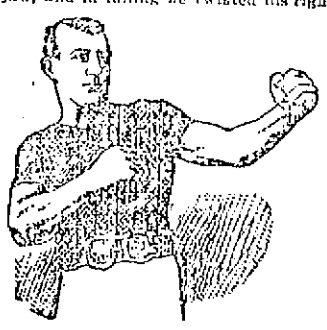
Cheektowaga, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Erne-Lavigne fight was declared off, the sheriff declining to permit the men to give even a sparring exhibition. The preliminary was also prevented by the sheriff, although he declined to make an arrest.

The spectators were greatly excited and roundly denounced the action of the sheriff, but no open act of violence was committed. A long and wordy wrangle between the sheriff and attorney then occurred, and after a long delay Beckwith and O'Donnell left the ring.

Secretary Wilson of the club was very bitter against the district attorney and sheriff, and hinted that the political influence of a New York fistic promoter was the cause of the contest being stopped. He said that he intended to go right ahead and would carry the matter to the highest courts in the state to establish the legality of the boxing, and he expressed himself as being satisfied that a verdict would be rendered in his favor.

CREEDON'S SPRAINED ANKLE.

New York, Sept. 13.—Jack Bonner, the middleweight pugilist from Summit, Pa., gained an easy victory over Dan Creedon, the Australian boxer, in the second round of their fight at the Greater New York Athletic club last night. Creedon was knocked down with a punch on the jaw, and in falling he twisted his right



DAN CREEDON.

ankle. He tried to regain his feet while the referee was counting off the seconds, but his ankle was too badly injured for him to stand up straight, and he fell again and was counted out. The doctor who attended the Australian found the ankle badly sprained.

BOXING GOSSIP.

The popular verdict regarding umpires is that they are a race of "robbers," "skins," and "thieves," or when honest a tribe of "lobsters," and "no goods." The pugilistic referee is in the same box. In the good old palmy days it was the custom to choose him at the ring side that the friend of either man might not have a chance to "get him" and corrupt him. With the advent of boxing clubs, "the professional referee," the man who is paid for his services, sprang into being. Macon was the first American who ever offered compensation to referee a fight. That was several years ago when the friends of Tommy Warren and Patsy O'Leary agreed on him as referee and offered him $100 and expenses from New York to Louisville, and return if he would serve. He declined the offer, partly because he was engaged in the newspaper business in the east and could not well leave his duties for a week, but mainly because he did not want to be paid dependent of fighters. In the old days a referee served for the love of sport. Now he wants to be paid for his services and well paid too.

In bringing off their fight at Buffalo Corbett and McCoy, win or lose stand to make a nice little sum of money out of it. A purse of $20,000 is hung up. Besides, the veriscope holds forth glittering visions of wealth. Both fighters are to share in this harvest of shekels if one is ever reaped. Neither sees the slightest reason why the reproduction of the coming battle should not equal in popularity the pictures of the Creedon affair.

As an instance of the success achieved by the Fitzsimmon veriscope it may be called to mind that a week's profit in Kansas City were $1,500.

If McCoy conquers the ex-pompadour his total financial returns will probably amount to $50,000 or over, for in addition to the veriscope percentage there will be scores of large and successful bets to his credit. The Kid always backs himself heavily.

John L. Sullivan while in New York the other night was asked:

"What do you think will be the outcome of the fight between Corbett and McCoy at Buffalo?"

"Fight? You mean the boxing match they have arranged. It ought to be worth seeing. But you ought to refer to it as a fight, for you know they won't stand for a prize fight in Buffalo so they say a sparring match. Yes, but not a prize fight. I'd rather not try to trip the winner.

"I telegraphed Corbett, extending my sympathy when he met with the loss of his parents and told him he could count upon me as his friends at any time. I meant it and will stick to it.

Bouts scheduled for the remainder of the week:

WEDNESDAY.

George Byers vs. Frank Childs, and Tony Drew vs. Jim Burroughs, Lenox A. C., New York.

THURSDAY.

Joe Brunner vs. Chick Crocker, Dayton.

Billy Ernst vs. Bobby Dobbs, Greenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

FRIDAY.

Bob Armstrong vs. Steve O'Donnell, Philadelphia.

Oscar Gardner vs. Jerry Marshall, Louisville.

SATURDAY.

Austin Rice vs. Patsy Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The ingenious father of an estimable young lady in Sheffield says Pearson's Weekly, recently rigged up a clever contrivance by which he discouraged a certain young man who had been accustomed to make love to his daughter. The old gentleman recently caught the young man and girl rather close together on the sofa. He read the girl a lecture, and made her promise not to let the young man sit beside her on the sofa again. He was suspicious and decided not to trust the girl's promise so he called in an electrician to carry out a little scheme of his. A contact plate was fitted just under the cushion of the sofa and another to the bottom of the frame in such a way that when the weight of two persons bore down on the top plate, it would touch the other and close the circuit. Wires were run from the place to the old man's bedroom, where as soon as the circuit would close, a small bell would ring. All this was done without the knowledge of the girl. The next night the young man called again and everything was as it should be until the old folks retired about 10 o'clock. About half an hour later the bell upstairs rang furiously. The old man sneaked downstairs and caught the lovers snuggled very close together on the sofa. The young man escaped with his life, fortunately, but the poor girl is locked up on a diet of bread and water.

The Sun delivery room assumed its winter lonesomeness again yesterday when the corps of newsboys returned to school to resume their studies. The only "nigger" was Mickey Neville who insisted that he was not playing "yuk" but only waiting for two o'clock. Hickey Donohue, the manager of the department, will not for some time tell first able to instruct second able to do some special "job of work."

PROMINENT RESIDENT.

EDWIN K. PARKHURST OF CHELMSFORD PASSES AWAY.

Edwin K. Parkhurst, a well known resident of Chelmsford, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning at 4 o'clock in his home in South street, aged 70 years. He had been in failing health about two years but his sudden death was wholly unexpected.

Nearly all his life was spent in Chelmsford and at all times he was assisting in the uplifting of the inhabitants. More than 20 years ago he instituted the Village Improvement association which is a fit monument to his memory.

Mr. Parkhurst was a man of more than average mental endowments and in his prime was a vigorous writer and a forcible, logical speaker. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Charlotte M. Howe who left two children, one now surviving, Mrs. Lester Ballard of New Salem. In 1853 he married Miss Olivia Lurcom—a younger sister of the poet, Lucy Larcom, who survives him. Of their eight children the following are living: Charles E., Harry L., Edgar F., and Mrs. W. Hall of Chelmsford; Edwin L. of Lowell; Charlotte M. of Nashua, N. H., and Mrs. George L. Avery of Newton Highlands.

GOES ON FOREVER.

Col. William A. Gile, counsel for "Bunco" Reed, has filed his brief in the renowned case which came up in Middlesex county and which was appealed to the supreme court, the brief being heard at the immediate sitting of the supreme court in Middlesex county. In the superior court, from a Worcester county case, a new move has been made by Colonel Gile and another condition has been added to this interesting case with its many phases. Colonel Gile has filed a petition for a review of proceedings.

TILL TAPPER CAUGHT.

Dennis F. Shea, 19 years of age, was arrested last night by Officer Mickham on the charge of larceny. It appears that he went into a Salem street store and managed to extract the sum of $4 from the till. He was discovered and placed under arrest.

THE SCHOOLS OPEN

And the Little Ones Desert the Streets.

NEW VARNUM AND NEW MOODY STREET SCHOOLS BEGIN

With a Large Number of Pupils.

The streets in the residential portion of the city once more present their quiet and almost deserted appearance between the hours of 9 and 12, and 2 and 4, for yesterday morning the school bell announced the opening of another scholastic year and the youngsters not altogether reluctantly gave up their play and shambled off to school. They presented a fine appearance as they entered the schools yesterday. Children always do on the first day. They are always rigged out "to kill" and it was ever thus.

The opening of the schools was most auspicious. Of course it is too early to estimate the number of pupils attending, for it will take surely a week to get them all in, but judging from the number that attended yesterday the school year will be a big one in point of attendance.

I saw Supt. Whitcomb at his office last night just as he had finished a busy day's work.

Speaking of the opening, he said: "The opening was a very satisfactory one as far as I have learned. I visited about one-third of the schools, including the new ones. Every teacher appeared at his or her room and all rooms are well filled, though there is no lack of accommodations.

The Varnum school is one of the new ones, that is to say, its addition of eight rooms is new. Heretofore, we have been obliged to farm out a large number of pupils, which was somewhat detrimental to the interest of the school. Now, however this has been remedied. The Varnum school is now a 17-room building and 16 of these are occupied.

When it gets in running order, I believe it will have between 600 and 700 pupils.

The other new school is the primary on New Moody street in Pawtucketville, which was much needed. As you well know, the growth of Pawtucketville's population within the past few years has been great, and the Pawtucketville school at the corner of Fourth avenue and Mammoth road has been crowded having four primary rooms in addition to its grammar classes.

The great increase of population being in the district opened up by the new Moody street bridge, it was deemed feasible to erect a primary school in that district and hence the erection of the four-room school which opened yesterday with well filled rooms.

At present there are four rooms under the head of the New Moody street school but of these three are in the new building and one remains where it was before, in the Pawtucketville school. This is done to accommodate the children who live near the Pawtucketville school, at the request of their parents. An extra teacher was required at New Moody school, the number of pupils being larger than was anticipated. The pupils here are comfortably quartered, old furniture being in place there temporarily. New furniture was asked for, you will remember, and was objected to by Mayor Bennett. As the result, it has not yet arrived. The children, however, are comfortably situated.

In the high school, Principal Cyrus W. Irish and his large staff of assistants had the work pretty well in hand at noon and he stated that there are 283 pupils in the entering class, against 277 last year. The school will number about 776 pupils, there being no material change from last year. There will doubtless be a slight increase during the present week, of from 10 to 20. Many of the boys, Mr. Irish says, have selected manual training and with that and the English course they are put over into the old Moody school. That will relieve the high school building of about 40 pupils, thus obviating the necessity for an overflow room. It would not be possible to accommodate all at the high school building.

Principal Cyrus A. Durgin has his hands full at the Bartlett school but it is easy to see that all new and difficult problems will be quickly solved and the wheels will soon be running without friction. The connection of this school with the Normal school necessitates a good deal of extra work on the part of the principal and teachers. This will be the model and the practice school for the normal school graduates, but the work in this line will not begin immediately. It was impossible to tell the number of pupils attending in the morning, as the work of grading was not completed. There are 12 teachers in the grammar department and two in the primary, the latter being at present in the School street building, but the department will be moved into the Bartlett school as soon as the necessary furniture is put in. Miss Ring and Miss Alwood are in charge of the primary department. The kindergarten department is under the direction of Miss Belle Perham and Miss Clara S. Reed.

Mr. A. L. Bachelier, principal of the Green school, states that the attendance this year will be a little larger than last year. There are 10 rooms, and approximately an attendance of 465 scholars, an average of about 45 to each room. Some of the rooms were pretty crowded this morning, while others were not full, but the grading is not yet completed, and Mr. Bachelier thinks the attendance in the various rooms will be equalized and that there will be no overflow room required. The teachers are the same as last year, 11 in number.

From all indications it is believed that the number of school children this year will be greater than that of last year.

LOWELL MEN DEFEATED.

The Lowell & Suburban Street Railroad company base ball team played a return with the Worcester Street Railway company in Worcester yesterday and were defeated by a score of 10 to 2.

The Lowell men returned by way of the Worcester & Nashua railroad and came from Nashua by electric cars.

Quartermaster W. W. Gunn from U. S. S. Indiana, is visiting his brother, John Markoe, Jr., of North Chelmsford.

Miss Essie Kirby of Quimby avenue has returned from a few weeks' vacation spent with friends in Graniteville.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MAINE ELECTIONS

The Republicans Win With Reduced Vote.

ANOTHER STRAW INDICATING PUBLIC FEELING.

Manley Tries to Minimize the Rebuff.

Augusta, Sept. 13.—The election throughout the state was marked by comparative apathy on the part of the Republicans, who felt secure, while the Democrats, taking perhaps a little more interest and with an apparent desire to make a better showing than in 1894 or 1896, put some vim into the campaign, the result of which was seen in nearly every town. Whether the breach between the silver and gold wings of the party had been healed during the past two years, or there was more interest in some of the local contests because of a feeling against a Republican candidate, it nevertheless was apparent that the opposition made a better showing during the day than the party in power.

Returns at midnight from 191 towns out of 420 gave Powers (Rep.), 33,395; Lord (Dem.), 19,287. The same towns in 1894 gave Cleaves (Rep.), 42,187; Johnson (Dem.), 19,852. These figures indicate Governor Powers' plurality about 26,000; a Republican loss of 21 percent, and a Democratic loss of only 3 percent.

The lower branch of the legislature will probably stand 138 Republicans to 13 Democrats, a gain of 12 for the latter. The senate, however, will remain unchanged, being as in former years solidly Republican.

All four Republican congressmen were elected, but Speaker Reed's majority was reduced.

Chairman Manley sent a dispatch to Senator Hanna, in which he said: "The Republicans of Maine have again proven their allegiance to the party, and have loyally endorsed the national and state administrations. They send words of hearty congratulation to the president of the United States and to the heroes of the army and navy, who, on land and on sea, have so magnificently upheld the nation's honor. For the first time in the history of the Republican party, the campaign has been conducted without the distribution of any political literature and without a single speech being made, save those made by the Democratic candidates for governor and for congress in the first district. While the total vote is light, slightly exceeding 80,000, we have elected our governor by the largest majority ever given for the past 25 years, with the exceptions of 1894 and 1896. Indications point to exceeding 25,000 majority. We have carried every county, elected every state senator, and will have at least 130 out of 151 members of the house of representatives."

A BOON TO MOTHERS.

IF ANY LOWELL MOTHER HAS LOOKED FOR THIS, FOLLOW THE ADVICE.

Wherever we go and among all classes, we find children suffering from weak kidneys. The intelligent mother knows that this is not a habit and searches for a remedy. It is something very hard to relieve and the family physician tells her that the child will grow out of it in time. Sometimes they do and sometimes they do not. In the meantime, annoyance and embarrassment is the result. If anyone knows a remedy, is it not an act of charity, is it not a duty to make it public? Should selfishness or pride keep it concealed? Mrs. Nellie Dunn, of corner Winter and Fourth streets, Ansonia, Conn., has used Doan's Kidney Pills in her family and makes the following statement for the benefit of anxious mothers and the relief of interesting little children.

Mrs. Dunn says: "I have a little boy of eleven years of age that was very much troubled with weak kidneys. When he was six years old, he would go in bathing frequently and remain in for a long time. That was when I first noticed any difficulty with his kidneys and his got so bad that he would wet the bed every night. I have taken him up at 11 o'clock, but it would occur two or three times before morning. This caused me any amount of work, and I was not strong. Besides, I knew it should not be neglected; yet we got nothing to relieve him. Finally, I read somewhere that Doan's Kidney Pills would prevent such occurrences and I procured them from a drug store. They have really been the means of strengthening the kidneys of the child and preventing the nocturnal urination. I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills and I heartily recommend them to any mother having a child so afflicted. They will relieve the mother of an immense amount of work, the child of so much embarrassment, besides performing a duty the parent owes the child, to prevent it growing up with weak kidneys."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE ASSASSIN'S LIFE

Murderer of the Empress Turned Loose at Ten.

He Never Knew Parental Regard—Fear Lest He be Looked Upon as a Degenerate—The Emperor's Woe.

Geneva, Sept. 13.—On the order of a magistrate, the empress of Austria's assassin was measured and photographed. Portraits were given to the press and will be distributed to police in the cities where he has lived.

In the course of a second examination as to his history and the motives for the crime, he said he had never known his father or mother. He was brought up at Parma, Italy, in a charity school, and, at the age of 10, was thrown on the streets without resources. He worked as an unskilled laborer until he was 20. Then he served in the Italian army three years and a half. On leaving his regiment he was employed as a valet of the Prince of Aragon for three months. At this time anarchist ideas began to possess his mind and, to use his own words, "prevented me from remaining in servitude."

In the course of a life of adventure he happened to be at Buda-Pesth in 1894. There for the first time he saw Empress Elizabeth. He was miserable and without work, and applied to the Italian consul to be returned to Italy. The consul sent him to Fiume. His description of his subsequent wanderings was vague, but he said he seldom if ever obtained work. While staying at Lausanne he saw a file outside of a junkshop, purchased it, with no preconceived purpose, and made a clumsy wood handle for it.

In prison he has boasted of his crime, and he has addressed a letter to a Milan newspaper, expressing a fear lest he be mistaken by Professor Caesar Lombroso for a degenerate. Dilating in this communication upon the objects of militant anarchy, he wrote: "Above all it is the great who must be struck. Not only sovereigns and their ministers will be reached by the comrades, but all who make men miserable on earth." He says he was not impelled by misery to kill the empress, as such a course would have been idiotic; but he committed the deed "in order that such crimes, following one upon the other, might cause all who impoverish the populace to tremble and shiver." The document concludes with this declaration: "I am an anarchist by conviction."

HAS FAITH IN GOD.

Vienna, Sept. 13.—The emperor of Austria and his daughter attended mass yesterday in the private chapel of the Schoenbrunne palace. His majesty showed evidences of intense grief, but he said he did not lose faith in God, and expressed a wish for confession and communion.

During the day the emperor read with much emotion a passage in the last letter he received from the empress, in which she expressed herself as being pleased at the prospect of returning to Vienna in a few days, in order to witness the jubilee festivities. He discharged state duties with the usual earnestness, and insisted upon replying personally to the numberless messages of sympathy he has received since the assassination.

ON LOWELL ROAD

NASHUA CYCLIST COLLIDED WITH RUNAWAY HORSE.

Harry Clark, a well known Nashua bicyclist, was the victim of a painful accident while riding on the Lowell road last evening. He was wheeling towards the city when a runaway horse came tearing down the road towards him. He rode to one side in order to give the animal a wide berth but unfortunately he struck the side of the road that the horse wanted.

He was struck with terrific force and hurled against a barbed wire fence near the Godfrey place. He was picked up in an unconscious condition. He was badly bruised and cut about the head and shoulders. His hands and face were also torn by the barbed wire.

GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Lowell General Hospital has made provision for the care of such returning soldiers as may need treatment. It can probably care for twenty such patients, in addition to its average number.

The position of this hospital, on the high banks of the Merrimack, makes it especially favorable for such patients. That every possible benefit of the pure air may be utilized, it is proposed to pitch a large hospital tent for day use. Protection will then be secured, with all possible advantages for speedy convalescence.

The death of Miss Dorothy Phinney, an army nurse and a graduate of this hospital, who passed away in the discharge of her duties is to be commemorated in a suitable way by direction of the trustees. Miss Phinney, late head nurse at King's County hospital Brooklyn, N. Y., as an army nurse was most faithful and heroic in her care of the fever stricken soldiers in the camp at Chickamauga Park and gave her life for their lives. She is worthy of remembrance as a type of the true nurse's courage and devotion.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Among the cases in the calendar are Barker vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co.; Smith vs. Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co.; Sparks vs. City of Lowell; Luskin vs. same; Jefferson vs. Richardson; Maroney, admr., vs. Boott Cotton Mills; Dancoe vs. Tremont & Suffolk Mills; Hill, pro ami, vs. Mass. Mohair Plush Co.; Corp. et al. vs. Lowell Electric Light Co.; Tully vs. Lowell Manufacturing Co.; Elden vs. Western Union Telegraph Co. Some eight or ten cases were ready for trial.

SHORT LIST FOR TRIAL.

799 Lewis, pro ami, vs. Mulkerin.
820. Rand vs. Laycock and trustee.
2701 Dobbins vs. O'Connell.
3620. Twitchell vs. O'Boyle.
3790. Thorne vs. Baker.
3815. Mairs vs. Blake.
3915 Hall vs. Quirk.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers' association met at the Arlington hotel last night, initiated seven, and had five propositions. A sociable is planned for the near future, and Messrs. Conley, Dwyer and Cluin were appointed a committee. A committee consisting of Messrs. Cluin, Gallagher, Quill, Lemaire and Dwyer was appointed to confer with the Journeymen barbers regarding hours and grievances.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

CONTINUE THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

OF

Ladies', Misses', Men's, Boys' and Children's

FALL AND WINTER

UNDERCLOTHING AND HOSIERY

which "opened up" September 9th. The cool nights and mornings are here in dead earnest; great comfort can be had by having your supply of the above goods in the house where you can meet any sudden change of the weather. There is no humbug or deception about this sale.

One-half Wool Vests and Pants worth $1.00 for four garments, cost you but 39 cents each, or four garments for $1.50.

No such prices have been made during the last 50 years and the above is only a sample of the entire Great Special Drive Sale. Fail not to investigate today or tonight.

$2,000 worth of New Cloaks, Bonnets, Boots, Blankets, Bands, Skirts, Dresses, Slips for Infants and Little Children and not a last year's article in the stock. No trouble to show our stock whether you desire to buy or not. But do not fail to give us a look.

CENTRAL STREET.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.